## MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.

MR WOLFSON: My Lord, dealing with the contractual interest first. This is the argument raised by LBIE to the effect that despite the fact that post insolvency interest is not provable, and despite also rules 288.7 and section 189 which we looked at yesterday, the argument is that winding-up leaves the underlying liability in respect of interest untouched and so contractual interest is not extinguished.

As we pointed out, the reference is paragraph 34 of our supplemental submissions. We adopt the point made by LBHI at greater length in its submissions. The reference to LBHI's submissions is paragraph 81 to 88. Therefore, I really propose to say not too much about this, because this is a point developed by LBHI and we adopt their submissions.
The short point is this. We submit that there is a statutory scheme governing the payment of post-insolvency interest. Your Lordship referred to the scheme as a complete code. We respectfully say that's right. That replaces any contractual right to interest. There is no co-existing contractual regime that sits along the statutory regime.

The only relevance of contractual interest following the insolvency is that if the contractual rate of

Page 2
interest happens to be higher than the Judgments Act rate of interest, you get your contractual rate. So if a contract said 10 per cent at the moment, you would get ten rather than 8.
But other than that, we submit the contractual provisions fall away. Of course the critical point is the comments which your Lordship has seen from Lord Justices Selwyn and Giffard in Re Humber Ironworks were of course made before the introduction of the post-insolvency interest provisions, so my learned friend does not get any support from them.

A further point in this regard is that the paramountcy of the statutory regime is also reinforced by the fact that both for rule 288.7, and also for section 189, the relevant provisions -- for rule 288 it's 288.8 and for section 189 it's 189.3 -- in both cases they provide that all interest payable, whether under the rule or the section, ranks equally, whether or not the debts on which it is payable rank equally.
So one can see, we submit, that the statutory regime in that regard is qualitatively different from the contractual regime and may give a creditor a significantly better position than he would have had under the contract. It's 288.8 and 189.3. In substance, it is the same point in each case. Page 3

My Lord, as your Lordship will recall, the judgment of Mr Justice Mervyn Davies in Re Lines Bros, if we could just turn back to that. That's at 1C, tab 67. Your Lordship has looked at this case a number of times. Your Lordship recalls the point made at 223, we have looked at that.

Then turning over to 224 at F :
"My conclusion from these observations is that a company is insolvent if the assets do not ...(Reading to the words)... as they existed at the date of the winding up an insolvent if, when such dates are paid, there is a surplus. If there is a surplus, a post liquidation interest credit is remitted to his rights under the contract ... but as I see it, such rights are then rights against a solvent company."
So even if a creditor is remitted to his rights under the contract, those rights are rights against a solvent company, so we say the members' liability under section 74 does not and cannot extend to it.
A similar point, we say, arises from the reference to the judgment of Mr Justice Buckley, which one sees at 225G, the sentence:
"That is not the position with respect to the winding-up, since the words of Mr Justice Buckley that I have quoted indicate that interest in a winding up can

```
be claimed only after an insolvency has been
established."
    So, my Lord, we submit that --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, where is that?
MR WOLFSON: That's at 225G. So we submit that, following
    that approach, on any analysis the members' liability
    under section 74 --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Where does he get solvency from
    here? I appreciate that section 10 doesn't use the word
    "solvency" or "insolvency". The insufficiency there
    referred to I think is to the same effect.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Section 10 of the judicature I
    think.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, my Lord, I think it may be 253 of the
    Companies Act. I think that's what my learned friend
    was referring to.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Is it?
MR WOLFSON: When he looked at this case. The 1948 Act.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So the whole of this paragraph
    talks about --
MR ISAACS:Can I assist. It is at the bottom of 220,
    section 10, the }1875\mathrm{ Act. Your Lordship sees the word
    "insufficient" is the last word on that page.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Thank you.
```

Page 5

MR WOLFSON: Thank you very much.
Then further down on page 221, between D and G , there are the statutory successions.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, the short point is that because the approach here is that the rights are rights against a solvent company, we submit that the liability under section 74 cannot extend to it.

Finally in this context, there are again, as we saw yesterday with other forms of interest, a number of problems and anomalies which arise if my learned friend Mr Trower is right. Just to take two -- there are more, but just to take two -- if the contractual interest right does coexist alongside the statutory interest right, then when one is calculating the contractual interest, how do you calculate the amount for which the contributories should pay? Because, for example, you could have a contractual interest rate at say 3 per cent, but if there was a surplus you would have received interest out of the surplus at 10 per cent. Is that meant to be set-off? Sorry, did I say 10 per cent? 8 per cent. Is that meant to be set-off?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I think his right to interest would have been satisfied then.
MR WOLFSON: Pro tanto.
Page 6

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Pro tanto, or maybe in -- yes, in full.
MR WOLFSON: I don't wish to argue against myself, but of course one can see the other argument to say, well, I am given a statutory right to take interest out, my contractual right during that period abates, but my contractual right thereafter doesn't.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So you get statutory rate plus the contractual rate.
MR WOLFSON: I am raising this as an issue because --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: The rule itself says you get it at the greater of judgment rate and contract rate, which I think would suggest that if you receive interest at the contractual rate pursuant to the statutory scheme, it would be odd if the contractual right to interest survived. It would seem as if it had been satisfied, wouldn't it? It would be very odd if you got your contractual rate under the statute, but then you still, on there being a further surplus, had a right to further interest. But that's not the point we are addressing. The point we are addressing is where you don't get interest under the statutory scheme, isn't it?
MR WOLFSON: No, the point I am making, my Lord, is this: that if under the statutory scheme you receive interest at 8 per cent.

## Page 7

## MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.

MR WOLFSON: But you are still not paid out in full.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Your interest?
MR WOLFSON: Your interest.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I see.
MR WOLFSON: You have a contractual interest right, on my learned friend's case, thereafter, which the members have to pay under section 74.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Let us get this right, because under the statutory scheme, if you are receiving interest under the statutory scheme, you get it at the greater of judgment rate and the contract rate.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So if you receive your full entitlement to interest under the statutory scheme --

MR WOLFSON: There wouldn't be anything left over, if you received your full entitlement under the statutory scheme. But of course you can have a situation where there is a surplus which pays interest on the statutory rate, but may not necessarily discharge all the contractual interest you are entitled to.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, you may be right there, but can I ask you this as a preliminary: is the right to interest under the statutory scheme a right to simple interest?

Page 8

```
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, I think it is, yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Because your contractual right
    may well be a right to compound interest.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So I can see that, even though
    you receive interest at the contractual rate, your
    contractual rights may not be exhausted.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, that's certainly one way it could apply.
    Or you could have a situation where there is a surplus,
    and therefore interest is paid out, but there are a
    number of creditors claiming interest out of that
    surplus, so it does not necessarily discharge the
    interest entitlement of any of them in full.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, that I follow.
MR WOLFSON: So it can happen in a number of ways. There is
    no indication in the statutory scheme of how these
    points are to be dealt with. At the very lowest, no
    thought has been given to it, and, my Lord, we say
    that's a good indication that the statutory scheme is a
    complete code and it doesn't survive. That is the first
    point.
    The second point, my Lord, is really a similar point
    to the point I made yesterday, which is my, so to speak,
    swings and roundabouts point. As I said yesterday, when
    a company goes into liquidation, there can be
```

        Page 9
        significant benefits to creditors as well as detriment
        to creditors. What I mean by that is this: if you have,
        for example, a future claim which bears interest at
        quite a low rate of interest, the way the statutory
        scheme works is that you can prove an insolvency for
        that future debt, and it's discounted at the statutory
        rate of 5 per cent. That discount may be significantly
        better for you than the commercial discount rates
        applicable to that debt, depending on currency interest
        rates and all the rest of it.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
    MR WOLFSON: Equally, as I said earlier, you get interest
        from any surplus at 8 per cent, which can be
        significantly better than your contractual right. What
        this argument really seeks to do, in my respectful
        submission, is to say, well, I will take, so to speak,
        all the benefits that the statutory scheme gives me, but
        I am not going to take any of the detriments.
            The discount actually, my Lord, in my submission, is
        another useful way of looking at it, because of course
        discount is, one might say, a corollary of interest.
        Discount is a discount for accelerated receipts and
        interest is compensation for delayed receipts.
            The creditor, on Mr Trower's case, is entitled to
        contractual interest. He's not under any compulsion to
        Page 10
    give credit, it would seem, for benefits he's received from having a 5 per cent discount rate than a commercial discount rate. But of course, from the point of view of the company, the company has certainly suffered an economic loss from having to pay on a discount rate -or may have suffered an economic loss -- of having to pay the discount rate on the 5 per cent rather than the contractual discount rate.

So we submit, for reasons which will be no doubt set out at greater length by Mr Isaacs, there is no contractual right to interest, and certainly no contractual right to interest for which the members are liable under section 74.

My Lord, moving on to the currency conversion claims. Our short point is that there is no such thing, there is no currency conversion claim. To make the obvious point, the legislation expressly requires conversion to take place at the date of entry into administration or liquidation. This applies whether the company is solvent or insolvent. Neither the Act nor the rules make any provision for any subsequent residual currency conversion claim.

My Lord, first looking at rule 12.3, which I know we looked at yesterday, which your Lordship finds either in volume 2 of your Lordship's ... Lydian of course accepts Page 11
that this would be a non-provable claim. My Lord, non-provable claims are dealt with in rule 12.3(2)(a) and (b). Rule 12.3(2)(a) recognises the category of non-provable claims when all of the claims of the creditors have been paid in full with interest. It does not fall within 12.3(2)(a)(a), and also of course doesn't fall within 12.3(2)(a)(c). So rather --

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: 12 point?
MR WOLFSON: 12.3(2)(a) deals with postponed debts when all of the claims have been paid with interest.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, yes.
MR WOLFSON: Which is where one might expect to find this.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Well 12.3(2)(a), they are provable but only when other claims --

MR WOLFSON: Have been paid with interest.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- have been paid with interest, yes. So they are subordinated class.

MR WOLFSON: Yes, it's not in there, and it's also not in 12.3(2), what's not provable. There is no mention of them anywhere.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, it's not therefore the case where these debts have been mentioned in the statute or have been postponed. There is simply no mention of them at all. These sections, my Lord, have been revised after

Page 12

Re Lines Bros, when this point, so to speak, was out there and was recognised. Yet there has been no mention of them, no indication that they exist at all.

Now, the same point about benefit and detriment, my Lord, applies here as well. The way my learned friend puts it is this. He says there is no problem essentially with detriment, because he says, "I am coming after all creditors who have been paid with interest, all I am doing is, so to speak, coming last before members, and there is no reason why I should lose out in favour of the members." My Lord, of course that ignores a situation where at the end of the administration there is a rescue of the company and the company itself continues. So, my Lord, it's not the case -- this is the first part of the argument -- that the only pot out of which these claims will be paid will be, so to speak, the members; it could come out of assets which would otherwise remain in the company.

Now, my Lord, the second point, and perhaps I can put both points together.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: Assume a circumstance where the debt should
have been paid on 1 January. The company goes into
liquidation. The winding-up starts on 1 March. The payment out is made on 1 July. The relevant conversion Page 13
date is 1 March. The currency conversion claim is saying, well, if when I get paid out on 1 July I am in a worse position than I should have been on 1 March, or perhaps even on 1 January, I have a claim for the difference.

Of course the contrary can be the case as well, that the foreign currency creditor on 1 July is in a better position not only than he would have been on 1 March, but also than he would have been on 1 January. In a situation where the company is rescued from administration and continues, my learned friend will still say he has a currency conversion claim, but what he has therefore, on his analysis, it would appear, is that the foreign currency creditor is in a better position than he would have been vis-a-vis the company even as at 1 January.

Does your Lordship see the point?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. I mean, I am having some
difficulty with conceiving the rescue of a company which has gone into a distributing administration. I mean, of course it's conceptually possible.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But it's unlikely. MR WOLFSON: I accept it happens less often than it doesn't. MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I don't think it's ever
happened. I may be wrong about that.
MR WOLFSON: I don't know.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am sure there are those in court who can correct me if I am wrong. So I think we are talking about something -- but still, there is the argument.
MR WOLFSON: It's a development of the upside only argument which we put in writing.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So the company defaults in payment on 1 January. It goes into a distributing administration. It comes out of administration completely as a rescued company. What Mr Trower says is, well, the creditor has a claim, so we are assuming that payment is made on 1 July --
MR WOLFSON: July.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- in the distributing administration.
MR WOLFSON: Of course that payment will be in sterling.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: The creditor gets --
MR WOLFSON: Sterling.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But it's worth less than his dollar debt because of changes in currency rates.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, that's right, and it's that that gives rise now. My example is where the creditor does better. The creditor on 1 July --

## Page 15

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, gets more.
MR WOLFSON: -- gets a sterling amount which is a higher sterling amount than the sterling amount he would have received on 1 March or 1 January.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right. Okay.
MR WOLFSON: Now, it's not suggested that there would be any repayment in those circumstances.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No. I mean, he's got no loss obviously.
MR WOLFSON: Sorry, who --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: He has no loss, has he, then?
MR WOLFSON: Sorry, who is "he" in this circumstance?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: The creditor.
MR WOLFSON: No, but he's got a gain.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Oh, you're saying there's no suggestion he has to pay back?
MR WOLFSON: Absolutely.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I see.
MR WOLFSON: The one-way bet argument -- what I am seeking to do is to respond to Mr Zacaroli's response to me. He makes a claim. I have said this is a one-way bet.
Mr Zacaroli says "It doesn't matter that it's a one-way bet because I am coming after all the other creditors," the only people who can possibly be disadvantaged are the members. In any event, he says "I either have

Page 16

| 1 | a claim or I haven't, there is no loser here," but there | 1 | is it? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | can be a loser and he can actually gain | 2 | MR WOLFSON: My headline submission of course is that there |
| 3 | 's not the case that the currency conversion claim | 3 | m at all for thes |
| 4 | is to fill a loss. If this currency conversion claim is | 4 | s. If there were such a currency conversio |
| 5 | correct, it's a way for creditors to play the foreign | 5 | claim, then what principle would apply to make credit be |
| 6 | currency markets within an administration to their | 6 | given? I mean, the argument would be: well, you hav |
| 7 | benefit, because rates are moving up and down all the | 7 | ceived more under the statutory scheme than you would |
| 8 | time. Of course if you have very significant foreig | 8 | rary position |
| 9 | currency claims, one of the issues in the administration | 9 | s given |
| 10 | will be when to distribute, and you could actually | 10 | me, and there is no indication anywhere that I have to |
| 11 | arrange matters so you would gain significantly on the | 11 | give credit any |
| 12 | foreign currency claim, because you could be, as I say, | 12 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I would have thought that it |
| 13 | in a significantly better position than you would have | 13 | ht follow from the law relating to damages for breach |
| 14 | been either at the date of winding-up or indeed at the | 14 | of cont |
| 15 | date when the liability crystallised vis-a-vis the |  | MR WOLFSON: Well, my Lord, let me take this point. Let us |
| 16 | company. | 16 | just take a simple case. Let us just take a sterling |
| 17 | Of course, to take my example just a stage fur | 17 | debt. A future sterling debt: a claim for contractual |
| 18 | if you assume a creditor with a foreign currency claim, |  | interest remains after statutory interest has been paid. |
| 19 | which is future and which has a low interest rate, then | 19 | Your Lordship and I had a discussion a few moments ago |
| 20 | of course on my learned friend's approach the foreig | 20 | as to whether you would have to give credit for |
| 21 | currency creditor has a one-way bet on exchange rates. |  | statutory interes |
| 22 | He benefits from a 5 per cent discount rate, which may | 22 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 23 | be significantly more advantageous to him than the real | 23 | MR WOLFSON: There, we are dealing with, so to speak, |
| 24 | ure claim. He | 24 | interest and interes |
| 25 | benefits from statutory interest at a rate of 8 per Page 17 | 25 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Page 19 |
| 1 | cent, when his contractu | 1 | MR WOLFSON: Without wishing to ask the court a rhetorical |
| 2 | and one of the reasons of course why the debt may hav | 2 | tion, would the creditor have to give credit in |
| 3 | been created in a foreign currency is because it would | 3 | ample for the fact that the statutory 5 per cent |
| 4 | carry a low rate of interest in that currency. To state | 4 | scount rate may be significantly better for him than |
| 5 | the obvious, low rates of interests, on the one hand, | 5 | the market discount rate? |
| 6 | exchange rate risk, on the other, and yet, despite | 6 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: What's the answer to your |
| 7 | those advantages which he gets from the statutory | 7 | question? |
| 8 | scheme, on my learned friend's case he still has his | 8 | MR WOLFSON: My Lord, it would seem -- |
| 9 | rights to contractual interest, he still has his righ | 9 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I don't mind you posing |
| 10 | to a currency conversion claim. It's really, "Heads | 10 | rhetorical questions, provided you try and answer them. |
| 11 | I win, tails you lose." | 11 | MR WOLFSON: I was hoping I would only have to do the easy |
| 12 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am not quite sure that | 12 | part. My Lord, it would seem very difficult to see how |
| 13 | right. Would he be entitled to maintain a claim for his | 13 | that set-off would arise and would be applied. What it |
| 14 | currency loss without giving credit for benefits o | 14 | ould mean, for example, is that in every case where |
| 15 | other aspects? | 15 | ere was a claim for contractual interest there would |
| 16 | MR WOLFSON: Well, my Lord, it may be that's a question | 16 | ecessarily be an argument as to whether the statutory 5 |
| 17 | Mr Zacar | 17 | r cent discount rate was or was not for that debt, |
| 18 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, I think it is for you as | 18 | against that company, in that market, ahead or behind of |
| 19 | well, because you are asserting that he has this | 19 | the market discount rate. |
| 20 | remarkably advantageous position. I am just asking you: | 20 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Whatever they so get. I think |
| 21 | is that right? | 21 | the issue here may be is it a claim in debt or in |
| 22 | MR WOLFSON: My Lord, my submission is of course -- | 22 | damages. |
| 23 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am not sure that Mr Trower made the submission you are making. You are carrying his submission further and saying that's the result but | 23 | MR WOLFSON: Yes |
| 24 |  | 24 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Because if it's a claim in |
| 25 |  | 25 | damages, I don't quite see why you shouldn't take into |
|  | Page 18 |  | Page 20 |

$\qquad$
account the benefit from accelerated payment.
MR WOLFSON: But, my Lord, it's a claim in debt because the way it has been put --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: That was -- yes.
MR WOLFSON: The way it has been put is it's a claim in debt, that I have these contractual rights against the company and the company --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Which have been partly satisfied.
MR WOLFSON: Which have been partly satisfied. Certainly I have been approaching it as a claim in debt.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So that's the interest, yes.
MR WOLFSON: Of course I see -- interest and currency
conversion.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Currency conversion is I think a claim in damages, isn't it?
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, with respect, it's a claim in debt,
isn't it, because you have a contractual right to be
paid in the foreign currency?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You have to give credit for what you received, haven't you?
MR WOLFSON: Yes, but that's always the case in debt. You have a claim in debt for whatever has not yet been paid.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. If you have had an accelerated payment because it was a future debt, maybe

Page 21
you have to take that into account.
MR WOLFSON: Maybe. But, my Lord, if the interest is viewed and correctly viewed in debt terms, then the currency conversion claim ought to be viewed in debt terms as well.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I don't see why that follows.
MR WOLFSON: Because the currency conversion claim is to
say, "I have a contractual right to be paid in dollars,
and I haven't had my full fill of dollars and so I still have part of my debt unsatisfied."
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But you were not entitled to your debt for another five years.
MR WOLFSON: If it's a future claim --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You are raising some very interesting questions. I mean, I am a creditor for a US1 million payable in five years' time. The company goes into administration. My debt is converted into sterling at the rate prevailing at the date of administration and the discount rate is applied. I get paid pounds X . There is then a surplus. My contractual right is not to the payment of $\$ 1$ million less what I have received. My contractual right is for the payment of $\$ 1$ million in five years' time, less what I have received. So I am not quite sure how one would cope with this.

Page 22

MR WOLFSON: My Lord, I would like to think first, if I may, about the future foreign currency claim.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It's you who has mentioned the discount rate, you see, so I think one has to, having raised it -- I can see there is a point there -- work through how it works.
MR WOLFSON: There are three issues here. There is the discount rate, there is the interest and there is the foreign currency. If we take a foreign currency debt, which is, as in my example, due on 1 January, so it's not a future foreign currency debt, it's a present foreign currency debt.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Okay.
MR WOLFSON: Part-payment there, my Lord, must be debt, that's not damages.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So you give credit for what you have received, which was an amount in sterling converted into US dollars, so I have received X.
MR WOLFSON: Exactly. As I say, we come back to the point I was mentioning earlier, that you can be significantly better off in those circumstances because you may receive an amount in sterling as at 1 July which is a greater amount than you would have received on 1 January.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So you clearly have no currency Page 23

> loss claim.

MR WOLFSON: You have no currency loss claim, and you have actually received more than you would have been entitled to so you have benefited.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I follow that. Then you are saying -- so what do you deduce from that?
MR WOLFSON: That it would be very odd, my Lord, if there was out there a claim which was not only a one-way bet for a creditor -- because Mr Zacaroli's argument is, when I say it's a one-way bet, he says, "Well, of course it's a one-way bet because I either have a claim or I haven't, and if I have got a claim it's only the members, so to speak, who suffer." But, my Lord, the point about this claim is that it's a way for a foreign currency creditor to obtain more than he's contractually entitled to.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: That cannot be right, my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Just looking at the foreign currency claim, the creditor whose claim is in a currency which has depreciated against sterling will benefit.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: That's clear. But we are concerned with the creditor in the opposite position.

Page 24

```
MR WOLFSON: But, my Lord, Mr Zacaroli is not suggesting
    that it's only a creditor in the opposite position who
    would have such a claim.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: A currency claim.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, the point is this. You have
    a currency claim if the relevant difference is the
    difference between the exchange rate at winding-up and
    the exchange rate when you are paid out, as I understand
    Mr Zacaroli's position.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: One also has to factor in the exchange rate at
    the time when the debt crystallised.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
    MR WOLFSON: You can have a claim, you can have a currency
    conversion claim, which puts you in a better position
    than you would have been in if the debt had been paid on
    time.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. With what result, sorry?
    MR WOLFSON: With the result that the member --
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I see, you are saying that
    although the creditor is in a worse position when he is
    paid in the administration than at the date of
    administration --
    MR WOLFSON: Which is Mr Zacaroli's point. He could --
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: He's in a better position --
        Page 25
    MR WOLFSON: Vis-a-vis the company than he would have been
    in on 1 January.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am not sure Mr Zacaroli
    addressed that.
MR WOLFSON: No, there were a number of points here which
    have not been addressed on the currency conversion
    claim.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You are saying there that, in
    those circumstances, actually, as it happens, he's done
    better.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS:Because the rate at the date of
    administration -- so let me get this right. The rate at
    the date of administration was lower than 1 January but
    1 July it's better.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, and one can ..
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: The short point is this. There are a number of
    areas here where creditors are better off and where
    creditors might be worse off in the statutory scheme.
    You can look at statutory interest. You can look at
    discount rates.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You see, I may be wrong, but
    I certainly had been looking at this issue in terms of
    a presently payable debt. I have not particularly
```

Page 26
thought of debts which were payable at an earlier date, through the company's breach of contract it had not been paid at the earlier date, it is subsequently paid in a currency which gives the creditor more than he would have got at the earlier date. I am not at all sure it follows that he has any foreign currency loss claim, in those circumstances.
MR WOLFSON: Certainly the way understood Mr Zacaroli to be making his submissions is that he was assuming an earlier default by the company.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry?
MR WOLFSON: Certainly i understood Mr Zacaroli's case to be assuming a case where there was an earlier default by the company, because that was part of his submissions to say, "The company is in default: I have a claim."
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So you are saying, well, what about that case? But it does not answer the more general point as to whether there can be a foreign currency claim.
MR WOLFSON: It does, in my submission, to this extent. The contortion one has to go to to decide whether there is or whether there is not a foreign currency claim -- and, equally, we say with contractual interest -- shows that really the way this ought to work is that there is a single date of conversion, which is the date of Page 27
administration or the date of winding-up, and that is it. Those are the rights you have, full stop. So far as interest is concerned thereafter, if you have a debt in foreign currency you have the benefit of the 8 per cent rate from the surplus like everybody else. But you don't have continual rights. The insolvency intervenes. The conversion is made. There is no reference anywhere to later dates for conversion or reanalysis or the reevaluation or anything else.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: On one view, it might be said to be quite straightforward, I suppose. The creditor who is owed US\$1 million says, "My contractual right is to US\$1 million. That's what I demand payment of, but I must give credit for sums that I have received. Well, I received $£ 500,000$ sterling on 1 July, the dollar equivalent of which at that date was $\$ 900,000$. Ergo, my claim us for $\$ 100,000 . "$

MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: There is nothing very difficult about that.
MR WOLFSON: No. My Lord, there is nothing very difficult about a situation where, on 1 July, he receives $£ 500,000$. On 1 March that equated to $\$ 1$ million. Was it 1 million or 900,000 ?

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: His claim is $\$ 1$ million.
Page 28

```
MR WOLFSON: His claim is $1 million. On 1 March, $1
    million dollars is 500,000 sterling. On 1 July, he
    receives 500,000 sterling, and that's $1.1 million as at
    1 July.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Ergo, no currency claim.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, ergo, he's received $100,000 more.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: He has.
MR WOLFSON: At the expense of either the members or the
    company it has resurrected.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Immediately he has received it
    at the expense of the other foreign currency creditors
    who have gone the wrong way.
    MR WOLFSON: Yes, absolutely, or foreign currency creditors
        who have gone the wrong way.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It is later that it may be at
        the expense of company.
    MR WOLFSON: My Lord, yes. There is no indication on
        Mr Zacaroli's case that this 100,000 would have to be
        paid back or accounted for.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, there isn't. I mean, it's
        clear it doesn't. I don't think anyone suggests that.
    MR WOLFSON: But, my Lord, it does lead to these very odd
        results because, as your Lordship says, you could have
        three foreign currency creditors. You are simply
        robbing Peter to pay Paul, to some extent. Some are
```

            Page 29
        benefiting. Some are losing inter se.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, but they are all innocent.
    MR WOLFSON: They are all innocent, yes, absolutely.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So it's an attempt to achieve
    justice between the innocent.
    MR WOLFSON: My Lord, yes. Of course we say that the
attempt to achieve justice is simply that you are
converted to sterling on the relevant administration or
winding-up date and that's it.
My Lord, unless your Lordship has any further
questions on that, I was going to move on to how the
liability--
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Is Mr Isaacs going to be
addressing this? I don't know. I just wanted to know
I mean, you haven't actually addressed
Lord Justice Brightman and Lord Justice Oliver in Re
Lines.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, yes. The issue on
Lord Justice Brightman and Lord Justice Oliver in Re
Lines is this. First of all, let us go to that. It's
at 1C, tab 66. My Lord, I did make one point earlier of
course which was that after this case the rules have
been amended to deal with non-provable debts and this
claim has not been included in there. So that's a point
on the silence in the rules. They could have put into
Page 30
the rules that this is one of the categories of
non-provable debts.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Perhaps I will make the
comment now which I nearly made before on that. It's
clear that this is not a comprehensive list of
non-provable claims.
MR WOLFSON: I accept that, yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, so Lord Justice Brightman.
MR WOLFSON: Lord Justice Brightman. My Lord, I think we
are probably on page 21.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, in addition to the obvious point that
this is plainly obiter but obviously of some authority,
the way Lord Justice Brightman approaches it at F is to
say:
"On that principle, a creditor may claim
post-liquidation interest. He does this on the basis
that obligations under the contract are not necessarily
discharges ...(Reading to the words)... context of a
wholly solvent liquidation."
I am at 21 F .
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: Again, we have the case of a wholly solvent
liquidation that you would have to make good. My Lord,
we submit that again the reference to wholly solvent
Page 31
liquidation would indicate that even if there is,
contrary to my submissions, a currency conversion claim,
it is only payable where, without reference to
contributions from the members, there is a surplus in
the company's assets. It's a similar point to the point
we have in relation to contractual interest where there
are two questions. First of all, is it payable?
Secondly, does the obligation under section 74 extend to
it? Of course I make submissions at both levels, so to
speak.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, the point your Lordship just made on
the non-exhaustive nature, was your Lordship referring
to 12.3(2) or 12.3(2)(a)? I was not sure which your
Lordship was putting to me.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I was referring to 2.
MR WOLFSON: 12.3(2). My Lord, yes. On 12.3(2)(a), where
one is dealing with postponed debts, of course I invite
your Lordship there to (c), so to speak, "In an
administration, any claim by which virtue of the Act" --
so in 12.3(2)(a) it is so limited. But if your Lordship
was putting 12.3(2) to me, then yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Because
Lord Justice Brightman says at 21 F :
"I do not say this is necessarily the solution to
Page 32
the problem posed, but I have not heard any convincing objection to that solution."
I was just checking back at the summary of counsel's submissions to see whether this was the subject of submissions. But I can't see any referred to, I must say. I think it would have been for the liquidators to raise the submissions probably.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Anyway, there it is. It sort of sounds as if there was some discussion.
MR WOLFSON: It sounds as if there was discussion during the case and it has found it's way -- it was obviously a point which Lord Justice Brightman found interesting and important.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, and Lord Justice Oliver agreed with him.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, he did.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, thank you.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, unless I can help further on that point, I am going to move to my last point, which is how the liability under section 74 should be shared between LBL and LBHI2. My Lord, I hope I can take this fairly shortly because certainly my learned friend Mr Trace did not address this in any detail in writing and really has only raised one point, which is a point on double proof

## Page 33

which I will come to in a moment.
My Lord, to give your Lordship the references, we have set out at paragraphs 124 to 133 the relevant factual background, which is that originally we held a single $£ 1$ share as nominee and since then $\$ 1$ share. Since 1 May 1997 we have held just $\$ 1$ share. LBHI2 holds 2 million, 5 per cent redeemable preference shares for $\$ 1,000$ each. 5.1 million redeemable, et cetera. We own 1 out of 6.28 billion shares. In terms of the aggregate nominal value of LBIE's shares, we hold nought point and then ten noughts follow and then 747769 . So it's a pretty small amount. Putting it in terms of dividends, we have worked out that if LBHI2 has been paid something like $\$ 525$ million in dividends, sorry, LBH, we have received less than a dollar.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Perhaps you could help me on this. First of all, which of the paragraphs in the application for directions does this arise under?
MR WOLFSON: Yes. Let me go back to that. I think it's 10 . Whether the obligations are joint, several or otherwise, whether we can seek a contribution or indemnity, to what extent it is affected by any claims which we have against each other.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right. Okay. Now, just looking at that, so paragraph (a) really is basically an issue
as between LBIE, on the one hand, and the two members, on the other. So what is your submission on that?
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, I was coming to that. Our submission is that LBIE's legal entitlement is that it can look to any contributory in any amount it wishes. When I say in any amount, within the envelope of the available amount, so your Lordship appreciates the point I make.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I do.
MR WOLFSON: But the court -- and I will develop this, if I may -- on whose behalf LBIE's administrators, or liquidators as the case may be, are making calls ought to direct that calls be made in an appropriate manner, bearing in mind the nature of the contributories and, in particular, the fact that those contributories are themselves in insolvency procedures over which this court has control and has oversight.

Now, that's a submission which I will develop, unless your Lordship wants me to deal with that point first.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I think it is logically the first area and then we move on to the position as between the two members inter se. So why not develop this aspect of it first.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, yes. On our primary case, as I said earlier, right at the outset, the power to make calls is Page 35
a power of the court, as we saw, section 150 .
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: Which is delegated to liquidators. My Lord,
I won't go through those provisions again.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No.
MR WOLFSON: Your Lordship recalls that rule 4.202 says that the powers conferred by the Act with respect to making of calls on contributories are exercisable by the liquidator as an officer of the court, subject to the court's control. The liquidator also has a duty to adjust the rights of the contributories amongst themselves. The word "shall" is used in the relevant provisions, as we have seen.

Your Lordship gave the example in argument of a company with two solvent members holding an equal number of shares and a deficit of 100 and suggested that in the first instance you might expect the liquidator to call on each for 50, all other things being equal.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: I didn't understand your Lordship to be saying that the liquidator, so to speak, wouldn't have the legal right to call on one of them for 100 .
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: But that's what I understood your Lordship -MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Or on both of them for 100. Page 36

```
MR WOLFSON: As I understood your Lordship, your Lordship
    was saying that's what the liquidator, so to speak,
    ought to do in the first instance.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, yes, possibly.
MR WOLFSON: Possibly, yes. It's a point put in argument.
    Here, we have a situation where both members are
    insolvent. This court is supervising all officeholders.
    We submit that this ought to be taken into account in
    determining how calls should be made. Of course, as
    your Lordship recalls, section 150(2), we have looked at
    this, states that in making the call the court can take
    into consideration the fact that some contributories may
    partly or wholly fail to pay the call.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS:Sorry, that's section?
MR WOLFSON: 150(2), my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I remember it.
MR WOLFSON: The submission is this: it is not that LBIE's
    liquidators are legally unable to make a call on
    a single member for the full amount. They are legally
    able to do so. But the court, in exercising its control
    as to how calls are made, should see to it that the
    calls are made in a fair way, bearing in mind all the
    relevant factors of the case, which would include the
    amounts of the shareholdings, whether you have solvent
    or insolvent contributories, the likely dividends
```

                Page 37
    payable, all those are factors which ought to be taken
    into account when LBIE's officeholders, subject to the
    court's overall supervision, make calls
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Now, if both members are
insolvent it follows that the administrators of LBIE are not going to make a full recovery from either; is that right?
MR WOLFSON: Yes. I mean, there may be an issue here depending on whether you include what we do with the LBHI2 debt, which complicates the picture a bit. But as a general proposition, your Lordship must be right. The LBHI2 debt, without wishing to over-complicate it, is relevant in a number of respects. First of all, where does it rank vis-a-vis LBIE? But, secondly, is that something -- and this is a point I will have to come on to -- which falls within the section 74 liability? Because of course what LBHI2 seeks to do is effectively to have us pay that debt by including it within the --

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Have you addressed that? MR WOLFSON: No, I have not yet. This is one of the points I need to address under this topic.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I see.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, it might also depend on currency claims and interest and all the other results that we have as well of course.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Looking at it from the point of view of the administrators of LBIE, is it not their duty to maximise recoveries for their estate?
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, yes, it would have to be.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So if the maximisation of recoveries requires the maximum call on each of the members, is that not the answer?
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, equally --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: As between LBIE, on the one hand, and the two members, on the other.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, of course LBIE's administrators or officeholders have to get in the maximum they can. But insofar as there are different ways of achieving that objective, then, for example, you don't have to make calls --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But that's why I put it to you that, both members being insolvent, they are not going to make a full recovery from either.
MR WOLFSON: No.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I mean, are they going to make a full recovery from both?
MR WOLFSON: At the moment, the figures -- we don't know what the figures are. But of course the point I am really making is that the court, when deciding what call should be made by LBIE, should also give thought to the Page 39
effect of that on the separate estates of LBL and LBHI2.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: The administrators of LBIE should hold back for the benefit of the creditors of those estates.

MR WOLFSON: No, my Lord, I can't put it in those terms and I am not putting it in those terms.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, that's the trouble, isn't it?

MR WOLFSON: Let me put it in these terms. The difference between the court's position -- and it's the court's ultimate power here, this is the point. It's all delegated out to the officeholders. The officeholders see things through LBIE spectacles. The court in this regard is omniscient. I use the words "in this regard" by way of emphasis rather than limitation. The court in this regard is omniscient and is looking at the estates of LBL and LBHI2 as well.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I mean, if you postulate a situation in which the administrators of LBIE will be able to make a full recovery from one or both of the members so there isn't any concern about what LBIE will recover, then I can see that there comes into play the factors that you are referring to as to how the obligation should be split between the two members so far as calls by LBIE are concerned. I can see there

Page 40 so to speak, free of any other considerations. The submission I make is that the factors of the effect on the contributories themselves and inter se ought to be brought into the picture. I can't go so far as to say they, so to speak, rank above or even perhaps equally with LBIE's obligations to try and maximise the estate.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No. Okay. Right. Thank you. MR WOLFSON: Now, the point I was really making is that the way LBHI2 have put it at paragraph 13 of their supplemental submissions is to say that what I am arguing for is to say that LBIE's officeholders are not entitled to make calls as they wish. My Lord, I hope I have explained that I am not making that submission at all. My submission is that of course they have that entitlement, but the court should be astute to see that it's exercised in a just and fair way in all the circumstances of the case. One of the relevant factors, as I said earlier, given the relevant dividends, is that we submit LBIE's liquidators ought to have regard to the contribution issue, given that later on, for example in this case, we may not be able to make any contribution recovery at all from LBHI2 if there is nothing left.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: So from LBIE's point of view, so to speak, it
doesn't matter. That's not a concern of theirs.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No.
MR WOLFSON: But from the court's point of view, my Lord, to have claims made in circumstances where, for example -let us take a case, for example, where we have a relatively large amount of money, LBHI2 has a relatively small amount of money. If we both pay up whatever the dividend rate is we cannot pay in full. But a call is made on us for a much larger amount than a call is made on LBHI2, despite the fact that we hold the fraction I mentioned of the overall shareholding.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: I know your Lordship is sitting without a jury.
It would be wrong in those circumstances to think, oh, well, look, it doesn't really matter because it will all sort itself out in the wash because LBL will have a claim over in contribution, because that contribution may be worthless. That last point I have made, from LBIE's point of view, is irrelevant. They get the money in, that's fine. The submission I am really making is that from the court's point of view it ought to be relevant. If there is another way of achieving or substantially achieving that result, then in the first instance that's the way in which it ought to be approached.

## Page 43

My Lord, that is the submission on the point which your Lordship first raised, which is how, so to speak, the calls should be made. The interrelationship between the obligation vis-a-vis LBIE's and the obligations between ourselves.

The second point therefore, moving from, so to speak, LBIE being in the picture just to the situation inter se, is whether we have a contribution claim between ourselves.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: Now, my Lord, I hope I can take this fairly shortly because we cited a lot of authority on this point. The reference is paragraph 144 of our written opening. In response, the only point which appears to have been taken in relation to the contribution point by LBHI2 is that a contribution claim would contravene the rule against double proof. That appears to be the only point taken. So, my Lord, that was the only point I was proposing to deal with orally now.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Let me just have a look at your paragraph 144.
MR WOLFSON: 144, my Lord, yes. In addition, my Lord, the points made at 136 and 137 are also relevant here.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, yes. The citation from McPherson at 137 is, in broad terms, saying that the Page 44
losses should be shared in the same proportion as gains.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So if you were to get 1 per cent
of a return of capital, you should be required to
contribute 1 per cent of the losses.
MR WOLFSON: Precisely.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: They then go on to say "in
direct proportion to the nominal amount of the shares
held", and that probably presupposes a single class of
shares. It is a little bit more complicated where, as
here, you have classes of preference shares.
MR WOLFSON: I accept that.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But subject to that -- that's basically what you say.
MR WOLFSON: It a very simple point, my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. I can see the force of
that certainly. No issue is taken, you say, by Mr Trace
in his submissions on that.
MR WOLFSON: Unless I have missed it, no issue was taken with any of this.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: There is a sort of factual point
here. You mentioned earlier that the original was it a
sterling share you held?
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You now have a dollar share and Page 45
you did have a sterling share, or have I got it the
wrong way round?
MR WOLFSON: No, your Lordship has it the right way round.
Originally we had a $£ 1$ sterling share as nominee.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: As nominee.
MR WOLFSON: For LBH plc.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Then you would have been entitled to an indemnity.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Now, it's not really an issue for this hearing, but what is your position as to whether LBL held the dollar share? Do you say that LBL held the dollar share as nominee for LBHI2 or not?
MR WOLFSON: I wish I could, but we have no evidence to support that.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Okay. Thank you.
MR WOLFSON: Currently, I might add. I can't make that submission at the moment, no. I don't want to take a whole load of jury points before your Lordship, but there are a number of documents. Just to give your Lordship the reference, it's bundle 11, tab 7 and bundle 11 , tab 8 , where actually there are contemporaneous documents going back to 2008 which actually refer to LBHI2 being the sole shareholder of the company.

Page 46

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I see.
MR WOLFSON: So it's not just the fact that we were, so to speak, in the corner holding one share. For a lot of the period of the time, people seem to have ignored our existence at all.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: There it is. You are certainly not at the moment making that argument. All right. So you say, well, contributions should be on this issue you have just discussed.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: And that's supported -- I mean,
I just looked at those citations from Gore-Browne on
McPherson, but you say that the authorities in
paragraph 144 support that approach.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It sounds right, doesn't it?
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, not only does it sound right but of course it is right.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: That's good too.
MR WOLFSON: But my Lord Ex Parte Maude is a call on shares point, but of course we make the point that it shouldn't make a difference. I mean, it's difficult to see what the difference of principle is.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Birch v Cropper said, yes, distribution of assets, yes. It does not sound -- I

Page 47
mean, we will hear from Mr Trace, but judging by his written submissions he's not taking issue with it.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, he does not seem to be. He does take a point on double proof so I should say a word about that.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, with respect, this is a bad point. We are only saying, to make it clear, that LBL would have a contribution or indemnity claim -- it is better seen in terms of contribution -- if LBL has paid more than its rateable share of any shortfall or LBIE has validly made a deduction from LBL's claim against LBIE for more than that amount, because it may be the case that the way we paid, so to speak, is not formal payment in but they have not paid us out on our claim. It comes to the same thing.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry?
MR WOLFSON: We would have a contribution claim against LBHI2 if we paid more than our rateable share. There are two ways of putting it.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I understand.
MR WOLFSON: In those circumstances, LBIE would already have made some recovery from LBL and what LBIE would then be able to recover ultimately from LBHI2 would be limited. It would have to give credit obviously.

Page 48

```
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It would.
MR WOLFSON: Ultimately. It may be that in the first
    instance it could, so to speak, claim more, but it would
    have to give back any surplus. That's plainly right.
            For example, to go back to the example your Lordship
    gave, in the circumstances where you have }100\mathrm{ and two
    members, if, for example, you both claim on }60\mathrm{ for both,
    ultimately the 20 would have to come back at some point.
            My Lord, therefore our answer is simply this. If
        LBIE were claiming against LBHI2 for any remaining
        shortfall and if LBL was making its contribution claim
        against LBHI2, LBL and LBIE would not be proven for the
        same debt. So there is no problem of double proof.
        Provided people give credit for what has been paid in
        and any moneys coming back, there is no problem of
        double proof here at all.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS:Well, normally -- the question
        I think is whether LBIE can prove in the administration
        of each of the members for the full amount of the call
        until it has made full recovery. I mean, if it can
        prove for the full amount until it gets full recovery,
        then the rule against double proof I would have thought
        does apply.
    MR WOLFSON: It would apply for so long as, so to speak,
        more money has been paid out and none has come back in.
            Page 49
        There would be a right of contribution, but it may
        not -- it depends when that right of contribution
        exists. Your Lordship has given the example where, to
        take your Lordship's figures, }100\mathrm{ has been claimed from
        both.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: If one puts it in those terms, that might be
        the result that you end up with.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Let us take 100. So LBIE makes
    calls on each of you for 100 and lodges a proof for 100
    against each of you. Let us assume your aliquot share
    as between you and LBHI2 is one and LBHI2 is 99. You
    pay 10. LBHI2 has not paid anything. Now, I would have
    thought that LBIE could continue to prove for 100
    against LBHI2 and wouldn't have to give credit for the
    10 it had received from you. That's probably the point.
    So you say: no, the administrators of LBIE would have to
    give credit.
MR WOLFSON: For that 10.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Okay. Well, that's quite an
    issue.
MR WOLFSON: Yes. My Lord, of course another way of
    approaching this is to say that, in those circumstances,
    without wishing to repeat what I have said before, the
    court to, unless there is a very good reason in those
```

Page 50
circumstances for claiming 100 from both.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Mr Wolfson, I think we have been through that. Let us assume against you on that that it's a claim of 100 against each.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: The issue is I think whether LBIE has to reduce its proof to 90, given that it has received 10 from LBL.
MR WOLFSON: Yes. My Lord, can I see whether that is the way Mr Trace is putting it and consider the point your Lordship has put to me.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: How do you address this?
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, we have dealt with it in our supplemental submissions.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I see. The point on double proof is something, as you say, Mr Trace raised. Then you deal with it --
MR WOLFSON: We have dealt with it in -- I will find the reference -- in our supplemental submissions in -- no, what has happened is this. This is a point taken by LBHI2 in its supplemental submissions.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Very well. I will hear what Mr Trace has to say. You can deal with it in reply. Mr Trower will make common calls with Mr Trace on this. So there will then be a response to your reply to

Page 51

Mr Trace.
MR WOLFSON: Yes. It's put very shortly in paragraph 15 of Mr Trace's supplemental submissions.
(11.45 am)

MR WOLFSON: It seems to be put on certainly a wider basis than just the example your Lordship put to me.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So we are at paragraph -MR WOLFSON: Paragraph 15, the last paragraph.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, just let me get -- I'm getting a little lost. Yes, all right, we will deal with it that way.
MR WOLFSON: So the way that it is put there is significantly than the example your Lordship --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Is it? Yes, well, I will look at that. Yes, I see.

MR WOLFSON: My Lord the last point, if we can just sit a little bit longer than we normally would for the break.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: But this is the last point -- is whether the liability under Section 74 extends to the LBHI 2 sub-debt.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: We dealt with this in writing, the reference is 118 to 122. Of course, the contractual points are

Page 52

```
relevant here. In other words, in determining whether
    the borrower, is solvent and the standard term, 5(2),
    solvency ought to be determined by what the borrower
    itself can pay, without reference to contributions from
    the members.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR WOLFSON: So if LBIE can't pay senior liabilities in full
    from its own assets, which would include post-insolvency
    interests, then it would be solvent for these purposes.
    In those circumstances, even if the LBHI 2 sub-debt is
    a debt or liability within Section 74, the value would
    be zero, for these purposes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You will have to take me through
    this. Sorry, I am not sure I am seeing this.
MR WOLFSON: Understand the term 5(2) --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: -- in assessing whether the borrower is
    solvent.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: We submit that solvency is to be determined by
    reference to what LBIE itself can pay, without reference
    to any contributions that could be made by the members.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: What I am just confused about,
    I thought we were on Section 74?
MR WOLFSON: Yes, and whether it includes a sub-debt.
```

Page 53
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: A sub-debt, yes. Okay, right,
okay, go on.
MR WOLFSON: The submission I am seeking to make is that
because of the terms of the sub-debt, the liability
under Section 74 cannot extend to it.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR WOLFSON: Because if LBIE can't pay senior liabilities in
full, it wouldn't be solvent and would have no
obligations therefore to pay under the contract, and
therefore even if the words in Section 74, debts and
liabilities, are wide enough to encompass LBIE's
obligation in this regard, the value of that obligation
would be zero.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I see. Yes.
MR WOLFSON: One can make the point by imagining this
example, let's say you have a debt, and the debt says,
"This debt is only payable if the company can pay it
from its own resources, without regard to any
contributions it may get from its members". I am
talking about an unlimited company. In those
circumstances --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I follow that. No, I follow
that, but you say that is this case, do you?
MR WOLFSON: Exactly.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: How do you get there?

```
MR WOLFSON: Because in 5(2):
    "For the purposes of sub-paragraph 1B above, the
    borrower shall be solvent if it is able to pay its
    liabilities, the senior liabilities, in full from its
    own assets."
    We submit that means without reference to
    contributions from members.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, this is 5(2), did you
    say?
MR WOLFSON: 5(2).
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: "The borrower shall be solvent
    if it is able to pay its liabilities, other than
    subordinated liabilities, in full."
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You inserted the words "from its
    assets".
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, I am submitting that in the context
    that must mean from its own assets, because otherwise,
    my Lord, one has a situation that the company has to be
    insolvent.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am sorry, I mean plainly while
    the company is a going concern, in applying 5(1)B, one
    does not take account of the liability of unlimited
    members, because they can only be called in
    a liquidation.
```


## Page 55

MR WOLFSON: Exactly.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But once the company goes into liquidation, you say the borrower shall be solvent if it is able to pay its liabilities. Well, it will be able to pay its liabilities, let us assume, from the realisation on its assets and from calls on its members.

MR WOLFSON: But my Lord what one then has is this very peculiar situation that the borrower has to go into -in my submission, of course, I say it can only be done in liquidation -- an insolvency regime, it may cause on its members, in order to be treated as solvent, for the purposes of paying sub-debt.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, it seems though me that in applying 5(2) in a liquidation, you might have a situation -- I find it difficult to see you disregard, at any rate in determining the borrower can pay its liabilities, the proceeds of cause. The borrower will be able, if it makes calls, it may be able to pay its liabilities.

MR WOLFSON: My Lord, let's assume that the only member was LBHI 2 for the moment.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR WOLFSON: In those circumstances, the position would be that LBHI 2 would have to put money in, which would then, on this analysis, make the company solvent again,

Page 56 taking your Lordship's example, on a proof by LBIE's office holders in respect of a shortfall in LBIE, was insufficient to allow LBIE to make payment in full to all its creditors in respect of its unsecured debts, one then has this situation; if the dividend paid by LBHI 2 on the proof was distributed by LBIE's office holders for unsecured claims, one then has a discrepancy between the basis of the dividend paid to the company by LBHI 2 , which is calculated on a basis including the sub-debt, and the use of the company of that dividend as regards distributions, which would not be used to pay down the sub-debt, which ranks behind. If the dividend paid was distributed in respect of all the claims used to quantify the proof, including the LBHI 2 sub-debt, then, of course, that would contradict the subordination provisions in the LBHI 2 sub-debt. So on your Lordship's example, if a call can be made, if a call is made on LBHI 2 --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: -- and monies come in, and that call is made on the basis that the LBHI 2 sub-debt is callable, and forms part of the call, the monies would not be used for that basis, they would be used for paying unsecured creditors first, because that is the nature of the

Page 58
subordination. So you have a discrepancy.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, I mean the call -- I mean obviously the first application of any money called from the members will be to pay the unsubordinated proveable debts.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: In fact, it is not needed for that purpose, if that is the hypothesis way of proceeding on it. The company is able to pay its proveable debts, excluding interest, but that is not a proveable debt, from its own resources. But if it had needed to make a call, it would have gone to pay the proveable debts.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, but if the LBHI 2 sub-debt forms part of the Section 74 liability --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: -- then presumably when the call was made, the call would be made including that liability on --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You could have a series of calls, you need not call at all at once, I don't think. But you could call.
MR WOLFSON: You could call.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: In which case you have got 100 of unsecured, 300 of sub-debt. You make a call for -- so let's say

Page 59 you have got 500 of unsecured, 300 of sub-debt.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I can see there was a point, Mr Wolfson, that you might say that until the state is in a position to pay the senior liabilities in full, a call should not be made in respect of the subordinated debt, because the subordinated debt is not yet payable.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So there should be a wait and see.
MR WOLFSON: I can certainly get that far, my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You get that far. I follow that.
MR WOLFSON: But that may, just for me, put the problem out.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But then you get to the point of the prior liabilities have been paid, and we had better park for the moment the problem of statutory interest and proveable claims.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, exactly.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You have then got the LBHI 2 subordinated claim, which at that point, it is entitled to assert on any footing.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You say well that is not a debt that can fall within Section 74.
MR WOLFSON: Yes, or that if it does fall within Section 74,
Page 60
the value of it is zero because it is payable only when the company is solvent, and that must mean, as a matter of construction, that must mean when the company is solvent without recourse to its members.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: That is the case, because its liabilities have been paid, let us assume.
MR WOLFSON: If they had all been paid in full, but if there is $\$ 1$ that has not been paid, then nothing can be paid (overspeaking).
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, we are talking about
senior -- if we read senior liabilities as meaning
proveable debts --
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- let us assume that they have all been paid.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: We have parked the issue of
statutory interest and non-proveable claims. The
question then is you are saying well the subordinated
debt is not payable, because the borrower is not able to
pay it. Actually that is not -- sorry, the ability to
pay is the ability to pay the senior liabilities.
MR WOLFSON: It is liabilities --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, I have got myself confused now.

## Page 61

MR WOLFSON: My Lord, it is ability to pay liabilities, other than subordinated.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: Liabilities is defined as all present and future sums payable, this is on page 2 of the contract, shortly and separately(?) or otherwise.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Well, let's assume they have all been paid.
MR WOLFSON: So the question would be in 1B, whether the borrower would be solvent immediately after the payment by the borrower.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, all the liabilities have been paid.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So it is, in terms of this clause, solvent forever and a day now.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR WOLFSON: Now you have to make a call on the members.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You say no, you don't, because --
MR WOLFSON: Because the notion that you are solvent in circumstances where the only way you can pay the debt is to make --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, no, I am sorry, we are not
concerned with solvency. The company is solvent, because it has paid all its senior liabilities.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So I don't think that is going to help. I would have thought at this point you grab hold of Mr Trower's contributory rule, don't you? You say that LBHI 2 shouldn't be allowed to claim anything on the subordinated debt, until it has made good its contribution to the fund.
MR WOLFSON: Well, my Lord, can I --
MR TROWER: (inaudible) rule in Cherry v Boultbee.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: What you are saying -- I am sorry, Section 74, your basic proposition is that
Section 74 applies to -- well, your first point is proveable debt, but of course the subordinated debt is a proveable debt --
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- but it is subordinate.
MR WOLFSON: It is subordinated and proveable, so that's not going --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So you have to -- provable debts doesn't get you home.
MR WOLFSON: That's the problem.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You have to say that there is something in the subordination. You rely --

Page 63
MR WOLFSON: That's the problem.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- on the definition of solvency.
MR WOLFSON: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But there is a slight difficulty there, I think.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, exactly. I can't get home on my proveable point, in this regard.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No. No, I follow, I follow.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, it may be that the contributory rule does come to save me, and Mr Trower's tailcoat is always a wonderful place to hang on to. But my Lord, bearing that I mind that I said I would finish by 12 for my learned friends. Can I see how Mr Trace develops this point? I think what I am doing at the moment is responding to a point which hasn't actually yet perhaps fully been made, and my Lord it may be that I can come back.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right, we will see how it goes. Very well.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, unless I can help you further. Thank you.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, Mr Wolfson, thank you very much. We will take a break now. Can I just say I think it would help me, it might also help the shorthand

|  | writer, I don't know, if Mr Trace was able speak from | 1 | because it is a proveable debt, it is as simple as that. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Mr Wolfson's position. It would help you. Yes, it | 2 | Therefore it is within Section 74. My learned frien |
| 3 | ould help me too. So it would be a good idea, if the | 3 | accepts that doesn't get him home, so |
| 4 | two teams swap over, over the break, and that might just | 4 | show with his argument, he has to say it is reduced to |
| 5 | take a little longer than five minutes, I think. Good, | 5 | zero. My Lord I don't want to ask rhetorical questions, |
| 6 | thank you | 6 | but we say there is absolutely no reason to reduce it |
| 7 | (12.04 pm) | 7 | zero. What happens then is once the senior debt has |
| 8 | (A short break) | 8 | been paid, that is a given, our debt is then payable in |
| 9 | (12.12 pm) | 9 | full. There is absolutely no reas |
| 10 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Mr Trace | 10 | all. My Lord, my learned friend, when your Lordship was |
| 11 | Submissions by MR TRACE QC | 11 | pressing him, was saying, "Oh well, what I'm going to do |
| 12 | MR TRACE: May it please your Lordship, I have been given | 12 | is I'm going to see how it has developed". My Lord, it |
| 13 | what some might say is the graveyard slot, the Friday | 13 | is obvious how it is developed, and it is obvious how it |
| 1 | afternoon slot, so my Lord I will do my best to keep | 14 | is answered. So with respect, that is also a thoroughly |
| 15 | your Lordship awake and my learned friends. I will | 15 | bad point. My Lord, I made those points and my learned |
| 16 | begin, if I may, with the very simple submission we ask | 16 | fri |
| 17 | your Lordship to accept, is that basically all our | 17 | Now my Lord it is worth to stand back and seeing is |
| 18 | points are right, save where anyone disagrees with us, | 18 | what are we basically saying in relation to LBHI 2. Now |
| 19 | in which case they are wrong. Now my Lord can I begin | 19 | my Lord just as Mr Wolfson submitted, and we accept is |
| 20 | because Mr Wolfson obviously has to leave this | 20 | right on this part of the case, your Lordship must look |
| 21 | afternoon. He has raised two points. We obviously | 21 | at each administration separately. Now my Lord in |
| 22 | accept and support everything Mr Wolfson basically says, | 22 | E's administration we have two areas of debt. We |
| 23 | but there are two areas where we disagree. With the | 23 | have, first of all, our unsubordinated debt. Now there, |
| 24 | greatest respect the points that he has made are both | 24 | espectfully submit, we are in exactly the sam |
| 25 | thoroughly bad points. The first point was the point Page 65 | 25 | position as LBL. We are entitled to prove, we say, and Page 67 |
| 1 | your Lordship knows, which is in relation to how | 1 | we are entitle to get a dividend and there is no set |
| 2 | liability was to be split inter se. The very short | 2 | off. The reason why there is no set off is because the |
| 3 | answer in relation to that, my Lord, and we set it out | 3 | LBIE administrators are, ipso facto, in |
| 4 | in our supplemental submissions, it is paragraphs 13 to | 4 | an administration and they can't make calls. These |
| 5 | 15, but the basic point, and your Lordship is absolutely | 5 | calls can only be made in a liquidation. The other part |
| 6 | right, and here I do accept for once what Mr Trower says | 6 | of the debt is the sub-debt. Now there, my Lord, our |
| 7 | in this case, that the obligation on the LBIE | 7 | main submission is that, yes, there is some |
| 8 | administrators is to maximise the estate. That must b | 8 | subordination, but they are only subordinated to come to |
| 9 | mean, and there can be no other meaning other than that | 9 | the bottom of the unsecured claims, but no further in |
| 10 | this, that they have to make a call in the full amount, | 10 | the waterfall. So once the unsecured claims have been |
| 11 | on both the members. If that happens, there is no | 11 | paid, then my clients are entitled to be paid in full, |
| 12 | question of contribution inter se at all. A call has | 12 | again without any set off for the same reason. They |
| 13 | been made, it has to be satisfied, and until it is | 13 | can't make calls and therefore they can't make any claim |
| 14 | satisfied in full, it is a liability in respect of each | 14 | only(?) against us. So that is our basic position. |
| 15 | of them, in full, to make that obligation. If it were | 15 | My Lord, in our administration, looking at it from |
| 16 | otherwise, my Lord, the rule against double proof would | 16 | the other way, our primary position is that there is |
| 17 | clearly be exercised, as your Lordship rightly put to my | 17 | nothing for them to prove in our administration, because |
| 18 | learned friend in submission. So we say with the | 18 | they can't make calls, and they are not in liquidation. |
| 19 | greatest respect that is a thoroughly bad point and we | 19 | If that is wrong, and of course we don't accept for one |
| 20 | can really deal very quickly. | 20 | minute that it is wrong, but if it is wrong, then our |
| 21 | y Lord, the other point, the only other point that | 21 | secondary position is that if they can prove set off, |
| 22 | was made was the point in relation to Section 74, that | 22 | the ordinary insolvency set off applies -- and we rather |
| 23 | inter se between LBL and my clients. My Lord, again | 23 | deviate, my Lord, from the way Mr Wolfson puts it. We |
| 24 | with respect, it is a thoroughly bad point. The very | 24 | say set off -- traditional and insolvency set off takes |
| 25 | simple point is our sub-debt is included in Section 74, Page 66 | 25 | hold. The way that works is you then have to have $\text { Page } 68$ |

valuations in the ordinary way of what the claims and cross claims are, that are being set off. What we effectively say, my Lord, there, is that there would be effectively a tiny liability as contributory, and we say that is tiny, because the chances of LBIE going into liquidation are virtually nil. Whereas conversely we have a very large both sub-debt claim and an unsubordinated claim as the 38 million(?). Of course, my Lord, that secondary position would also apply, if we are wrong, in the LBIE administration.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: So my Lord that is the basic position as to where we are.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR TRACE: Now my Lord in terms of the material that your Lordship has, we have put in, as your Lordship knows, initial written submissions and supplemental submissions. If I can just remind your Lordship as to the structure of those.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Please do.
MR TRACE: If your Lordship would be so kind as to take them out.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship might just like to note, and what I propose to do to assist your Lordship's note is follow Page 69
the order that we have done. I have got slightly out of order with Mr Wolfson's two bad points. Your Lordship will note that in the opening submissions, we begin after a little introduction. We have section B, which is at the bottom of page 4, that is the sub-debt.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: That is basically, my Lord, what I should probably be dealing with, and that is only thing probably on the menu this afternoon --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR TRACE: -- because that takes some time. My Lord, then at section C, that is page 16 and following, we deal with the equitable rule and contributory rule.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship might care to note just at this stage, your Lordship may recall -- well, you will recall because your Lordship read it, paragraphs 52 and 53, we set out how we read the position in relation to Grissell's Case and Gibbs and West's Case, your Lordship may recall that.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: My Lord, I wish to praise here the industry, as I do generally, of Ms Hutton and Ms Foskett, and indeed Ms Hutton's pupil, Mr Brock, a chip of the old block, his father was Mr Jonathan Brock, the late

Page 70
.

Mr Jonathan Brock. What they have done is they have found -- and if I can just hand up to your Lordship, have you got the top sheet? Your Lordship was interested in the point about the old editions of Buckley. Other people haven't (inaudible) but we have (inaudible) the other side. What we have done, or what those assisting me have done, is gone back to Buckley. What I have handed up to your Lordship is a piece from the 1902 Buckley. (Handed).
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR TRACE: That was the eighth edition, my Lord. The headline point, I will take your Lordship to the passages, for your Lordship's note is that by this edition, the learned editor, Mr Buckley, appeared to accept that Mr Justice Fry in Branwright had noted the misunderstanding in the Gibbs and White's Case --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR TRACE: -- and Mr Justice Fry's approach to Section 101 should be followed. Your Lordship can see that -- if your Lordship looks, Section 108 is quoted at the top of 328.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: We need not look at that. Then if your Lordship looks down at the bottom of the page, it is three lines up from the bottom "Going then to Section ... " Does Page 71
your Lordship see that?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: "Going then from Section 101, you find that only two provisions ... (reading to the words) ... before the winding up."

So your Lordship sees that point.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes.
MR TRACE: Then if your Lordship then turns over the page,
330, they turn to an unlimited company, the learned editors:
"Then in the case of an unlimited company, the set off which may be allowed by the court is a set off of debts due from a company to the contributors ... "
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am sorry, this is --
MR TRACE: I am so sorry, my Lord, top of page 330, the next page.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I see, thank you.
MR TRACE: The learned editors there turn to the unlimited company situation.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: "In the case of an unlimited company, the set off which ... (reading to the words) ... and calls made before ... "

Emphasis. Then they talk about Branwright:
"The decision of Mr Justice Fry, there cannot be set
Page 72

```
off ... (reading to the words) ... Mr Justice Fry refused to follow it."
```

That is when it was picked up, my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Thank you very much indeed.
MR TRACE: We need not look at it now, but the learned
editors do go on in there to look into how you make
adjustments. We say it is perfectly ordinary
adjustments, but not the way Mr Wolfson is trying to put
it.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Very well.
MR TRACE: So my Lord going back then to our submissions there, we respectfully submit that the analysis that we set out in our opening submissions is indeed correct. We made the point, my Lord, particularly footnote 16, which your Lordship sees in page 24.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: And we made the joke, I am sure your Lordship spotted it, in the last line of footnote 16 :
" ... as Counsel submitted fruitlessly in the Gibbs and West's Case.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Fruitlessly, yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship made a comment about court counsel.
So my Lord that is that section. We then have a section
that begins at page 29 "set off". Then we have
a section at 30 , quantifying the contingent claims, how Page 73
that is to be done. Your Lordship will note, although in a slightly different point, page 38, that we make a reference to Eckhart, that is in the middle of 38.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Now your Lordship may recall that your Lordship asked Mr Trower whether anyone had done the exercise in relation to looking at the Australian position.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship may recall Eckhart is -particularly Mr Zacaroli, I think, is particularly keen on this. The way that was answered, not terribly helpfully, was I think somebody has done it, but maybe Allen Overy have done it. I was expecting to hear from Mrs Zacaroli because of the results of those searches. My Lord, we have heard nothing. My Lord, what I can say is we have had a look at the Australian cases, obviously in an endeavour to be helpful. My Lord, the position is that it doesn't seem to go any further than Eckhart.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR TRACE: So we respectfully submit there is not really anything between us. The real question is whether or not the relevant claim does exist or not. Whatever it is, I will come back to this in due course, if it's a currency claim. We say whatever it is, it ranks down below us. So we say it doesn't really matter, but that
is what -- we have done that research and it doesn't seem to take us any further. Eckhart, Lord Hoffman says, is the last(?) word, as far as we can see.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR WOLFSON: My Lord, then the currency conversion claim,
that is really that section $\mathrm{F}, 39$ and following, and I dealt, albeit fairly briefly, with the position between LBHI 2 and LBL, and your Lordship sees that. My Lord, your Lordship might care to note, just because we are passing here and I raise this so that Mr Wolfson hears me say it, because he is not going to be here for a lot of the afternoon, but on page 43 , the end of 96 , we talk about that it is not actually joint and several, that it gives a right -- it is the last five lines, your Lordship will have seen that before.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: My Lord, then the supplemental submissions, the other submissions that we have put in. My Lord, I will come back to those, but the supplemental submissions are relatively short. What we have done is we have dealt with the sub-debt, which I shall come back to later on this afternoon. Then the second section of the formulation of contributory rule, and we answer those various points. We say they don't go anyway, the points that are taken against us. Then we deal with the Page 75
application of the equitable rule, and very lastly the position for calls which are already shown. So that is the structure of the submissions.

My Lord, I then turn then to the guts of this, which is the sub-debt point. If I can make these opening comments. What LBIE and Lydian are seeking to suggest, is that LBIE's administrators or its liquidators, if it ever gets that far, should be able to pay statutory interest, non-proveable debts and currency conversion claims, to independent creditors, ie non-member creditors, before paying the debts over to the members. We say, my Lord, that is a very striking proposition. What this would do is it would force to the bottom of the waterfall, the debts which LBIE owes to its members. ie my client's unsubordinated claim for the $£ 38$ million, as well as its claim for a sub-debt of around $£ 1.25$ billion -- those are both pound figures -and also LBL's claim, which they have put at around 363 million, which is unsubordinated. Against us, what LBIE and Lydian rely on is they say are two reasons why that happens. They say, first of all, there is contractual subordination in the sub-debt agreements. My Lord, for these purposes, they are, I think everyone accepts in the court, all identical, so the same arguments for both, for all three. My Lord, that is the

|  | first answer. The second answer is the equitable rule. | 1 | sub-debt should, for regulatory capital purposes, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | My Lord it is worth bearing in mind for the contractual | 2 | subordinated to statutory interest and non-proveable |
|  | subordination, that as far as my clients are concerned, | 3 | debts. It is no part of their case. Your Lordship will |
|  | that only applies to our sub-debt, so not our | 4 | see where we are with that. We say that is the position |
| 5 | unsubordinated debt claim. So far as that sub-debt is | 5 | and there has been a mass of work generated to look at |
| 6 | ncerned, it is enough for LBIE and Lydian if they win | 6 | ence, and there is the evidence which is largely |
| 7 | on that point alone, ie they don't have to go into the | 7 | undisputed, the only disputes your Lordship will recall |
| 8 | equitable rule, your Lordship appreciates that. | 8 | from the outing we had in front of your Lordship before, |
|  | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. | 9 | was in relation to LBL's decision, and your Lordship |
| 10 | MR TRACE: The equitable rule, that applies to both, both | 10 | will recall I took particular issue with not knowing |
| 11 | our unsubordinated claim and our sub-debt. | 11 | what they were, and there was an interchange of various |
| 12 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes. | 12 | things, that is all it is. But on this point Mr Trower |
| 13 | MR TRACE: Now my Lord we make six headline points, I will | 13 | is not running as part of his case that these regulatory |
| 14 | lop these. We say, one, there is no authority to | 14 | requirements, the regulatory scheme, require this at |
| 15 | establish that it is legally possible to subordinate | 15 | all, which (inaudible) if they don't. Why on earth -- |
| 16 | debt below statutory interest, non-proveable | 16 | I don't want to ask a rhetorical question. There is |
| 17 | liabilities, currency conversion claims, if they exist, | 17 | absolutely no reason why there would be any such |
| 18 | and liabilities owed by the company to its members. So | 18 | agreement. Sixthly, my Lord, we respectfully submit, |
| 19 | it is a legally possible point, we say it is impossible. | 19 | that one would expect abundantly clear words, very clear |
| 20 | Secondly, even if it is possible, that is not what any | 20 | words, extremely clear words, I don't mind any adverb |
| 21 | of those three agreements provide, as we say is clear | 21 | you like, if the sub-debt agreements provided for this |
| 22 | when one construes those three agreements in their | 22 | treme form of subordination. My Lord, when one looks |
| 23 | context, ie against the background of the legislative | 23 | the sub-debt agreements, and finds there(?) such |
| 24 | insolvency scheme. Thirdly, we say that statutory | 24 | ords, there a |
| 25 | interest and non-proveable debts, et cetera, are either Page 77 | 25 | Now my Lord it may also be helpful, I will develop Page 79 |
| 1 | not within liabilities -- as to that phrase, I put that | 1 | this obviously, to see how we and our position ties in |
| 2 | in inverted commas -- at all, or not effectively within | 2 | ith my learned friend Mr Isaacs' clients on this, |
| 3 | others, as defined, or if they are within liabilities, | 3 | Isaacs' clients agree with our overall position, |
| 4 | then they are within excluded liabilities, capital E, | 4 | our Lordship will have seen that, that we are not |
| 5 | capital L. My Lord, fourthly, we submit that nothing in | 5 | subordinated to more than the other unsecured creditors. |
| 6 | the sub-debt agreements restricts us from proving, and, | 6 | Their arguments are slightly different, ie they don't |
| 7 | my Lord, we were very surprised in Mr Trower's opening | 7 | say that statutory interest is an excluded liability. |
| 8 | submissions that they seem very unkeen to develop their | 8 | They say instead it is not payable, your Lordship has |
| 9 | submissions to the contrary. No doubt we may hear more. | 9 | seen the way they put it, ie falls within clause 5(2)A |
| 10 | It is perhaps unfortunate, because I would have liked to | 10 | that my learned friend Mr Wolfson was taking |
| 11 | have heard more, but there it is. The fact they haven't | 11 | your Lordship to. My Lord, we will leave it to |
| 12 | said much, in our respectful submission, speaks volumes. | 12 | Mr Isaacs to make those submissions. We put ours in |
| 13 | Fifthly, it would be surprising if my clients, the | 13 | a slightly different way. I am not saying he is |
| 14 | company in whose shoes my clients now stand, had agreed | 14 | necessarily right or we are wrong or whatever, but these |
| 15 | this extreme form of subordination, because it is no | 15 | are all submissions for your Lordship. |
| 16 | part of the relevant regulatory requirements that our | 16 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, of course. |
| 17 | sub-debt should be subordinated to more than the other | 17 | MR TRACE: If your Lordship accepts one of them, we don't |
| 18 | unsecured creditors. It is important to remember here, | 18 | mind because it gets to the right result, we say. |
| 19 | my Lord, the interchange between your Lordship and | 19 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 20 | my learned friend Mr Trower about this. Mr Trower said | 20 | MR TRACE: I say the right result, the correct result. The |
| 21 | that his clients didn't rely on any of the regulatory | 21 | net effect of all this, my Lord, and one must not lose |
| 22 | background, your Lordship will recall that -- this is | 22 | site of this, is that what LBIE are saying is that we |
| 23 | important my Lord, and we noted it carefully and your | 23 | are subordinated to statutory interests, non-provable |
| 24 | Lordship has from the transcript -- ie it is not LBIE's | 24 | liabilities, as well as all other unsecured creditors. |
| 25 | case that the regulatory requirements were that the Page 78 | 25 | Now let's deal, first of all, with the question of is it Page 80 |

20 (Pages 77 to 80)

```
legally possible?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Now my Lord we raise this issue, fair and square
    in our submissions, but neither LBIE nor Lydian have
    identified any authority for the contention that it is
    possible contractually to subordinate debts to statutory
    interest. Now my Lord we raise this, for your
    Lordship's note it was paragraph }24\mathrm{ in our submissions,
    and it is perhaps worth just looking at that. It is
    page 11, my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Thank you.
MR TRACE: We said there:
    "It is far from clear that the contracting parties
    could validly agree to move a debt, which is by statute
    put in a particular class of liability, eg here the
    unsecured creditors class, into a different class. That
    would be a different exercise to an agreement for
    a particular creditor agreeing to (inaudible) other
    creditors within that same class for the purpose of
    proof and/or dividend payment."
    My Lord, that sentence absolutely encapsulates -- it
    is short, but it is pithy, and with respect it is
    correct. Now the only answer we have had, my Lord, is
    in LBIE's supplemental submissions, paragraph 66 to 67,
    and the only liability, only authority that is referred
```

        Page 81
        to is Maxwell 2, and we have answered that my Lord, for
        your Lordship's note, in paragraph 2 of our responsive
        supplemental submissions. It is worth just looking at
        that, my Lord. It is worth looking at the authority.
        My Lord, our supplemental submissions, paragraph 2, does
        your Lordship see that? Your Lordship might just like
        to remind your Lordship about what was said here:
            "We relied on the general principle ... "
            What your Lordship seen. Then we say that:
            "In their opening submissions, LBIE seeks to rely on
        the general principle from Maxwell, the contractual
        subordination is effected in a formal insolvency,
        without there needing to be a trust deed. We don't have
        any objection to that. That proposition is not
        controversial, so far as it goes. But it doesn't assist
        LBIE, with the greatest respect, when they seek to say
        that the contractual subordination provisions ... varies
        the effect of the insolvency rule."
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Did they say that? I had better
    remind myself. 2887 actually, just the precise --
        I have it open here. Oh yes. Yes.
    MR TRACE: My Lord, it is worth just looking at Maxwell.
That is in the authorities bundle 1C, my Lord, tab 69.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: I don't know how long ago your Lordship looked at
Page 82
this case, but it is perhaps best to --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: In the last few days, I reminded
myself, obviously.
MR TRACE: I am obliged my Lord. In that case, I will just
read the little bit of the holding at the top of
page 1403.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: The learned judge said -- I will quote from the
headnote:
"No principles of insolvency legislation or a public
policy, which precluded the making of a contract between
a company and a creditor, whereby in the event of the
company's insolvency, the debt was to be subordinated in
the winding up for the payment of debts owed to other
unsecured creditors, and then accordingly ... "
Et cetera. We need not look at the case.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Frankly, it is not at all surprising that someone
can do that. But the real question is in relation to
this position, is can this be done to achieve what my
learned friend wants to achieve in this case. Now we
respectfully submit that what both LBIE and Lydian are
trying to achieve are very different from what was
sanctioned, if that is the right word, by
Mr Justice Vinelock(?) in MCC. Nowhere in Maxwell, my
Page 83
learned friend (inaudible) nowhere in this case does it
say, in MCC, does it say that there is power to do what
they now want to do.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No.
MR TRACE: Now what they say is effectively that
Mr Justice Vinelock referred, we can see it -- the quote
they give is to page 1412A, this is the passage they
rely on, the top of the page, 1412, my Lord. They
say -- perhaps pick it up at the bottom of the preceding
page. The learned judge says, two lines from the end:
"I can see no reason said why he should not waive
his right to prove, save to the extent of any assets
remaining, after the debts of other ... (reading to the
words) ... unsecured non-preferential debts."
Now what they are trying to say is that
Mr Justice Vinelock envisaged there preferential debts
being subordinated to rank equally with non-preferential
debts. But that is more consistent with the existing
statutory regime. Preferential and non-preferential
debts are debts as defined in the rules, and the
statutory interest provision itself provides that
statutory interest is re-paid, if the trigger for
payment exists, ie a surplus after the payment of all
proved debts, rateably in respect of both pref and
non-pref debts, that is 288(8). But there is nothing in
Page 84

```
    this passage which undermines our contention that
    subordination to statutory interest goes beyond what is
    possible. What the learned judge actually said, if one
    looks at 1411H over the page --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: 1411H? Yes.
MR TRACE: He says:
    "If the creditor can waive his right altogether,
    I can see no reason why he should not waive his right to
    prove."
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: So we respectfully submit MCC really doesn't take
    them anywhere. What we would submit is it would be
    a most unusual, and I am giving advance warning of
    submissions you will be making later on -- in our
    respectful submission, I don't know whether this has
    ever been done, but the research is that the combined
    power and firepower of the counsel in this courtroom not
    found any authority to show the court recognising or
    upholding subordination to this extent.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I think Maxwell -- isn't that
    the only case on --
MR TRACE: It is the only one we have found.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I mean it was a very important
    decision when it was made --
MR TRACE: Absolutely.
    Page }8
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- because it did undoubtedly
    change the approach to subordinated debt.
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS:It was before then generally
    considered that you had to have a subordination trust to
    be effective, so it was very important to --
MR TRACE: My Lord, well I remember, yes. So at its very
    lowest, we respectfully submit your Lordship should be
    very cautious of a submission that subordination to this
    extent was what the draftsmen had in mind. But we
    actually go further than that, and they say head on,
    there is simply authority, and we say no principle why
    this sort of subordination should be possible. We do
    pray in aid, my Lord, and your Lordship is absolutely
    right -- one doesn't want to talk about people who have
    been at the Bar longer than other people at the Bar, it
    gets a bit invidious. But your Lordship will remember
    that the backdrop to MCC and the decision that was made
    did cause an enormous stir, and in our respectful
    submission that sort of stir is exactly the sort of stir
    that would be made if your Lordship did say that it was
    possible to subordinate in this way. It really is
    a very, very radical subordination. It is one thing to
    have subordination of the sort of subordination that one
    has MCC, but quite another to say that you should have
```

Page 86
the subordination of this level, putting my clients
right at the back of the queue. My Lord, we do pray in
aid here, one of the points I made in opening, that the
fact that LBIE is not praying in aid the regulatory
requirements as in some way requiring this, and bearing
in mind that LBIE is saying that this was a standard
form agreement, bearing both those points in mind, it
would be very surprising, we respectfully submit, if the
standard form agreement did provide for this sort of
(inaudible).
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: That is moving away from your
first point.
MR TRACE: It is moving away from the first point. But my
Lord we say it reinforces that first point. My Lord, we
then turn to -
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I mean the way that Mr Trower
puts it is that the subordination is achieved by your
agreement not to prove until the statutory interest and
indeed the non-proveable debts have been paid, and that
therefore that fits with the wording of 2887 , so far as
statutory interest is concerned, which refers to any
surplus remaining after payment of the debts proved.
MR TRACE: Exactly.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So yours will not be a proved
debt and therefore no reason why statutory interest
Page 87
should not be paid. Now are you saying that it is
legally impossible for a subordinated creditor to make
an agreement not to prove until statutory interest has
been paid?
MR TRACE: Well, what is so very odd about it, my Lord --
yes we are, is the short answer to the question.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You say that.
MR TRACE: But the reason why we say that is because it is
so very odd. You have a scheme which includes statutory
interest and the like. Everyone knows how it works.
The idea that legally it is possible to put yourself
right at the back of the queue, we say no. The closest
one gets to it -- one would have thought, my Lord, that
if was right, for example, and MCC -- there had been
some sort of the statements effectively saying that one
could agree anything.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Mr Justice Vinelock was
concerned to decide the case in front of him
MR TRACE: Of course he was, I accept that, my Lord. But
nevertheless, the reason why I press that point,
my Lord, and the reason why I don't shrink from making
the point again, with respect, even though we are
looking at that one point.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes.
MR TRACE: If my learned friends were right, you would
Page 88

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I follow, but it is moving, as
it were, between classes rather than within.
MR TRACE: Of course it is, I can't make the point, "Oh well, Mr Justice Vinelock can't have thought about moving into a class", that I accept. But we say this actually is more than that, it is more than just moving between classes details. Now my Lord if we are wrong, we then must look at the construction.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Now, as I have already said, we respectfully submit that on the true construction, it simply subordinates the sub-debt to LBIE's unsecured and unsubordinated debts, ie we are just pushed to the bottom of the payment pile, within the category of unsecured debts, but we are not pushed further down the waterfall. Now, my Lord, it is probably worth, at this point, looking at the back of the agreements, they are all in volume 4.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Now I hate to say this, my Lord, but when your Lordship is writing in your Lordship's judgment, this is very much a wet towel around the head job, I am afraid, on this document. We, of course, have been looking at this for a very, very long time. I am sorry for your

Lordship, your Lordship has only been looking at this for a relatively short time.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I regard that as a benefit.
MR TRACE: My Lord, I would not like to say anything in that regard. I could not possibly comment. Now my Lord I am looking at it at page 216.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship sees there are a lot of definitions. When your Lordship is writing in your Lordship's judgment, it is worth going back and taking these down in order and spending time with them. There are definitions, and then they are picked up again particularly in clause 5 . What it does, so your Lordship understands the structure of it, is it establishes a priority of senior liabilities over subordinated liabilities and its (inaudible) liabilities.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship sees that. Now senior liabilities, that is defined, as your Lordship sees on page 217, all liabilities, except the subordinated liabilities and excluded liabilities, so far so good. Then subordinated liabilities, which is the next one down, means all liabilities to the lender. Again, the same phrase liabilities, in respect of each advance made under this Page 91
agreement and all interests payable thereon. Excluded liabilities, we have to go back one page, that means liabilities, again capital L for liabilities:
$"$... which are expressed to be and in the opinion of the ... (reading to the words) ... subordinated liabilities ... "

And we have already looked at that definition:
" ... in any insolvency."
And then liabilities itself we see defined at the top of 217:
"All present and future sums, liabilities and obligations ... (reading to the words) ... or otherwise how so ever."
Now my Lord we respectfully submit, before we go any further with looking at the guts of this, if I can take your Lordship back to our Section A in our opening submissions. We respectfully submit that this is a contract like any other, and therefore it needs to be construed like any other contract. I can pick it up, my Lord, at paragraph 14 of our opening submissions, page 5. We quote -- your Lordship have seen it many, many times no doubt -- the ICS passage of Lord Hoffman, this is paragraph 14 , line 17 . We give the reference and I won't turn it up. One has got to look at the background reasonably available to both parties, and we
say that must include in this situation, the legal
regulatory and commercial contacts, must do.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, and Mr Trower agrees.
MR TRACE: And Mr Trower seems to accept that.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: So we are (inaudible) for that, my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: My Lord, we have quoted from McMeal(?). If your
Lordship wants, it is in the authorities 1D and tab 104,
just for your Lordship's note.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You have quoted from -- oh McMeal, yes I see.
MR TRACE: McMeal and his construction of contracts.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, thank you. Yes, yes.
MR TRACE: "The extension of the context to include
explicitly legal background was a major advance.
Contracts are drafted against a legal and regulatory
backdrop. In many cases it would be unrealistic to disregard that reality."

I hesitate to take issue with McMeal, of course your Lordship and those of us schooled in the sort of Prenn $\sim$ v Simms days -- in fact Prenn v Simms are not saying anything different from ICS.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Absolutely not, no. MR TRACE: One had to look at the factual matrix.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Indeed.
MR TRACE: But anyway, Lord Hoffman's speech in ICS is a modern example. The assignment document was clearly drafted by legal representatives of the statutory compensation body. His Lordship immediately contextualised the document in the wider context of the primary and secondary legislation, governing investment advice and constituting the scheme. It is important to bear in mind, of course, what that case was actually about. It was something against that sort of scheme, in that sense, similar.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: The other, of course, point to make about ICS is it was loss all the way up, and it was changed in the House of Lords. So construction of documents can be seen by different people in different ways, and that is why I am urging your Lordship, when your Lordship comes to your Lordship's initial decision, which we hope will be the final decision in your Lordship's judgment, we urge your Lordship to look at this in the right way before coming to any provisional views about it, against that legal background, against the textual background, against the regulatory background. We say when you have that background, you then turn at the documents(?), we say it can only be construed in one way. That, we say,

Page 94
is absolutely obvious what it means. So I hope if your Lordship's decision goes any further, it is going to be correct and not held all the way through. So my Lord as we say in paragraph 16 of our written submissions, your Lordship should consider the natural meaning of the words, and should not divorce those in any way from the commercial context, and we refer to the Charter case. For your Lordship's note that is volume 1C at tab 72. Your Lordship might care to note footnote 2, because it is quite striking, and where one can end at lunchtime.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Oh yes, yes.
MR TRACE: Lord Hoffman uses a very graphic example about the word "pay", it is in the footnote, my Lord:
"In many contexts it will mean that monies changed hands, usually in discharge of some liability. In other contexts ... (reading to the words) ... had been discharged."
Well, obviously humorous and Lord Hoffman is very pithy as always.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: But, my Lord, just so we can complete the citation before the short adjournment, Charter Re was cited with approval by the Supreme Court in Sigma, your Lordship knows that. Lord Mance explained the natural meaning. He said:

## Page 95

"In my opinion, the conclusion reached below attaches too much ... (reading to the words) ... as a whole."
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship also knows we have referred to the Roney Sky(?) authority.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: That if there are two possible constructions -of course we say here there is only one construction. But if your Lordship is troubled in any way, then we rely on Roney Sky and we rely on the regulatory background. That is perhaps a convenient moment.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Certainly, thank you. 2 o'clock.
( 1.00 pm )
(The short adjournment)
( 2.02 pm )
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Mr Trace.
MR TRACE: My Lord, just before the short adjournment we looked at the classic authorities on construing a contract, and I made the submission that the regulatory scheme is an important matter for your Lordship to look at.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
Page 96

```
MR TRACE:The other matter that we say your Lordship should
    look at is the statutory insolvency scheme that was in
    force at the time. We say this because, first of all,
    insolvency is exactly the situation in which
    subordination matters and so insolvency is the context
    for understanding the agreement. Secondly, we say it's
    important to look at the insolvency regime because the
    agreements themselves expressly refer to insolvency and
    the legislative ranking of debts in insolvency. Your
    Lordship can see that if your Lordship looks back at the
    document -- I hope your Lordship still has it open.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I do.
    MR TRACE: At page 216.
    MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
    MR TRACE: If your Lordship looks at the definition of
        excluded liabilities, we have read it once already, but
        your Lordship sees that liabilities which are expressed
        to be in and in the opinion of officer, et cetera, do
        rank junior to the subordinated liabilities in any
        insolvency of the borrower. So ranking and insolvency
        are absolutely key, we respectfully submit, background
        matters to consider.
    Insolvency is given a very, very wide meaning. You
        see that, my Lord, six lines up from the bottom of the
        same page. Insolvency means and includes "liquidation,
```

        Page 97
    winding-up, bankruptcy, sequestration, administration,
    rehabilitation and dissolution, whichever term may apply
    to the borrower, or the equivalent in any other
    jurisdiction to which the borrower may be subject". It
    really is the widest possible definition, we
    respectfully submit.
    My Lord, the reason why we urge this submission on
        your Lordship is because -- and can I remind your
        Lordship, for the reference it's LBIE's supplemental
        submissions at 67. I can just quote from it, my Lord.
        They recognise that the extent of my client's
        contractual subordination is to be determined as
        a matter of construction of the agreement. So they
        accept that.
    Then they say this:
    "The framework of the Insolvency Act 1986, referred
        to extensively by my clients at 25 to 31 of the opening
        submissions, is at this stage of the analysis of little
        significance or assistance."
            That's what they say or that's what they submit. We
        respectfully submit that's fundamentally wrong. It must
        be, we respectfully submit, part of the background, not
        only because it was in existence but also the whole
        thrust of this agreement is looking at the position or
        potentially the position on insolvency. If your
        Page 98
    Lordship is with us so far, then we respectfully submit your Lordship should be taking into account then what the statutory scheme is under the Act, and that of course provides the payment of all proved debts and then use of any surplus -- and we emphasise the word "surplus" -- remaining, et cetera, in paying interest on those debts in respect of the period to which they have been outstanding. That's rule 2.88(a)(1) that your Lordship was looking at before. It's all set out at 2.88(7). Your Lordship might like to look back it just to remind yourself. 2.88(7), "any surplus", I was just quoting from 2.88(7).
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: My Lord, payment of statutory interest, your Lordship was reminded, in administration only occurs under that rule, and that rule makes it clear that such payment only occurs once the administrators have in their hands a surplus remaining after payment of the debts proved.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Now, my Lord, there is a sub-point which your Lordship may have gathered. The sub-point in this application is whether the terms of the agreement, the sub-debt agreements, prevent my clients from proving in the sub-debt. Now, of course, as your Lordship knows, Page 99
there is a difference between, on the one hand, whether and when a debt is provable and whether and when it ranks the payment of the dividend (inaudible). Now, we say and submit that the way in which the sub-debt agreements are drafted doesn't affect my client's ability to prove, ie to fall within the definition of provable debts for the purpose of the rules. So it doesn't affect that. But it does affect the order in which payment out of the estate should be made. So, to be absolutely clear, my Lord, we accept that payment of dividends on a sub-debt should come after payment in full, ie a dividend of 100 p in the pound, of the unsubordinated unsecured creditors.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Now, my learned friend Mr Trower on Tuesday made a number of submissions where he emphasised the distinction between whether something was provable and whether something was payable. Your Lordship will remember those.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: My Lord, we urge your Lordship to note that, here, the draftsperson, the draftswoman, or whatever, of this agreement was concerned not to restrict or prohibit whether my clients can prove for its debt but simply when it is payable. If your Lordship looks at

Page 100
clause 5.1, that's page 219, that contains the subordination mechanism. It refers, your Lordship sees, the third line, to payment of any amount is conditional upon various things. So it doesn't make my client's ability to prove conditional upon the satisfaction of those conditions. There is in fact no reference in the agreement at all to proving and we say nothing to suggest that my clients or our client's claim is not provable. So it's payment only, nothing about provability.

Now, in the written submissions of LBIE -- for your Lordship's note, it's paragraph 32, sub-paragraph 1 -they say or submit there that clause 7(d) of the agreement prohibits my clients from proving in respect of the sub-debt if LBIE is solvent. Your Lordship will recall that. For the purposes of 5.2, that's what they submit. We respectfully submit that's incorrect. My Lord, it's worth looking carefully at clause 7(d), page 221, my Lord.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: "From and after the date of this agreement, or the effective date if earlier, the lender shall not, without prior written consent of the FSA, (d) attempt to retain repayment of any of the subordinated liabilities otherwise than in accordance with the terms of this Page 101

## agreement."

Now, that's not a prohibition on proving at all.
Proving, as your Lordship knows, is simply a process of registering a claim. This argument, my Lord, was not developed orally by my learned friend. For your Lordship's note, for the transcript of that day it is pages 38 to 39. Your Lordship reminded my learned friend what the point was, and my learned friend responded effectively that this was part of his case but he didn't really develop it. In our respectful submission, that's telling. But whether it's telling or not, we respectfully submit the submission is wrong.

In any event --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I think he relies also on 7(e).
MR TRACE: I think he does, "Take or admit any action", but in relation to whether or not it prevents proving, we have put forward our submission as to how it is to be construed.

But we say, in any event, my Lord, when one construes the agreement properly it does not matter whether we can prove for the debt at the start of the administration or subsequently, once all the unsecured unsubordinated claims have been paid in full, so long -and this is the critical thing -- we are entitled to payment once all the other creditors have been paid. So

Page 102
we say it's a point that doesn't really get us anywhere particularly, but there is a point there and we respectfully submit we have an answer to it but, even if we don't have an answer, we say it doesn't matter.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Just so we are clear, Mr Trower relies on it quite heavily for the purposes of 2.88(7).
MR TRACE: My Lord, yes. My Lord, we may not be proving at the start of the process, but one way or another we will be proving as Ms Hutton puts it.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, the question is when.
MR TRACE: Exactly. So we say there is a dispute between us there. Those are our submissions of the answer. Your Lordship sees the point.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, thank you.
MR TRACE: But, my Lord, we do respectfully agree with LBHI and say the debt in fact is and always has been provable in LBIE's administration. That is that little side alley. We say it doesn't really get us anywhere in terms of the guts of the case.

Now, my Lord, as to what we say our construction is, we say, respectfully, that there is nothing in the agreements to postpone payment or proof of the sub-debt beyond, at the latest, the time when all unsecured and unsubordinated debts have been paid. We say that's -let us start at the beginning, clause 5 . Under

Page 103
clause 5, payment of the sub-debts, the subordinated liabilities, is conditional on LBIE (that's the borrower) being solvent, as defined in clause 5.2. That's the starting point.

Then you look at clause 5.2 to decide when it is "solvent". You look at clause 5.2. It is solvent, on the wording, if it compares liabilities, as defined, other than the subordinated liabilities, as defined, and the excluded liabilities, that's (b), and "obligations which are not payable or capable of being established or determined in the insolvency of the borrower".

Now, we respectfully submit what that means and must mean is that the sub-debt is not payable unless LBIE can pay all the unsecured unsubordinated claims as well. However, if it can pay all such claims, which we say it must necessarily be able to do before the administrators have a surplus to be applied and paid in statutory interest, then the agreements permit my clients to be paid in respect of its sub-debt. At that point, we respectfully submit the borrower is solvent, that's 5.2 , for the purposes of clause 5.2, and therefore there is no borrower and payment of the subordinated liabilities, ie the sub-debt.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So the reference in 2(a) is to provable obligations.

Page 104

```
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE:We say that this fits in with the scheme. It's
    worth looking back at 2.88(7), if your Lordship still
    has it open, "Debts proved", is the phrase. We say
    that, after payment of the sub-debt, all debts proved,
    that word or those two words, have been paid as required
    by sub-rule 7 and then the administrators of LBIE may
    then and only then pay statutory interest.
    Now, orally my learned friend Mr Trower didn't
    address the question of how it is said that an agreement
    which doesn't prevent our clients from proving for the
    sub-debt before the payment of statutory interest has
    the effect of subordinating our sub-debt to statutory
    interest, given that the rules provide that statutory
    interest is payable only if there is a surplus after
    payment of the debts proved. That's worth saying again
    because it's a little dense. They just didn't deal with
    the point here. The point is simply this. If, as we
    say it is, the agreement doesn't prohibit my clients
    from proof of the sub-debt before the payment of
    statutory interest, if that's right, how is it that it
    has the effect -- I won't ask a rhetorical question -- I
    just can't see how it has the effect of subordinating my
    client's sub-debt to statutory interest, given that the
```

        Page 105
    rules provide that statutory interest is payable only if
    there is a surplus after payment of the debts proved.
    As I say, they didn't deal with that point, but what
        they do say is that they construe the agreements as
        effectively containing an agreement by my clients that
        it won't be paid in respect of the sub-debt until after
        the statutory interest has been paid, and it does so by
        saying that statutory interest payable under sub-rule 7
        and then under section 189(2) in any liquidation is
        within the definition of liabilities. That's what they
        say. Secondly, they say it's not within the definition
        of excluded liabilities. Thirdly, they say it's not
        within the category of obligations which are not payable
        or capable of being established or determined in the
        insolvency of the borrower, which is 2(a). So they say
        it is within liabilities and not within excluded
        liabilities and not within (a). That's how they do it.
            Now, what they cannot say is that the agreements
        address this issue head-on and make clear provisions
        that the sub-debt is to rank behind statutory interest
        because it doesn't mention it. In fact, it doesn't
        mention statutory interest at all anywhere in the
        agreement. We very strenuously urge upon your Lordship
        that it would be very surprising indeed if their
        construction was correct because one posits this
        Page 106
        way.
            Put the other way, my Lord, we respectfully submit
        that this agreement works perfectly well and is readily
        intelligible and, critically, entirely consistent with
        the statutory scheme. There are no contortions, to
        borrow my learned friend Mr Wolfson's phrase, necessary
        in relation to 2.88(7). Whereas their analysis does
        require those sort of contortions to be put into effect.
        It requires the court to try and work out what is this
        complete subordination, we say a very extreme form
        subordination.
            My Lord, we respectfully submit that either
        statutory interest is not within liabilities at all or,
        alternatively, it's not within excluded liabilities.
        So, my Lord --
        MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, it's either not within?
        MR TRACE: Liabilities at all or it's within --
        MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Or it is within.
        MR TRACE: -- excluded liabilities.
            Now, my Lord, let us look at liabilities and what
        the definition there is. We say it's not within this.
        Now, we have the words. We can all see what they say.
            "All present and future sums, liabilities and
        obligations payable or owed by the borrower, whether
        actual or contingent, jointly or severally or otherwise
                                Page 108
    held howsoever."
What they say -- and for your Lordship's reference, it's LBIE's opening submissions, paragraph 38 -- is that sub-rule 7 of 2.88 creates a liability or obligation of the company which is payable contingently, the contingencies being the payment in full of the debts proved and the existence of a surplus, or they say it's otherwise howsoever. So that's how they do it.

We say, my Lord, with respect, that 2.88(7) and section 189.2, what they do or the effect of the two together is they provide a mechanism which directs the officeholder as to how he is to apply the surplus in his hands. My Lord, it's worth looking at the words:
"Any surplus remaining after payment shall be applied."

Now, if that's right, my Lord -- and we respectfully submit on the wording that there can be no argument about it -- all that is is a direction as to how the surplus is to be applied. It therefore doesn't impose any liability or obligation on the company. It's simply a mechanism, a direction, guidance, however one phrases it, but what it is not saying is that there is an obligation being created or there is some sort of liability. My Lord, for our cross-referencing, that's our submissions, paragraph 32.

Put another way, my Lord, the words "all present and future sums", if one goes back to the definition of liabilities, "All present and future sums, liabilities and obligations payable or owing", we say are simply not apt in any way to describe the power given to the administrators to pay statutory interest.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It is more than a power.
I mean, as you said, it's a direction.
MR TRACE: It's a direction.
Now, my Lord, we are not making a point here that relies on a distinction between the identity of the administrators and the company, we are not making that, which is what my learned friend is focusing on in his oral submissions. Our submission -- and my learned friend said he wanted to see how we put it, this is how we put it -- is simply that the definition of liabilities is not apt to catch the application of any "surplus" by the administrators, pursuant to the direction given by $2.88(7)$ as to how to apply a surplus.

My Lord, we don't shrink at all from accepting that's a direction. A direction that something shall be done if there is a fund and somebody says, statutorily, "Well, this fund shall be applied in the following way", that doesn't create a liability, nor does it create an obligation, even if it's a direction, even if it's

Page 110
contained in an Act rather than a rule.
My Lord, it's also worth bearing in mind that we are talking here about a surplus by definition. It's very difficult to see, and we say actually impossible to see, how, if one has a surplus, anything that remains in that surplus can be a debt or a liability which would have to be recognised in any balance sheet or the sort of exercise, whatever it may be called, in 5.1(b).

Can I remind your Lordship what 5.1(b) is about, if one goes back at the top of page 220. Clearly, what the draftsperson of this document was trying to set out here and the parties were agreeing was obviously a subordination provision. Various things are being subordinated upon and conditional upon. Your Lordship sees (a). 1(b) helps in relation to solvency:
"The borrower being solvent at the time of and immediately after the payment by the borrower and, accordingly, no such amount will otherwise fall due or shall be payable, except to the extent the borrower could much such payment and still be solvent."

So there obviously was to be considered there some sort of what we have described as a balance sheet exercise. My Lord, in our respectful submission, it really is very, very difficult to see, and we would say actually impossible to see, how a payment from a surplus Page 111
can in some way be a debt or a liability recognised under that sort of arrangement. Instead, we respectfully submit, the direction in 2.88(7) and section 189.2, we say what it's intended to do is reflect the insolvency waterfall in a true sense, ie it identifies how any money which reaches this stage of the process is to be used.

Standing back from it, accepting the waterfall, once you get to this stage, you can only get to this stage once you have a surplus. Once you have the surplus, you then have directions, whatever it is. Even if it is an order, we say it doesn't create a debt or liability. It's directed how that surplus is to be used. It's to be used in a certain way. Whatever it is, it's not the sort of process that was going to be done under 5.1(b).

My Lord, it's also worth pondering for a few minutes just what the word "surplus" is or what does it mean. We respectfully submit that it means something that's left over, in its natural meaning, not something to which another creditor would agree to subordinate himself to. My Lord, that point is another point -I will come back to it in reply when I see how my learned friend deals with my point about legal impossibility, but this point about as practical point --

```
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am not quite sure what you are
    referring to there, Mr Trace, when you say a reply.
    I think that Mr Trower will have a right of reply. I
    don't think you will have a right of rebuttal or
    whatever it would be at that point.
MR TRACE: Under the timetable, my Lord --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Is there something in there?
    I have not looked at that carefully.
MR TRACE: I have some sort of reply on Wednesday,
    20 November.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Never mind. I am not going to
    be very difficult about it. The best thing would be to
    say as much as you can now.
MR TRACE: My Lord, that's an invitation I will take.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But not more than you can.
MR TRACE: As long as it's entertaining.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, quite.
MR TRACE: Being serious for a moment, the point about the
    surplus, the fact that we are only here when there is
    a surplus, is one of the problems just inherent if there
    is this subordination at all. How does it work? We
    respectfully submit that the fact that one has to go
    through these contortions to try and understand how on
    earth it can work, irrespective of legal impossibility,
    we say what it's looking at is when you get to this
```

Page 113
stage of the waterfall there is a surplus. A surplus
from what? One would have expected that any
subordination provisions would already have taken effect
and would have run their course by that stage.
Now, my Lord, what LBIE does in its supplemental
submissions -- for your Lordship's note and the
transcripts, it's paragraph 69 -- us having made our
submissions, they repeat that the definition of
liability is very wide. My Lord, that it may be, but
that doesn't answer this point. They also state that
LBIE is only to be regarded as solvent where it is able
to pay all its liability in full. My Lord, we have to
confess we don't actually understand that submission.
We don't know where it goes. That appears to be what
they say the construction of this agreement is. But we
don't see, with respect, even if they are right, where
that gets anybody. What they have to try and do is they
have to establish, somehow or other, that statutory
interest is a liability as defined in the sub-debt
agreement.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: The fact that liabilities may be wide and the
fact that solvency may have a wide meaning -- we say
quite the reverse actually. Solvency has a specific
meaning and the fact that it has that specific meaning
Page 114
one once you understand it, they say it's a contingent
liability. It has to be accepted that until that
contingency is satisfied, ie unless and until there has
been payment in full of our debts, the company has no
liability. If those two premises are correct, which we
say they are, we say as a result we cannot be
subordinated to that liability until our debts are
proved because until then it doesn't exist.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am not sure I do follow your
point. I mean, the definition of liability includes
contingent liabilities.
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So I don't quite follow your
argument that at the stage at which you say that until
satisfaction of the contingency there is no liability.
MR TRACE: My Lord, put another way, until our proved debts
have been paid there won't be a surplus.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right.
MR TRACE: So we say that there will never be a liability to
pay statutory interest, which ranks ahead of our
sub-debt.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: There won't be an actual
liability. There won't be a present liability. But the
premise from which Mr Trower proceeds is that there is
a contingent liability from the start.
Page 116

29 (Pages 113 to 116)

```
MR TRACE:My Lord, that's a contingent liability that we
    say, looking at it from the beginning and taking the
    steps that they are, until those contingencies are
    satisfied the liability cannot exist. What we are
    looking at is is it a liability, a contingent liability.
    We say --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Let us suppose that all the
    provable unsubordinated debts are paid in full and there
    is £10 million there.
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Now, at that point interest is
    payable out of that surplus.
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So how do you satisfy 5.1(b) at
    that point?
MR TRACE: My Lord, we simply say that until our sub-debt is
    paid no liability to -- there is no surplus from which
    statutory interest can be paid.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Ah, because you say you are
    entitled to prove before the statutory interest.
MR TRACE: Correct.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Well, that's why Mr Trower
    relies on 7(d) and (e). So that's why that argument,
    far from being a byway, is actually quite important.
MR TRACE: My Lord, I have made the submission.
```

Page 117
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I see. Can I ask you this.
I want to ask you at some point. I will ask you now.
I don't want to take you out of your course.
MR TRACE: Not at all.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: One does have to bear in mind
that $5.1(\mathrm{~b})$ operates both while the company is a going
concern and after it goes into insolvency.
MR TRACE: My Lord, yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Now, if you had a situation --
supposing the company, the borrower, had in mind to
repay some subordinated debt on 1 December. 5.1(b)
would have to be satisfied immediately after that. At
1 December, there will have accrued interest on debts of
the borrower.
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Particularly if it's a financial
institution and even more so if it's a bank, which will
not have been paid but it will have been perhaps
credited to accounts or be awaiting crediting. Now,
I take it that on 1 December 5.1(b) would require the
company to have assets after repayment of any
subordinated debts sufficient to pay all that interest.
MR TRACE: I think that must be right.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It must be.
MR TRACE: Certainly there is some sort of exercise that

|  | can be issued to a company outside insolvency | 1 | opinion of the insolvency officer or the borrower do, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | circumstances so it's possible that that could happen. | 2 | rank junior to the subordinated liabilities in any |
| 3 | Again, on the two scenarios I am giving you, in the | 3 | insolvency of the borrower." |
| 4 | first the contribution notice would create a liability, | 4 | Now, it talks about liabilities which are "expressed |
| 5 | which as it seems to me would clearly have to be taken | 5 | to be". In our respectful submission, that can only |
| 6 | account of when applying 5.1(b). However, if the | 6 | mean a reference to -- and it supports our earlier |
| 7 | contribution notice had been issued between the date of | 7 | arguments about why one must look and take into account |
| 8 | the commencement of the insolvency and the date when the | 8 | the Insolvency Act and the rules because expressed to be |
| 9 | possibility of repayment of subordinated debts arose, as | 9 | must be expressed somewhere. We say that must be |
| 10 | I understand it, you say, well, you wouldn't be | 10 | a reference to something expressed in the Act or the |
| 11 | subordinated to the contribution notice. I think that's | 11 | rules to rank junior to the subordinated debt. Now, we |
| 12 | just a different example of the same point, but it's an | 12 | make that submission just as a submission in itself |
| 13 | example taken from non-provable debts as opposed to | 13 | because it talks about expressed. We then look in the |
| 14 | statutory interest. But by all means come back to me on | 14 | agreement to see, well, does the agreement itself say |
| 15 | that. | 15 | anything about any specific liability being junior to |
| 16 | MR TRACE: My Lord, I will come back obviously. Because | 16 | the subordinated liabilities and it doesn't. None of |
| 17 | your Lordship has asked a question I will answer it. | 17 | the agreements do. |
| 18 | But, my Lord, what it doesn't answer -- let us assume | 18 | We point to the fact in support, thirdly, that it |
| 19 | your Lordship is right. What it doesn't answer is our | 19 | says "expressed to be", et cetera, et cetera, "to be |
| 20 | very simple construction point that it would be very | 20 | ranked junior in any insolvency of the borrower". It's |
| 21 | surprising if there had been us being pushed right the | 21 | difficult to see how the expression can be something |
| 22 | way down. That point remains. So my initial answer, | 22 | other than that when it actually expressly talks about, |
| 23 | but I will think about it, is that there may be points | 23 | don the pun, insolvency. Insolvency in its own |
| 24 | on a spectrum. The fact there may be points on | 24 | ition, as we have seen, means some sort of formal |
| 25 | a spectrum, the more I think about it the more I think Page 121 | 25 | insolvency process. It's difficult to see how the Page 123 |
| 1 | it's actually a point in my favour because what one | 1 | reference to the opinion of the insolvency officer, |
| 2 | would have expected the draftswoman of this document | 2 | ficer for the borrower, can mean other than someone |
| 3 | do is to say, well, we have to make absolutely clear | 3 | who has been appointed to administer assets in the |
| 4 | what the subordination is. If there are potential | 4 | course of some insolvency. |
| 5 | shades of grey or whatever and doubts about it, what you | 5 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, it's defined, isn't it? |
| 6 | would have expected was this agreement to sort it out. | 6 | MR TRACE: Indeed, insolvency officer is so defined. |
| 7 | The fact there is nothing there at all, my present | 7 | So, my Lord, not only does one have what one would |
| 8 | submission would be to say it actually helps us rath | 8 | have thought was the case by looking at the words, it |
| 9 | than hinders us. | 9 | talks about "expressed to be", it talks about |
| 10 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I see. Right. | 10 | insolvency, it talks about ranking junior to the |
| 11 | MR TRACE: But I will think about it, my Lord. | 11 | subordinated liabilities. There is nothing in the |
| 12 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. | 12 | agreement that talks about that. It then talks about |
| 13 | MR TRACE: My Lord, that's all we wanted to say about that | 13 | insolvency and, as your Lordship has correctly pointed |
| 14 | we are not within the definition of liabilities. The | 14 | out, insolvency officer itself is defined at the bottom |
| 15 | next matter is we say we are within excluded | 15 | of that definition page. |
| 16 | liabilities. | 16 | Therefore, if statutory interest is a liability, |
| 17 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. | 17 | contrary to our earlier arguments, it's therefore |
| 18 | MR TRACE: Now, we will obviously have to meet this | 18 | clearly, in our respectful submission, an excluded |
| 19 | argument. If your Lordship finds that rule 2.88(7) or | 19 | liability on the basis that it's expressed by the rules |
| 20 | section 189.2 does impose a liability and obligation on | 20 | to be junior to the subordinated liabilities. The |
| 21 | the company, then we respectfully submit it's within the | 21 | liabilities expressed to be junior to the subordinated |
| 22 | category of excluded liabilities. | 22 | liabilities in any insolvency of the borrower are the |
| 23 | My Lord, let us look again at the definition of | 23 | liabilities which rank below payment of unsecured |
| 24 | excluded liabilities. Excluded liabilities means: | 24 | provable debts in the statutory priority of payments |
| 25 | "Liabilities which are expressed to be, and in the Page 122 | 25 | (ie, using the Nortel list, statutory interest, Page 124 |

non-provable liabilities and sums due to shareholders in their capacity as such). For your Lordship's note, it's paragraph 39 of course of Nortel. In our submissions, it's paragraph 33.

If your Lordship wants to go back to it, it's pages 14 and 15.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, thank you.
MR TRACE: Of our initial submissions.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Now, my Lord, LBIE's response, for your Lordship's note, is paragraph 72 and footnote 25 in their supplemental submissions. They, first of all, say:
"Statutory interest is nowhere expressed to rank junior to the subordinated liabilities in any insolvency of the borrower."

That's what they say.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: This is paragraph 52, is it?
MR TRACE: It's paragraph 72 and footnote 25 . It's in their supplemental.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, paragraph 72. Yes.
MR TRACE: The passage I am quoting is just at the top of page 26.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Our answer to that, my Lord, our submission is
Page 125
this: we say it is expressed to rank junior because the statutory scheme provides that statutory interest is payable after provable debts. We respectfully submit that the closing words of the definition, if one goes back to it at page 216, the closing words of excluded liabilities, "in any insolvency of the borrower", support our position that the expression or the word "expressed", if one is looking for an expression, where is the expression, we respectfully submit that can only be the statutory scheme rather than any other context, particularly as there is nothing in the agreement itself.

What they also say, my Lord, is that statutory interest does not rank junior to the subordinated liabilities in the opinion of LBIE's administrators, as required by the definition. In our respectful submission, when one looks to see how does one construe excluded liabilities, and it's talking about "expressed to be and in the opinion of the insolvency officer do", that must require an informed decision by an administrator in accordance with the scheme, if appropriate on legal advice. Where, here, we say the very issue in this application by those administrators, we respectfully submit that the correct way is for the administrator effectively to leave that judgment to the

1 judgment of the court rather than boldly asserting that,
"In their opinion, X, Y and Z ..."

In fact, my Lord, and we do make this point, there is no evidence -- I have already made the point about such evidence there is, nothing about the regulatory scheme -- from the administrators and all there is is this assertion in the supplemental submissions. My Lord, standing back from it, that must be right, with the greatest of respect to my learned friends. Excluded liabilities in the agreement, when it's looking at what is going to happen in an insolvency, and there is an issue of this importance that has to be decided by the court and everyone accepts it should be decided by the court, the idea that an insolvency officer can just simply say, "Oh, we think A, B and C. That is what we, on one side of the court consider is the position", however honestly held, in our submission, cannot be enough. I am not for one minute suggesting there is anything wrong with the opinion, but in a situation like this, in our submission, effectively that opinion cannot be given until after your Lordship has ruled.

My Lord, they also say -- and it's worth looking again; this is in their footnote on page 26, it's footnote 25 -- they talk about the standard form agreement. Your Lordship sees that?

## MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.

MR TRACE: It's in footnote 25.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry, yes.
MR TRACE: I have dealt with express means expressed in the Act, this is wrong, natural meaning, et cetera, the reference in the opinion would make no sense, et cetera.
Then it says:
"Given that the standard form agreement could be used in circumstances where there were also junior liabilities which the parties wish to subordinate, the subordinated liabilities are relevant. There are in fact no such junior liabilities in the agreement as between LBHI2 and LBIE or in any other agreement."
In our respectful submission, it makes far more sense, and indeed would be correct, for an appeal to the opinion of the insolvency officer if the question that the insolvency officer is asked to answer is how something is ranked in the insolvency scheme rather than the question of how it's ranked in the contract. My Lord, that's important because it builds on our submission as to what excluded liabilities means and what express means, express being something in the insolvency regime. It would be very odd indeed, in our respectful submission, if the mere fact that it was a standard form contract means in some way -- well,

## anything really.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Do you go so far as to say that
if there were a subordinated loan agreement which expressly provided that the loan under that agreement was subordinated to these loans that they would not be excluded liabilities?
MR TRACE: No, because there it would be absolutely clear.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It is not expressed in the
rules, but it's expressed in the subordination
agreement. That would fit within this.
MR TRACE: That would fit because that would be an express contract.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Indeed. Yes, quite. So what
you say is when it talks about something being express
that may be in an agreement, typically perhaps the agreement creating the liability, or it may be in legislation such as the Insolvency Rules and the Act.
MR TRACE: Yes. I won't repeat the point as I have already made it, but the fact that there isn't anything express in this agreement is very supportive of our construction. We say it can only be expressed, it can only mean actually expressed effectively in the scheme.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I mean, there could be, couldn't
there, further subordinated loan agreements made after the date of this agreement?

Page 129

MR TRACE: Of course. We are at cross purposes, my Lord.
Of course if this was part of a trio of documents, as it
is here, a collection of documents and in a later one they said, "For the purposes of this agreement, express" --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, either in one of the contemporaneous ones, which as you say they are not, or in subsequent ones.

MR TRACE: Or subsequent ones. We have no problem with that.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I see.
MR TRACE: My Lord, I have already said that the effect of the LBIE and Lydian analysis is that the sub-debt claim is pushed right the way down to the very bottom of the list. I have made that point already. But building on that, we respectfully submit that it's, in our respectful submission, particularly unlikely on that analysis that there be any question of pushing a junior debt further down the list of priorities. On their analysis, the junior debt would effectively never fall to be repaid.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Junior to your debt, you mean? MR TRACE: Correct.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But it might if there was enough available.

Page 130

> MR TRACE: I suppose, potentially.
> MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But it would rank ahead of shareholders.
> MR TRACE: Yes. Lastly on this point, LBIE's submission that this -- I am trying to find the right wording -empty category is in the agreements because it's a redundant part of the standard form, I have just made that point, effectively amounts to a submission that the parties left in a definition which should have been deleted, ie it's effectively a submission that the draftswoman made a mistake. In our respectful submission, the court should be very loathe to say that something has been put in in a document that's as carefully drafted as this that doesn't have some full meaning.
> MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: What are you referring to there?
> MR TRACE: What they say, it's the bit they talk about in their footnote 25.
> MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
> MR TRACE: Given that the standard form agreement could be used in certain circumstances but also junior liabilities.
> MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I think that's a reference to a subsequent use of basically this template, but including specifically a subordination to these

Page 131
agreements.
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I don't think it's an empty
definition. On the facts of this case they say it's empty, but that doesn't mean it was always going to be empty.
MR TRACE: With respect, my Lord, no. What they are saying is it's irrelevant that there in fact no such junior liabilities. What they are saying is, "Here is a clause that refers to things that are in fact irrelevant."
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It's simply a clause in agreement which doesn't bite, they say, but that's because there wasn't a subsequent subordination agreement. That's their case. It doesn't render the definition otiose when the agreement was made.
MR TRACE: No, I am not suggesting it does.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Okay.
MR TRACE: But what we are seeking to do, my Lord, is to say that when you put those points together we say actually the standard clause is helpful to us rather than hinders us. But that is a standard clause that's been put in and the parties have thought, well, what's going to be covered and what's not covered, and they haven't covered various things. I am developing a point I think I will be answering your Lordship on Monday in relation to your

Page 132

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Mr Trace.
MR TRACE: My Lord, two points that I know your Lordship was very not troubled but interested in, in 7(d) and (e) of the agreement, your Lordship will remember on page 221.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship said that point may have more significance. One point that's worth bearing in mind under 7(e), which I know your Lordship was interested in, I will just remind your Lordship of the wording. That's on 221. It talks about "take or admit to take any action whereby the subordination of the sub-liabilities or any part of them to senior liabilities might be terminated, impaired or adversely affected".

Now, my Lord, the proof that was put in is in the same bundles, a few pages back, 197. It's worth looking at that. Does your Lordship have 197?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I have it, yes.
MR TRACE: If your Lordship drops down to (3), the third box down, "Claim relating". Does your Lordship see that? Your Lordship will see the general and the company unsecured balance; that's the 38 million.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Then you have the inter-company notes subordinated that is referred to 1.254 -odd billion.

Page 134

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship will remember I was making the point about the difference between proof and seeking payment. My Lord, our short point is, to answer the 7(e) point your Lordship raised, simply submitting a proof is not seeking payment in priority or in any way inconsistent with our rights of subordination.
My Lord, there is a similar point while we are on this point, $4(\mathrm{v})$ of the sub-debt agreements, which is page 219.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: "Subject to (vi) below, the lender may, at its discretion, subject as provided in the agreement, institute proceedings in the insolvency of the borrower to enforce any obligation, condition or provision binding on the borrower under this agreement, other than any obligation for payment of principal moneys or interest in respect of the loan or any above, provided that the borrower shall not, by virtue of the institution of any such proceedings for the insolvency borrower, be obliged to pay any sum or sums sooner than the same would otherwise be payable by it."
So clearly the draftsperson of this agreement was looking at the way of what was allowed. We respectfully submit that it's another instance of showing that simply Page 135
submitting a proof -- we can take steps so long effectively as we don't prejudice the position.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: My Lord, I think I did stress the point, and
Ms Hutton rightly points out that if you go back to 197 we do expressly state in the proof that it's subordinated. Page 197.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You have lodged it. Obviously whether you are entitled to lodge a proof of the subordinated debt in a sense is an issue on this application.
MR TRACE: Absolutely.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: If the answer is you cannot, then you will have to retract it, or whatever the proper approach would be, yes.
MR TRACE: Now, my Lord, what I was asking your Lordship to do just before we rose was to have a look at LBIE's submissions at paragraphs 39 to 43 .
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Is this in their supplemental? MR TRACE: Their original.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Thank you.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship has read this, but if your Lordship can remind yourself of what they say. They say as to what we appear to say and then they make various construction points. They say that the result we are

|  | doing would be absurd; that is 43 and that's how they |  | dey dont exist at |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | conclude. We respectfully submit that what has happened | 2 | tirely support what Mr Wolfson has said, and I will |
| 3 | here is a mischaracterisation of our arguments. Our | 3 | back to this later. But in any event it doesn't |
| 4 | guments and our submission to your Lordship is that | 4 | r, and I have already made this point earlier in |
| 5 | subordination out of the statutory priority order is not |  | ion to the Eckhart point, because they rank behind |
| 6 | missible. I have made that point. Secondly, and in |  | our claims. So when your Lordship is wondering how do |
| 7 | $y$ event, the agreements don't provide for | 7 | ency conversion claims fit into this construction |
| 8 | subordination to that extent but only subordination to | 8 | part of the case, we say they are utterly irrelevant. |
| 9 | LBIE's other unsecured debts. There is nothing absurd | 9 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Ye |
| 10 | out that. What's surprising, which is the submission | 10 | RACE: My Lord, so far as the |
| 11 | ve made -- and I am not going to characterise it as | 11 | and that is both in respect of my client's claims, and |
| 12 | surd, but we do say it's very striking and odd -- is | 12 | 's claims, for your Lordship's note, the submissions |
| 13 | ere would be any further subordina | 13 | made my learned friend are in my learn |
| 14 | I have already made my submission. | 14 | Mr Trower's opening submissions. It is paragraphs 59 |
| 15 | They go on, and again just to remind your Lordship | 15 | d 60 and 61 to 69. There what he does is base himself |
| 16 | what they say, at 45 to 50. They discus | 16 | equitable rule, we are going to deal with |
| 17 | -provable liabilities generally. What they say -- | 17 | able rule separately. Rather like Mr Wolfson we |
| 18 | and they make submissions about how they are liabilities | 18 | trying to do this treating it in compartments. It |
| 19 | so they say they rank ahead of the liabilities of my | 19 | easy, I hav |
| 20 | ent's sub-debt. Our short answer to this point is | 20 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Not easy. |
|  | he position of non-provable | 21 | MR TRACE: But anyway we are doing our best. But my Lord |
|  | cy conversion claims follows on from that | 22 | mary headline points are this; we say that unless |
| 23 | ry | 23 | ade by a liquidator of LBIE, the |
|  | ble until after payment | 24 | app |
| 25 | can be no question of non-provable liabilities being Page 137 | 25 | unsubordinated claims of the members, ie our 38 million Page 139 |
| 1 | d until after all | 1 | d and LBL's 363 million odd, rank for pay |
| 2 | in full | 2 | other unsecured debts, in other words on our version |
| 3 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Including yours. | 3 | the waterfall, before the payment of the subordinated |
| 4 | MR TRACE: Yes. Accordingly, if that's right, and we | 4 | bilities, and before on LBIE's version of the |
| 5 | respectfully say it is, ie all proved debts are paid | 5 | waterfall the payment of statutory interes |
| 6 | including ours, consistent with the arguments and | 6 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 7 | submissions we make to your Lordship, there | 7 | MR TRACE: Now here again, LBHI, Mr Isaacs' clients, they |
| 8 | Liability in respect of any of those non-provable claim | 8 | put this slightly differently. My Lord, I am going to |
| 9 | until all proved debts, including the sub-debt, have | 9 | leave that to Mr Isaacs. Now my Lord what I have sought |
| 10 | been paid in full. | 10 | to do or what we have sought to do there -- we have |
|  | (3.14 pm) | 11 | obviously said a lot more than that in the text, both in |
| 12 | MR TRACE: And that is how it works. My Lord, we have | 12 | the opening submissions and in supplemental |
| 13 | a further argument, and in any event argument. It is | 13 | submissions -- is explain the kernel of the points. |
| 14 | a submission that I was going to make, but perhaps | 14 | Going back to the six points that I put at the |
| 15 | better made -- Ms (inaudible) is probably right | 15 | eginning, I have dealt with already the legally |
| 16 | ion to the currency conversion claims, so I won' | 16 | possible, and I have no further submissions to make |
| 17 | make it now, if I | 17 | relation to that. The second one was about the context. |
| 18 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Okay, fine | 18 | ave made various points, ie against the background of |
| 19 | MR TRACE: My Lord, it is worth just staying a little bit | 19 | e legislative insolvency scheme. I have made various |
| 20 | though about currency conversion claims at this point, | 20 | ints in relation to that at various points, but one |
| 21 | so your Lordship sees how they fit in. Whether any such | 21 | st not forget, in our respectful submission, the |
| 22 | m exists -- for your Lordship's note it is LBIE's | 22 | erarching point that before you ever get to the |
| 23 | ssions 51 to 58, and they say why they are thes | 23 | -sub-textual points in the agreement, there is the |
| 24 | rency conversion claims, we say two things, so | 24 | overarching point (several inaudible words) ask the |
| 25 | your Lordship understands where we are going on this. Page 138 | 25 | question. When one is considering what it means, we Page 140 |


|  | respectfully submit | 1 | missions. For your Lordship's note, the |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | there, because given the background and given the fact | 2 | rence is paragraphs 82 to 85 . This is the |
| 3 | that there is nothing in it that requires any such | 3 | Section 74 point, my Lord. |
| 4 | construction, we say the construction that we favour | 4 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 5 | should be accepted by your Lordship. On the third point | 5 | MR TRACE: My Lord, it is perhaps worth looking at |
| 6 | about whether it is liabilities, et cetera, I have | 6 | Section 74. I am sure your Lordship is well aware of |
| 7 | developed that. The fourth point, nothing in the | 7 | it. Under Section 74, my Lord -- does your Lordship |
| 8 | agreement restricts us from proving, I have made that | 8 | have it now? |
| 9 | point at various stages, we say there is not anything | 9 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I do. |
| 10 | there, and actually it is very telling that it isn't. | 10 | MR TRACE: The liability of the contributories is for any |
| 11 | The fifth point is the surprising point given | 11 | amount sufficient for payment of its debts and |
| 12 | particularly the regulatory background. There is really | 12 | liabilities, and the expenses of the winding up and for |
| 13 | nothing more to say. That is either a good point or it | 13 | the adjustment, as it were, of the rights of the |
| 14 | is not. We respectfully submit it is a good point. The | 14 | contributors amongst themselves. |
| 15 | sixth and last point, again, my Lord, we do urge | 15 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Ye |
| 16 | your Lordship to bear in mind, and that is why I took | 16 | MR TRACE: Now our position -- my Lord, for your Lordship's |
| 17 | your Lordship to the authorities, that to suggest that | 17 | note, it is our submissions, paragraph 81 -- is that the |
| 18 | our claims go right the way down to the bottom of the | 18 | sums falling within the debts and liabilities, |
| 19 | waterfall in this way, we respectfully submit would need | 19 | quote, unquote, of LBIE for these purposes are proveable |
| 20 | very, very clear words, and they are not there. What my | 20 | debts within the meaning of 12.3 of the rules and 13.12. |
| 21 | learned friend, with respect, has tried to do, and he | 21 | say that is the position, because we respectfully |
| 22 | has tucked things away in footnotes and made all these | 22 | mit that is clearly the correct construction of the |
| 23 | little points, but they are very, very, very | 23 | legislation. Now Mr Isaacs has dealt with this in |
| 24 | sub-sub-points. When one stands back from it and says | 24 | detail at paragraphs 56 and following of his |
| 25 | "What on earth is this agreement? What does this mean? <br> Page 141 | 25 | submissions. My Lord, we are going to leave it to Page 143 |
| 1 | at is it about"? Does it actually mean that my | 1 | r Isaacs to develop those submissions, but we do have |
| 2 | nts are subordinated right the way | 2 | one or two points that we consider would be helpful for |
| 3 | terfall. We say absolutely not, plain as day. So | 3 | your Lordship. We obviously adopt everything Mr Isaacs |
| 4 | my Lord that is all we want to say on the sub-debt. | 4 | says and we agree with it. But in our respectful |
| 5 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I think looking at the opening | 5 | submission there are a couple of points that are |
| 6 | submissions, it does look as if Mr Isaacs is perhaps | 6 | additional points that add weight to the fact, in our |
| 7 | going to take me to the regulatory and legislative | 7 | bmission we say, that statutory interest is not |
| 8 | background. Subordinate -- | 8 | a component of the Section 747 liability. My Lord, what |
| 9 | MR TRACE: He is going to go to the regulatory in detail | 9 | we will do, if me say, is we will deal quite separately |
| 10 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. | 10 | with the question of whether there are non-proveable |
| 11 | MR TRACE: My Lord, I don't want to trespass on Mr Isaacs. | 11 | claims of the type contended for LBIE and Lydian, |
| 12 | I am looking forward to it | 12 | ie currency conversion, we will come to that at the end, |
| 13 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, that's fine. Of course. | 13 | but they come into this. Now in our respectful |
| 14 | MR ISAACS: My Lord, I believe Mr Trower is going to deal | 14 | submission, our construction is consistent with the |
| 15 | with the financial resources requirement. | 15 | policy in the scheme and the insolvency scheme as |
| 16 | MR TRACE: My Lord, just a taster of that, but only | 16 | a whole. The reason we say that is that the scheme as |
| 17 | a taster, the invitation to speak not too long is | 17 | a whole requires the assets of the company in the hands |
| 18 | accepted. Your Lordship might like to look or make | 18 | of the liquidator to be applied after payment of the top |
| 19 | a note at the very least. It is my learned friend, | 19 | tiers of the Lord Neuberger waterfall, pari passu in |
| 20 | Mr Isaacs' submissions, paragraphs 114 and 115 | 20 | yment of proveable debts. So that is the aim of the |
| 21 | particularly. | 21 | scheme. Firstly, my Lord, as part of that aim, the |
| 22 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Okay | 22 | eme includes a broad definition of proveable debts, |
| 23 | MR TRACE: My Lord, the next area we would like to go to | 23 | and the scheme provides that some debts and obligations |
| 24 | again is what are the components of the call liability. | 24 | are not payable. For example, contractual interest, |
| 25 | Now my Lord we dealt with this relatively briefly in our Page 142 | 25 | after the relevant date is not proveable. Your Lordship Page 144 |


|  |  |  | proved debts, before -- and this is critical -- there |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 | relevant date to ensure a pari passu distribution |  |  |
| 4 | that is the aim -- with the consequence that if there i |  | proveable debts and non-proveable debts, |
| 5 | actual |  | respectfully submit that it is totally consistent with |
| 6 | between the foreign currency value of the claim and the |  |  |
| 7 | sterling value that is not proveable. But that is the |  | exp |
| 8 |  | 8 |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |
| 10 | as |  | - |
|  | certain we categorise in -- the way he puts it is swin |  |  |
|  | and roundabouts, because that sounds a bit -- well | 12 | veable claims here can or should be pro |
|  | (a) | 13 | bity. We are not in the 1 \& N situation |
|  |  |  | USTICE DAVID RICHARDS |
|  |  |  | MR TRACE: So if your Lordship is with us so far, we then |
| 16 | that the scheme is -- and it is always useful to fin | 16 | have to construe 2887 and Section 1892. I say we have |
| 17 |  | 17 | 't have to, but your Lordship has |
|  | a pari passu distribution and so the (inaudible) | 18 |  |
| 19 | legislation are trying to find a principle that r |  | R JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am afraid s |
| 20 | through the whole thing. We | 20 | MR TRACE: But my Lord, looking |
| 2 | readily intelligible how Sectio | 21 |  |
|  | But that is the principle. We say the aim is pari passu | 22 | e respectfully submit that wh |
|  | distribution, although it may be that | 23 | onsidered is whether the treatment of |
|  | fir | 24 | rplus, that is the word, is existing in the hands |
| 25 | it doesn't matter, because the principl Page 145 | 25 | a liquidator, after the payment of proved debts, debts Page 147 |
| 1 | distribution. My Lord, what is important is, it is not just pari passu distribution, it is pari passu distribution in payment of proveable debts. So what the aim of the scheme is is to look at proveable debts. The policy that runs all the way through it is to have some sort of pari passu distribution. As I say, there may be wriggles, wrinkles at the edges, we say it matters not. Now why, one asks, have they got these exclusions? What is the thread that runs through those? We respectfully submit that the policy is effectively to permit worthwhile claims to be proved. The classic example of that is after the T \& N decision, the amendment of the rules in respect of tort claims. If that is right, and we respectfully submit it is right, and those steps in the process are -- there is a fundamental principle of pari passu distribution, there is a fundamental principle of looking at proved claims, there is a fundamental principle of letting worthwhile claims through, the net result of that trio of propositions, is that there is a very marked distinction drawn, as a matter of policy, between proveable and non-proveable debts. We respectfully submit that the most obvious marker is the fact that statutory interest falls to be paid on all proveable debts, once the liquidator has a surplus remaining in his hands after payment of all Page 146 | 1 |  |
| 2 |  | 2 | my |
| 3 |  | 3 | ition to the question of whether the statutory |
| 4 |  | 4 | veable liabilit |
| 5 |  | 5 | is prior question |
| 6 |  | 6 | CE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, the statutory interest is |
| 7 |  | 7 | oveable liability, that is common groun |
| 8 |  | 8 | , |
| 9 |  | 9 | R JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It is a separate question from |
| 10 |  | 10 | of construction under the subordination |
|  |  | 11 | agreement. That is clear, yes. |
|  |  | 12 | R TRACE: Yes, yes. Now so far so good, we respectfully |
|  |  | 13 | t. There is then a prior question as to whether |
| 14 |  | 14 | liability for the purposes of rule 13.12 at all |
| 15 |  | 15 | ow in our respectful submission, it is not. We say |
| 16 |  | 16 | ber of reasons. We say first of all, |
| 17 |  | 17 | rule |
| 18 |  | 18 | ule 7, 288, are not apt to impose any liability. |
|  |  | 19 | respectfully submit that they must have been |
| 20 |  | 20 | liberately chosen not to impose a liability. I made |
| 21 |  | 21 | is submission in a slightly different context before |
| 22 |  | 22 | I was accepting that it was a direction. What it |
| 23 |  | 23 | espectfully submit, is simply a direction to th |
| 2 |  | 24 | quidator as to how to deal with remaining funds in his |
| 25 |  | 25 | hands or her hands, after payments of proveable debts |
|  |  |  | Page 148 |


| 1 | and liabilities. That is all it is. We say that must |
| ---: | :--- |
| 2 | be right, because that is why the word "surplus" has |
| 3 | been used, because a payment that is not made from |
| 4 | a surplus is not a debtor liability, which would have to |
| 5 | be recognised in a balance sheet. Nor is it a liability |
| 6 | with which an office holder will have to consider in |
| 7 | drawing up his statement of affairs and accounts, to |
| 8 | calculate dividends, for example. It is a surplus. |
| 9 | Mr Wolfson made your point, for his Lordship's |
| 10 | reference, and we adopt it, was on Thursday, my Lord, |
| 11 | page 151, lines 8 to 21 and the same point -- |
| 12 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Just give me that again, page -- |
| 13 | MR TRACE: It is pages 151. |
| 14 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: 151. |
| 15 | MR TRACE: Lines 8 to 21. |
| 16 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Thank you. Yes. |
| 17 | MR TRACE: LBHI make the same point in their written |
| 18 | submissions, that looking at whether there is a surplus |
| 19 | means that making a call for the payment of statutory |
| 20 | interest would create the liability it is intended to |
| 21 | satisfy. It is completely circular. Instead, we |
| 22 | respectfully submit that the direction, if that is what |
| 23 | it is, and I am happy to use those words -- the |
| 24 | direction in sub-rule 7 and Section 1892 is, we say, |
| 25 | intended to reflect the insolvency waterfall in the |

Page 149
truest sense. It identifies how any money that reaches the stage we now have reached, ie the stage of a surplus, is to be used. There is another small but important point, and it is again (inaudible) to the to the submission that I made earlier in relation to construction. Surplus, by its very phrase, in our respectful submission, means something to which presumably someone is not meant to contribute, because it is by definition a surplus. It is left over after various people have already contributed. A surplus is the rump. It is what is left. It is the balance. We say it goes more than that, a fortiori, if that is right, because of the very word in surplus, it can't be something that the office holder can be under any obligation to call for funds to constitute. The fund has already been constituted. It is a surplus. By definition, people have already contributed. There is nothing left to be called for, we respectfully submit.

Now what my learned friends, Mr Trower and Mr Zacaroli have done, is that they have realised, we respectfully submit, their predicament here and the weakness of their grounds, and what they have done is to try to focus on the point of the adjustment, and they focus on that a lot. What they say is, as we understand the submission, "Oh well, when you construe Section 74

Page 150
properly it includes a liability for statutory interest, currency conversion claims and non-proveable liabilities", because they say Section 74 uses this phrase "Call for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors amongst themselves". That is what they base this all on. My Lord, if your Lordship wants to have it, just for your Lordship's note, it is in LBIE's written submissions at paragraph 91, and it is in Lydian's written submissions at paragraph 37. With the greatest respect, this argument just does not work at all. For our part, my Lord, we are very happy to adopt the way Mr Isaacs and Mr Arnold put it in their reply submissions, paragraph 21. The point that is put is this; the liability of members to contribute for an adjustment is simply a means for adjusting between the holders for fully and partly paid shares. That is all it means. They cite a couple of cases. I don't propose to go through them, because they will be dealing with that. Your Lordship may also like to know that in the same extract that I showed your Lordship from the 1902 edition of Buckley, if your Lordship would be so kind to take that out again. If your Lordship turns on, we have dealt with the four, the point about the Gibbs.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: Your Lordship will remember that. That was the Page 151
first two pages. Then we skipped a little bit. If we then pick it up again, it is the next sheet. It is 334 , your Lordship is at that top left-hand page.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I have got that, yes.
MR TRACE: If your Lordship then looks on the right, the learned editors are discussing, just so your Lordship sees the context, what was Section 109 --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Oh yes.
MR TRACE: Which is on the bottom left. Does your Lordship see that?

## MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.

MR TRACE: "The court shall adjust the rights, et cetera, to amongst themselves and distribute any surplus."

How the learned editors of Buckley in 1902 saw that, if your Lordship looks over on the right-hand page, 335, third full paragraph that begins:
"A holder OF fully paid up shares ... "
Does your Lordship see that?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I do.
MR TRACE: "A holder of fully paid up shares is a contributory within the meaning ... (reading to the words) ... fully paid up shareholders."

Then there is the next paragraph:
"And so clear is the right of shareholders who have paid ... (reading to the words) ... the shares."

Page 152

There is a reference. My Lord, the last passage that we would like to show you, if your Lordship turns to the last page in that clip, page 371. If your Lordship looks down, it is the third full paragraph on page 371, your Lordship will see a reference to a contributory.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I see it.
MR TRACE: Does your Lordship see it?
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I do.
MR TRACE: "Contributory includes a holder of fully paid up shares, and therefore [say the learned editors] when all debts have been provided for, a call whose only object is to adjust the rights of the partly paid up and fully paid shareholders is valid."
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: So my Lord the adjustment, we respectfully submit, is an adjustment between fully and partly paid up shareholders.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: So that, with respect, is, I hate to say it, but my learned friend Mr Trower (inaudible) that really is a~bad point.

My Lord, one is then left with what has been described as a statutory interest lacunae, so-called. Now what is said here is that there is this lacunae as Page 153
it is called, and LBIE described it as arising when a company moves from admin into liquidation. They say it is an obvious lacunae, and the reference for your Lordship's note is paragraphs 102 to 106 of that written submission. I don't know whether your Lordship wants to go back and be reminded, but your Lordship knows what they say.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I know, yes, yes.
MR TRACE: Now my Lord, just for your Lordship's note again, was on Thursday debating this -- this was yesterday -matter with Mr Wolfson.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: For your Lordship's reference, that is pages 163 to 164 . Your Lordship will remember the exchanges.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I do.
MR TRACE: We respectfully submit that your Lordship's approach, with all due respect, is not the correct one. We respectfully submit that the approach that your Lordship took, starts from the position that the court should assume what the legislative intention was. Does your Lordship remember that?

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I do.
MR TRACE: That is page 162, lines 2 to 4 . My Lord, with respect we basically say that that is looking at it from where one is trying to get, without there being evidence
one way or the other that that is what the legislature is thinking about. What your Lordship is not entitled to do is to say -- and if you will forgive me, I can see exactly why your Lordship was saying it. Your Lordship was saying "Well, if that effectively was the intention, then wouldn't it (inaudible) A, B and C"? Well, of course, if that was the intention, but there is no evidence that it is the intention. We respectfully submit, for all the reasons that we have already made, Section 74 is what it is. My Lord, we respectfully submit, it leads to -- again, with the greatest respect to your Lordship, it leads to a fundamental problem. Because what it actually does is it assumes the truth of what LBIE is seeking to establish. Now what they would say, what LBIE say would say, no doubt -- Mr Trower and Mr Bayfield -- that one should take your Lordship's approach, because one can take it, no doubt, they say -and I think they do say, that from the amendments that were made, that intention can be seen. They say Parliament's intention must have been that creditors should be entitled to interest accruing during an admin before any return was made to members. Creditors should be entitled to interest accruing during a winding up before any return was made, et cetera, and those submissions for your Lordship's note are in

Page 155
paragraph 104 of LBIE's submissions. However, we respectfully submit there is absolutely no reason to make that assumption, rather than simply the Parliament made the amendments it intended to make, and chose not to take a provision which LBIE said should have been made. Indeed, quite the reverse. We actually say it is an argument in our favour. I am not certain Mr Wolfson, who was slightly on the ropes with your Lordship's questioning at the time -- but with us having the reflection overnight, in our respectful submission, the fact that Parliament has decided to do something, means -- and have only done one thing and not another thing, is a point in our favour.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: The question is whether they have done one thing or done two things?

MR TRACE: Quite. Absolutely. That is the issue. But with the greatest respect, what your Lordship is not entitled to do is to presume one thing or another.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, but can you help me with this?

MR TRACE: Yes, I will try to.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Would you suggest the legislative policy which produces the result for which you contend, in relation to interest accruing during an administration which is followed by a liquidation?

Page 156

```
MR TRACE: The short answer is simplicity. What the
    legislative intent is to do is to say we are going to
    have a provision for interest in this way. There is not
    anything that particularly surprising, as your Lordship
    will know, if one has got a contractual interest,
    a contractual can be claimed. Parliament has decided in
    certain situations that there will be a statutory
    interest in a particular stage, contractual interest in
    another stage and in our submission --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But they won't be able to prove
    the contractual interest.
MR TRACE: They may not be able to.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, they can't, can they?
MR TRACE: No, your Lordship is right.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: The simplicity is not a very
    convincing answer, is it, if it produces a sort of out
    of field situation in one of the possible cases? I mean
    one would like to think there was some underlying
    purpose to be achieved by drawing this distinction. At
    the moment, I am not quite sure what it is.
    MR TRACE: Well, my Lord, we were perhaps starting from the
    wrong position. Your Lordship, again with respect, may
    be falling into error. Your Lordship is assuming that
    Parliament is wanting to make some specific change.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am assuming it wants to
                    Page 157
    produce a rational system, the parts of which are
    consistent with each other.
MR TRACE: Yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS:Now it may be perfectly rational
    to have a system where there is an apparent
    inconsistency between the powers, but if that is the
    case, one would like to understand why that
    inconsistency is created.
MR TRACE:Well, my Lord, simplicity is our simple answer.
    It is also worth bearing in mind this; that it is hard
    to think of circumstances where a company in
    administration, with a surplus for the purposes of
    sub-rule 8, would go into liquidation.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, the odd thing is that the
    rules make specific provision for a company going from
    liquidation into administration --
MR TRACE: Certainly.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- which a very unusual
    situation, I think.
MR TRACE: Certainly.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So I think the situation of
    a company having a surplus at some stage in its life,
    but going from administration to liquidation, is more
    likely than that, I must say.
MR TRACE: But if your Lordship would just bear with me.
```

I am trying to think of these sort of possibilities. If
that is right, and it is very rare, that a company
administration with a surplus for the purposes of
sub-rule 8 is going to go into liquidation, what does
the administrator do in that circumstance is most
likely, we respectfully submit, would pay statutory
interest, and bring the admin to an end.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I see. So if the administrator
has a surplus, then why proceed to liquidation?
MR TRACE: Quite.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You may have the situation where
there is not a surplus, the administrators does not have
a surplus, but the liquidator does have a surplus. So
by the time it is in liquidation there is a surplus.
MR TRACE: That is possible, that is certainly possible.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: So my Lord what we wanted to do is meet the point
that your Lordship is making that we didn't, with
respect, consider that Mr Wolfson really met, and I have
given your Lordship our submissions in relation to that.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: In relation to the secondary point, I have given
your Lordship two answers. I will think about it over
the weekend, and see if there have been any more in
relation to policy.

Page 159

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes, yes.
MR TRACE: But my Lord it is not a swings and roundabouts, but these things happens. It doesn't mean your Lordship should strain, and we respectfully submit that is what it would be, to have a construction the other way. So my Lord what we in substance say, there is no actually no presumption one way or the other. Parliament has done what Parliament has done. All the arguments that we have been through and the submissions that we have been making, if they are accepted, that is enough. The fact there may or may not a lacunae -- of course it is a very emotive word, lacunae, as if there is some terrible thing that is going to happen. We respectfully say it is not really, and even if it is, so what, is our answer.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, I mean there are occasions when the legislative process simply makes a mistake.

MR TRACE: Yes, possible.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Maybe the point wasn't thought of, or alternatively it was thought of, it was thought the rules somehow achieved that result, but they don't. There it is.

MR TRACE: My Lord, there are other examples that we have thought of, and one sees that from the cases, that one reason why a company might move from admin into

Page 160

| 1 | liquidation is to make investigations before proposed | 1 | ng the football, I shall -- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | proceedings are brought, Helas is an example. But | 2 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: It will be the usual fiver for |
| 3 | my Lord in such a case, the administrator will either | 3 | the best entry. |
| 4 | not have gone go into a distributing administration at | 4 | MR TRACE: My Lord, the contributory rule. |
| 5 | all, so no question arises, or alternatively the | 5 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 6 | administrator, he or she, may not have a surplus, | 6 | MR TRACE: A light topic at 4 o'clock. |
| 7 | because they will be bound to bear the costs of those | 7 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, indeed. |
| 8 | investigations in subsequent proceedings. My Lord, we | 8 | MR TRACE: We thought it might be helpful, particularly as |
| 9 | respectfully submit it follows that one can have | 9 | approaching the weekend, to summarise what our |
| 10 | a situation where the company moves from admin into | 10 | submissions are on this point, at this stage. |
| 11 | liquidation, there won't be any creditors who have these | 11 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 12 | accrued rights to statutory interest in the | 12 | MR TRACE: Where the rules leave us. Now, of course, |
| 13 | administration at all. Any assets in the hands of the | 13 | my Lord, our submissions assume that our arguments as to |
| 14 | administrator, which might otherwise constitute the | 14 | the effect of the sub-debt agreements are correct, ie we |
| 15 | necessary surplus, quote, unquote, will be liable to | 15 | are subordinated to the bottom of the category of |
| 16 | an extent in the liquidation investigations that follow | 16 | unsecured approval claims, but no further. My Lord, in |
| 17 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. | 17 | summary, first of all, we submit that the correct |
| 18 | MR TRACE: My Lord, another scenario that we thought of is | 18 | analysis of Lord Walker's judgment in Kaupthing is that |
| 19 | there may be situation where moving from liquidation -- | 19 | the contributory rule, where it applies, has the effect |
| 20 | your Lordship's point, moving from liquidation into | 20 | of disapplying the otherwise mandatory rules and |
| 21 | admin, might occur where the liquidator realised he was | 21 | insolvency set off. It is that disapplication of the |
| 22 | going to have to realise more assets than expected, and | 22 | mandatory insolvency set off rules that leaves room for |
| 23 | pay all unsecured creditors in full, so leaving him with | 23 | operation of the equitable rule. That is how we say it |
| 24 | a surplus. Therefore he wants to get into admin as | 24 | works. My Lord, that is rather different from how |
| 25 | a precursor to some sort of rescue of the company. Page 161 | 25 | Mr Wolfson puts it. Mr Wolfson says you start the set Page 163 |
| 1 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. | 1 | off. |
| 2 | MR TRACE: My Lord, it may be -- it is also worth bearin | 2 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 3 | this in mind -- it may well be that it might be thoug | 3 | MR TRACE: That may just be my own background in relation to |
| 4 | that a transition to admin for the possibility of any | 4 | insolvency. Insolvency set off, we all know about it |
| 5 | such rescue, should not prejudice the creditors who wer | 5 | It is there -- |
| 6 | paid, or were to be paid from the funds available to the | 6 | R JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 7 | liquidation, including interest from an expecte | 7 | MR TRACE: -- and the real rule question is when does one |
| 8 | surplus. My Lord, one way that has occurred to | 8 | not have insolvency set off? |
| 9 | overnight in relation to this point, is that companies | 9 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes. |
| 10 | in admin, whether it is liquidation going to be an admin | 10 | MR TRACE: So we put it in a slightly different way -- |
| 11 | or admin going into liquidation, there are curves. | 11 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right. |
| 12 | may be that when a company is on a planned upward | 12 | MR TRACE: -- rather than just looking ago at it, A then B. |
| 13 | trajectory, intending to lead to a rescue, those sort of | 13 | My Lord, we respectfully submit that the contributory |
| 14 | situations, then it may be said there that the | 14 | rule only applies where a call has been made on the |
| 15 | creditor's interests shouldn't(?) be reduced, while | 15 | contributory. We say not only that, but it has got to |
| 16 | there is no, or certainly much less wish to protect the | 16 | be circumstances where set off was not permitted by |
| 17 | creditor's extra interest entitlement while the company | 17 | Section 101, as was, of the 1862 Act. That is how one |
| 18 | moves from admin into liquidation. Now, my Lord, of | 18 | looks at all the cases. So we have a rather different |
| 19 | course all of that is speculation. | 19 | approach to reference number one, I will come back to |
| 20 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I think the challenge, one | 20 | that later, from Mr Wolfson. |
| 21 | can put it this way -- this is the weekend competition | 21 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Right. |
| 22 | isn't it? Draft the briefing paper for the minister to | 22 | MR TRACE: But we respectfully submit that it remains the |
| 23 | enable him to explain to a sceptical House of Commons | 23 | case that the contributory rule operates only where |
| 24 | the thinking behind this policy. | 24 | a call has been made. Accordingly, if that is right, |
| 25 | MR TRACE: My Lord, with that happy thought, when I am Page 162 | 25 | and we say it is, unless and until a call has been made, Page 164 |


| 1 | there is no question of the contributory rule applying, | 1 | netting off. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | or for the equitable rule being engaged. | 2 | MR TRACE: It is the point that I was making in my summary |
| 3 | Now, my Lord, what is the present position? Now the | 3 | of the summary, at the very beginning of my submissions. |
| 4 | present position, my clients have claims in LBIE's | 4 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes, I see. |
| 5 | administration. We don't accept that our clients are | 5 | MR TRACE: There was a lot of running around and (inaudible) |
| 6 | currently under any contingent liability | 6 | on my left here. That is how we say it works. We say |
| 7 | respect of Section 74, the submissions that we have | 7 | solutely standard, it is just insolvency is set off |
| 8 | made, while LBIE remains in administration. Therefore | 8 | in that se |
| 9 | we submit that there is no set off exercise to be | 9 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I am not sure it is insolvency |
| 10 | carried out, and our claims should be admitted to proof | 10 | set off actually, because the call -- well, it probably |
| 11 | and paid, subject, of course, to whether or not there is | 11 | doesn't matter. But I understand the point you are |
| 12 | an ability to pay. | 12 | making. There is no point in requiring you to pay |
| 13 | Now the next point in the summary is that if LBIE | 13 | money, only to pay it back to me. Yes, I do follow. |
| 14 | goes into liquidation and makes a call on my clients, | 14 | MR TRACE: Your Lordship is right in the sense that set off |
| 15 | our clients, the contributory rule will apply, we have | 15 | is perhaps not -- certainly I don't think it is how |
| 16 | said that. There will then be claims going each way, | 16 | Lord Walker would |
| 17 | between LBHI 2, and the sub-let agreement doesn't make | 17 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No. |
| 18 | things any different than the contributory rule. What | 18 | MR TRACE: He uses this phrase sort of "netting off". |
| 19 | ould happen is, and the mechanisms used, for applying | 19 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes. |
| 20 | subordination and dealing with the contributory | 20 | MR TRACE: I really don't think it matters actually. |
| 21 | rule, is one has a netting off arrangement described by | 21 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, I don't think it matters |
| 22 | Lord Walker in Kaupthing, and it was discussed betwe | 22 | either. No, I understand your position. |
| 23 | your Lordship and Mr Wolfson yesterday. | 23 | MR TRACE: So my Lord that is what we say happens if LBIE |
| 24 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. So assume that all | 24 | goes into liquidation and makes a call. If LBIE goes |
| 25 | proveable debts, apart from the subordinated debts, have Page 165 | 25 | into liquidation and doesn't make a call, then we accept Page 167 |
| 1 | been paid, assume you are right that you | 1 | hat will be under a potential liability to LBIE in |
| 2 | waterfall with you | 2 | spect of the Section 74 liability. However, in this |
| 3 | MR TRACE: That's right | 3 | ase, where there is no call, there is no application of |
| 4 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- subordinated deb | 4 | the contributory or the equitable rule, and so mandatory |
| 5 | MR TRACE: Subordinated | 5 | set off, true insolvency set off applies. What happens |
| 6 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: At that point -- but the surplus | 6 | there is it requires the valuation of contingent claim, |
| 7 | is insufficient to pay the whole of your subordinate | 7 | and set off against my client's unsubordinated claim. |
| 8 | debt. So on the face it of, if the subordinated debt | 8 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Sorry to be -- what you are now |
| - | was held by X and Y was the member, you say plainly | 9 | looking at is the administration of LBL, aren't you? In |
| 10 | a call could be made on Y -- | 10 | so far as we are looking at the administration of |
| 11 | MR TRACE: Yes. | 11 | -- |
| 12 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- to provide the funds to pay | 12 | MR TRACE: No, this is still LBIE, I think. |
| 13 | X. | 13 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Well, in the administration of |
| 14 | MR TRACE: Yes. | 14 | LBIE -- if they go into the liquidation, if it goes into |
| 15 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: But since X and Y are the same | 15 | liquidation -- |
| 16 | person, you say in those particular circumstances, there | 16 | MR TRACE: Yes. |
| 17 | is not the objection to set off -- | 17 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- if the unsubordinated |
| 18 | MR TRACE: No. | 18 | proveable debts are paid, on your basis you have |
| 19 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: -- that would normally arise | 19 | a subordinated debt, which you can prove, and you are |
| 20 | with the contributory rule? | 20 | entitled, you say, to have the surplus paid towards |
| 21 | MR TRACE: Correct, correct. | 21 | that. I don't think you would really be -- either the |
| 22 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I follow. | 22 | liquidators are going to make a call on you or they are |
| 23 | MR TRACE: You have just had the netting off in the order of | 23 | not. |
| 24 | (inaudible). | 24 | MR TRACE: Or they are not. All I was doing, and it was |
| 25 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: You would have at that stage of Page 166 | 25 | probably my fault, my Lord -- all I was trying to do in Page 168 |

these two scenarios was explain the difference
between -- still in LBIE's administration, but by that stage liquidation.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Liquidation, yes.
MR TRACE: We are positive that they have gone into
liquidation, (a) making a call or (b) not making a call.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: What I was dealing with and discussing with
your Lordship a few minutes ago, before your
Lordship's --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: If they make a call, then is
netted off, you say?
MR TRACE: Yes, it is the netting off. If they don't make a call, then we say we are into set off.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: That is the bit I am not sure about. What are you going to set off?
MR TRACE: Well, my Lord, what we accept is we are going to be under a potential liability for LBIE --
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: -- in respect of the Section 74 liability.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: So ie that there is a call that could be made.
On this basis, it assumes that not all the unsecured claims have been paid.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I see. Page 169

MR TRACE: It is complicated, but that, I think, is the hypothesis.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes.
MR TRACE: So one has potentially a liability on my clients under Section 74. There must be an assumption on this basis that not all the unsecured claims have been paid. What happens then, and we say that no application of either contributory or the equitable rule -- you get mandatory set off and the contingent claim has to be valued somehow.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Okay. What you set off -MR TRACE: Is our unsubordinated claim.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Oh, the -- yes.
MR TRACE: The unsubordinated claim.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, of course, the unsubordinated claim.

MR TRACE: You would also set off our subordinated claim, if it was payable under the terms of the sub-debt agreements. My Lord, it is dead stuff for five past four. Is it worth me just saying it again?

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, no. No, that's fine.
MR TRACE: At least it is on the transcript.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes.
MR TRACE: My Lord so position A is LBIE goes into liquidation and makes a call on LBHI 2. We say the

Page 170
contributory rule applies, claims going each way between LBIE and LBHI 2, sub-debt agreement doesn't affect the position, and then you have a mechanism for applying the subordination, and the contributory rule is by the netting off exercise described by Lord Walker in Kaupthing, so that is if LBIE goes into liquidation and makes a call. If LBIE goes into liquidation and doesn't make a call, then we accept that there is a potential liability in respect of the Section 74 liability, but there, where no call has been made, there is no application of the contributory, we say, or the equitable rule. One is in a position of mandatory set off and then there is a valuation of contingent claim, which is set off against -- that is the contingent claim that they are making against us, is set off on what is going the other way, which is our unsubordinated 38 odd million, and our subordinated claim, if it is payable under the terms of the sub-debt agreements.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: With your 38 million, your unsubordinated claim.
MR TRACE: My Lord, yes.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: I mean the situation we are really postulating on this application is that in fact there will be sufficient funds to pay you that, without a call, I think, aren't we?

Page 171

## MR TRACE: Yes.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Because if there are not, then it gets more difficult. Because if there are not sufficient funds to pay you on your unsubordinated call, there are not sufficient funds to pay anybody everything on their proveable debts.

MR TRACE: Correct.
MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: So then you would expect a call would be made, which you would have to pay before you could --
MR TRACE: My Lord, yes. I don't know, but I would suspect if it goes to liquidation, you will probably won't even put in the liquidation. But we say, in order to make the calls, they can't make it in admin.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes.
MR TRACE: But I have already made the point we think that is highly unlikely because there are all sorts of other reasons, particularly the fact that have already been disputed. They must have been very good reasons why they decided to do that solution.

MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes, I follow.
MR TRACE: So, my Lord, what the net result of one or other of those set off or netting exercises -- what the result of all that is, is that only the resulting balance,
passing one way or the other, remains between the

Page 172

| parties, and we respectfully submit there should be no | 1 | administrations. I am very happy to start it, if |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| question of that exercise being done again in the other | 2 | your Lordship would like. |
| party's insolvency process, because what happens is | 3 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: No, let's start that on -- |
| Mr Wolfson puts it in the way of saying well, set off -- | 4 | MR TRACE: But if this a convenient moment, that might -- |
| because he uses the word "set off". We put it slightly | 5 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: We will start that on Monday. |
| differently. Your Lordship will recall Mr Wolfson says, | 6 | Thank you very much. |
| "Oh well set off extinguishes the debt". Now that may | 7 | MR TRACE: My Lord, in terms of timing, I've told my learned |
| or may not (inaudible) right. We say we don't have to | 8 | friend, Mr Trower, that I hope to finish well within my |
| go as far as that. We say that whatever you have by way | 9 | allotted time. |
| of this netting arrangement, or whatever you have by way | 10 | MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Thank you all very much. I hope |
| of this setting off arrangement, what you have is only | 11 | you have a good weekend. |
| a balance going one way or another. It doesn't matter | 12 | MR TRACE: Thank you. |
| further on down. | 13 | (4.11 pm) |
| MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes. Yes, that sounds right, | 14 | (The court is adjourned until 10.30 am Monday, |
| yes. | 15 | 18 November 2013) |
| MR TRACE: But it is 4.15. | 16 |  |
| MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I mean you would expect | 17 |  |
| there to be a sort of mirror image between the two | 18 |  |
| insolvencies. The only fly in the ointment might be if | 19 |  |
| the relevant dates for the set off exercises are | 20 |  |
| different. | 21 |  |
| MR TRACE: Yes. | 22 |  |
| MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: That could -- could -- produce | 23 |  |
| a different results, but it depends. It depends. | 24 |  |
| MR TRACE: Yes. My Lord, for your Lordship's note, just | 25 |  |
| Page 173 |  | Page 175 |
| completing this sum if I may, then we can probably call | 1 | INDEX |
| it a day. My Lord, my clients LBHI and LBL all accept | 2 | PAGE |
| the existence of an equitable rule to varying degrees. | 3 | Submissions by MR WOLFSON ......................... 1 |
| My Lord, for your Lordship's note in our opening, it is |  | (continued) |
| 46, in LBL's opening it is 45 to 53 and LBHI's opening | 4 |  |
| is 24 to 26 . |  | Submissions by MR TRACE QC ....................... 65 |
| MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, I've got that. | 5 |  |
| MR TRACE: My Lord, the last point in this summary is if the | 6 |  |
| contributory rule does not apply, then we respectfully | 7 |  |
| submit the equitable rule cannot apply either, because | 8 |  |
| the equitable rule can only apply where the ordinary | 10 |  |
| mandatory rules of insolvency set off are for some | 11 |  |
| reason disapplied. For your Lordship's note that is our | 12 |  |
| submissions at paragraph 47. My Lord, that is worth | 13 |  |
| just pausing and thinking about as the last thought of | 14 |  |
| the day, that that really must be right, because if | 15 |  |
| there is no contributory rule, then as a matter of | 16 |  |
| principle it is very difficult to see where does | 17 |  |
| equitable rule then apply at all? We say it can't, | 18 |  |
| because we say that can only apply when the ordinary | 19 |  |
| because we say that can only apply when the ordinary | 20 |  |
| mandatory rules of insolvency set off are, for whatever | 21 |  |
| reason, disapplied. | 22 |  |
| MR JUSTICE DAVID RICHARDS: Yes, yes. | 23 |  |
| MR TRACE: Now my Lord the next topic I was going to go to | 24 |  |
| was how the equitable rule, we say, should apply in | 25 |  |
| Page 174 |  | Page 176 |


| A | 157:19 160:21 | 168:10,13 | 114:20 122:6 | 73:12 98:18 | appointed 124:3 | 127:1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| abates 7:6 | achieving 39:13 | 169:2 | 123:14,14 | 108:7 130:13 | appreciate 5:9 | assertion 127:7 |
| ability 57:16 | 41:1 43:22,23 | administrations | 124:12 126:11 | 130:18,20 | appreciates $35: 7$ | assessing 53:17 |
| 61:21,22 62:1 | Act 3:1 5:16,19 | 175:1 | 127:10,25 | 163:18 | 77:8 | assets 4:9 13:18 |
| 100:6 101:5 | 5:23 11:20 | administrator | 128:8,12,13 | and/or 81:20 | approach 5:6 6:6 | 32:5 47:25 |
| 165:12 | 32:20 36:7 | 126:21,25 | 129:3,4,10,15 | anomalies 6:11 | 17:20 47:14 | 53:8 55:5,16 |
| able 37:20 40:20 | 98:16 99:3 | 159:5,8 161:3 | 129:16,20,25 | answer 20:6,10 | 71:18 86:2 | 55:18 56:6 |
| 42:22 48:24 | 111:1 120:21 | 161:6,14 | 130:4 131:20 | 27:17 39:7 | 136:15 147:6 | 84:12 115:10 |
| 55:3,12 56:4,4 | 123:8,10 128:5 | administrators | 132:12,14,15 | 49:9 66:3 | 154:17,18 | 118:21 119:7 |
| 56:18,18 59:9 | 129:17 164:17 | 35:10 38:5 | 134:4 135:13 | 75:23 77:1,1 | 155:17 164:19 | 124:3 144:17 |
| $61: 2065: 1$ | action 102:15 | 39:2,11 40:2 | 135:16,23 | 81:23 88:6 | approached | 161:13,22 |
| 76:8 89:15 | 134:11 | 40:19 41:10 | 140:23 141:8 | 103:3,4,12 | 43:25 | assignment 94:3 |
| 104:16 114:11 | acts 41:5 | 50:17 66:8 | 141:25 148:11 | 114:10 119:25 | approaches | assist 5:22 69:25 |
| 157:10,12 | actual 108:25 | 68:3 76:7 | 165:17 171:2 | 120:4,14 | 31:14 | 82:15 |
| absolutely 16:17 | 116:22 | 99:17 104:16 | agreements | 121:17,18,19 | approaching | assistance 98:19 |
| 29:13 30:3 | add 1:15 46:17 | 105:8 110:6,12 | 76:22 77:21,22 | 121:22 125:25 | 21:11 50:23 | assisting 71:7 |
| 57:5 66:5 67:6 | 144:6 | 110:18 115:10 | 78:6 79:21,23 | 128:17 135:4 | 163:9 | assume 13:22 |
| 67:9 79:17 | addition 31:12 | 126:15,23 | 90:18 97:8 | 136:13 137:20 | appropriate | 17:18 50:11 |
| 81:21 85:25 | 44:22 148:3 | 127:6 159:12 | 99:24 100:5 | 157:1,16 158:9 | 35:12 126:22 | 51:3 56:5,20 |
| 86:14 93:24 | additional 144:6 | admit 102:15 | 103:22 104:18 | 160:15 | approval 95:23 | 61:6,14 62:7 |
| 95:1 97:21 | address 33:24 | 134:10 | 106:4,18 | answered 67:14 | 163:16 | 121:18 154:20 |
| 100:10 122:3 | 38:21 51:12 | admitted 165:10 | 123:17 129:24 | 74:11 82:1 | apt 110:5,17 | 163:13 165:24 |
| 129:7 136:12 | 105:11 106:19 | adopt $2: 11,16$ | 131:6 132:1 | answering | 148:18 | 166:1 |
| 142:3 156:2,16 | addressed 26:4,6 | 144:3 149:10 | 135:9 137:7 | 132:25 | area 35:21 | assumes 155:13 |
| 167:7 | 30:15 38:19 | 151:11 | 163:14 170:19 | an | 42 | 69:23 |
| abstract 41:14 | addressing 7:2 | advance $85: 1$ | 171 | anybody 114:17 | are | assuming 15:13 |
| absurd 137:1,9 | a | a | ag | 172 | 65:23 67:22 | 27:9,13 157:23 $157: 25$ |
| 137-12 | 175:1 | advantageous 17:23 18:20 | ahead 20:18 | 75:24 94:2 | arguing 42:12 | assumption 57:9 |
| 79:19 | adjournment | advantages 18:7 | 16:20 119 | 139:21 | argument 2:3,7 | 156:3 170:5 |
| ccelerated | 95:22 96:16,20 | adverb 79:20 | 131:2 137:19 | apa | 7:4 10:15 | astute 42:16 |
| 10:22 21:1,25 | adjust 36:11 | adversely 134:13 | aid 86:14 87:3, | apparent 158:5 | 13:15 15:6,7 | attaches 96:2 |
| accept $14: 24$ | 152:12 153:13 | advice 94:8 | aim 144:20,21 | appeal 128:15 | 16:19 19:6 | attempt 30:4,7 |
| 31:7 45:12 | adjusting 151:15 | 126:22 | 145:4,22 146:4 | appear $14: 13$ | 20:16 24:9 | 101:23 |
| 65:17,22 66:6 | adjustment | affairs 149 | albeit 75:7 | 136:24 | 36:14 37:5 | Auriferous 1:8 |
| 67:19 68:19 | 143:13 150:2 | affect 100: | quot 50:11 | appeared 71:14 | 47:7 67:4 | Australian 74:7 |
| 71:15 88:19 | 151:4,15 | 171: | Alen 74:13 | appears 44:14 | 102:4 109:17 | 74:16 |
| 90:6 93:4 | 153:16,17 | rai | 103:18 | 7 114:1 | 115:24,25 | uthorities |
| 98:14 100:10 | adjustments | 147: | tted 175:9 | applicable 10: | 116:14 117:23 | 47:13 82:23 |
| 145:15 165:5 | 73:7,8 | tern | ow 58:4 | application | 119:15 122:19 | 93:9 96:21 |
| 167:25 169:17 | admin 154:2 | 65:21 70:9 | allowed 63:7 | 34:18 59:3 | 133:15 138:13 | 141:17 |
| 171:8 174:2 | 155:21 159:7 | 75:12 | 72:12 135:24 | 76:1 99:23 | 138:13 151:10 | uthority 31:13 |
| accepted 116:2 | 160:25 161:10 | aggreg | alongside 6: | 110:17 126:23 | 156:7 | 44:12 77:14 |
| 141:5 142:18 | 161:21,24 | ago 19:19 82:2 | alternative | 136:11 139:2 | arguments 76:25 | 81:5,25 82:4 |
| 160:10 | 162:4,10,10,1 | 164 | 115 | 168:3 170:7 | 80:6 123:7 | 85:18 86:12 |
| accepting 110:20 | 162:18 172:14 | agree 80:3 81:14 | alternat | 171:11, | 124:17 137:3,4 | 89:14 96:6 |
| 112:8148:22 | administer | 88:16 89 | 8:14 160:2 | applied $20: 13$ | 138:6 160:8 163.13 | available 35:6 |
| accepts 11:25 | 12 | 89:19 103:15 | 16 | 22:19 104:1 | 163:13 4 161.5 | 92:25 130:25 |
| 67:3 76:24 | administration | 112:20 144:4 | altogether 85:7 | $109: 15,19$ $110 \cdot 23144 \cdot 18$ | arises 4:20 161:5 | 162:6 |
| 80:17 127:13 | 11:19 13:13 14:11,20 15: | $145: 10$ agreed | amended 30:23 amendment | 110:23 144:18 applies 11:19 | arising 154:1 <br> Arnold 151:12 | awaiting 118:19 awake 65:15 |
| account 21:1 | 15:11,17 17:6 | agreed $78: 14$ 89:8 | 146:12 | 13:563:14 | arose 121:9 | awa |
| 55:23 99:2 | 17:9 22:17,19 | agreeing 81:18 | an | 68:22 77:4,10 | arrange 17:11 | a~bad 153:22 |
| 121:6 123:7 | 25:22,23 26:13 | 111:12 | 155:18 156:4 | 120:2 163:19 | arrangement |  |
| accounted 29:19 | 26:14 28:1 | agreement 79:18 | amount 6:16 | 164:14 168:5 | 112:2 165:21 | B |
| accounts 118:19 | 30:8 32:20 | 81:17 87:7,9 | 16:2,3,3 23:17 | 171:1 | 173:10,11 | b 12:3 41:22 |
| 149:7 | 49:18 67:21,2 | 87:18 88:3 | 23:22,23 34:12 | apply 9:8 19:5 | asked 1:18 74:6 | 70:4 104:9 |
| accrued 118:13 | 68:4,15,17 | 92:1 97:6 | 35:5,6,6 37:19 | 49:23,24 69:10 | 121:17 128:17 | 127:15 145:13 |
| 119:7,11 | 69:10 98:1 | 98:13,24 99:23 | 43:6,7,9 45:8 | 98:2 109:12 | asking 18:20 | 155:6 164:12 |
| 161:12 | 99:15 102:22 | 100:23 101:7 | 48:13 49:19,21 | 110:19 119:10 | 136:16 | 169:6 |
| accruing 155:21 | 103:17 119:21 | 101:14,21 | 66:10 101:3 | 120:18 165:15 | asks 146:8 | back 1:9 4:3 |
| 155:23 156:24 | 119:23 120:2 | 102:1,20 | 111:18 143:11 | 174:9,10,11,19 | aspect 35:23 | 16:16 23:19 |
| achieve 30:4,7 | 156:25 158:12 | 105:11,20 | amounts 37:24 | 174:20,25 | 145:10 | 29:19 33:3 |
| $83: 20,21,23$ | 158:16,23 | 106:5,23 | 131:8 | applying 55:22 | aspects 18:15 | 34:19 40:3 |
| achieved 87:17 | 159:3 161:4,13 | 107:18,22 | analysis 5:6 | 56:14 121:6 | assert 60:21 | 41:11 46:23 |
|  | 165:5,8 168:9 | 108:3 114:15 | 14:13 56:25 | 165:1,19 171:3 | asserting 18:19 | 49:4,5,8,15,25 |


| 57:1,25 64:18 | 152:16 | Boultbee 63:11 | 111:8 150:18 | 163:15 | claim 10:3 11:16 | 146:11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 67:17 71:7 | behalf 35:10 | bound 161:7 | 154:1 | cause 56:10,17 | 11:22 12:1 | clause 62:16 |
| 73:11 74:23 | believe 142:14 | box 134:19 | calls 35:11,12,25 | 86:19 | 14:1,4,12 | 80:9 91:13 |
| 75:19,21 87:2 | benefit 13:4 17:7 | Branwright | 36:8 37:9,21 | cautious 86:9 | 15:13 16:21 | 101:1,13,18 |
| 88:12 90:18 | 21:1 24:22 | 71:15 72:24 | 37:22 38:3 | cent 3:3 6:19,20 | 17:1,3,4,12,18 | 103:25 104:1,3 |
| 91:10 92:2,16 | 28:4 40:3 41:7 | breach 19:13 | 39:15 40:25 | 6:21,22 7:25 | 17:24 18:10,13 | 104:5,6,21 |
| 97:10 99:10 | 91:3 | 27:2 | 42:1,13 44:3 | 10:7,13 11:2,7 | 19:3,5,17 | 132:9,11,20,21 |
| 105:4 110:2 | benefited 24:4 | break 52:18 | 50:10 51:24 | 17:22 18:1 | 20:15,21,24 | clear 24:24 |
| 111:10 112:8 | benefiting 30:1 | 64:24 65:4,8 | 56:6,18 57:7 | 20:3,17 28:5 | 21:2,5,11,16 | 29:21 31:5 |
| 112:22 121:14 | benefits 10:1,17 | 133:19,24 | 57:12 59:20 | 34:7 45:3,5 | 21:17,23 22:4 | 48:877:21 |
| 121:16 125:5 | 11:1 17:22,25 | brief 120:11 | 68:4,5,13,18 | certain 112:14 | 22:7,13 23:2 | 79:19,19,20 |
| 126:5 127:8 | 18:14 | briefing 162:22 | 72:22 76:2 | 131:21 145:11 | 24:1,2,8,11,12 | 81:13 99:16 |
| 133:17 134:16 | best 1:15 65:14 | briefly 75:7 | 172:14 | 156:7 157:7 | 24:14,20,20 | 100:10 103:5 |
| 136:5 139:3 | 83:1 113:12 | 142:25 | capable 104:10 | certainly 9:8 | 25:3,4,6,14,15 | 106:19 115:4 |
| 140:14 141:24 | 139:21 163:3 | Brightman | 106:14 | 11:4,11 21:10 | 26:7 27:6,15 | 122:3 129:7 |
| 147:11 154:6 | bet $16: 19,21,23$ | 30:16,19 31:8 | capacity $125: 2$ | 26:24 27:8,12 | 27:19,22 28:17 | 141:20 148:11 |
| 164:19 167:13 | 17:21 24:8,10 | 31:9,14 32:24 | capital 45:4 78:4 | 33:23 45:17 | 28:25 29:1,5 | 152:24 |
| backdrop 86:18 | 24:11 | 33:13 | 78:5 79:1 92:3 | 47:6 52:5 | 30:24 31:16 | clearly 23:25 |
| 93:18 | better 3:23 10:8 | bring 159:7 | 119:6 120:11 | 60:10 89:24,24 | 32:2,20 43:17 | 66:17 94:3 |
| background | 10:14 14:7,14 | broad 44:25 | care 70:15 75:9 | 96:13 118:25 | 44:8,16 48:9 | 107:10 111:10 |
| 34:4 77:23 | 15:24 17:13 | 144:22 | 95:9 | 133:21 158:17 | 48:12,15,18 | 121:5 124:18 |
| 78:22 92:25 | 20:4 23:21 | Brock 70:24,25 | carefully 78:23 | 158:20 159:15 | 49:3,7,11 51:4 | 135:23 143:22 |
| 93:16 94:22,22 | 25:15,25 26:10 | 71:1 | 101:18 107:9 | 162:16 167:15 | 60:20 63:7 | clients 66:23 |
| 94:23,24 96:12 | 26:15,19 48:9 | Bros 4:2 13:1 | 113:8 131:14 | cetera 34:8 | 68:13 69:7,8 | 68:11 77:3 |
| 97:21 98:22 | 60:15 82:19 | brought 42:5 | carried 165:10 | 77:25 83:16 | 74:22,24 75:5 | 78:13,14,21 |
| 140:18 141:2 | 138:15 | 161:2 | carry 18:4 | 97:18 99:6 | 76:15,16,18 | 80:2,3 87:1 |
| 141:12 142:8 | beyond 85:2 | Buckley 4:21,24 | carrying 18:24 | 123:19,19 | 77:5,11 101:8 | 98:17 99:24 |
| 164:3 | 103:23 | 71:5,7,9,14 | case 1:7 3:25 4:4 | 128:5,6 141:6 | 102:4 130:13 | 100:24 101:8 |
| bad 48:7 65:25 | billion 34:9 | 151:21 152:14 | 5:19 8:7 10:24 | 152:12 155:24 | 134:20 138:22 | 101:14 104:18 |
| 66:19,24 67:15 | 76:17 134:25 | building 130:15 | 12:22 13:15 | challenge 162:20 | 145:6 168:6,7 | 105:12,20 |
| 70:2 | binding 135:16 | builds 128:20 | 14:6 17:3 18:8 | chances 69:5 | 170:9,12,14,16 | 106:5 107:11 |
| balance 111:7,22 | Birch 47:24 | bundle 1:13 | 19:16 20:14 | change 86:2 | 170:17 171:13 | 140:7 142:2 |
| 134:22 149:5 | bit 38:10 45:10 | 46:21,22 82:23 | 21:22 27:12,13 | 157:24 | 171:14,17,20 | 165:4,5,14,15 |
| 150:11 172:24 | 52:17 83:5 | bundles 134:16 | 27:17 29:18 | changed 94:14 | claimed 5:1 50:4 | 170:4 174:2 |
| 173:12 | 86:17 131:17 | byway 117:24 | 30:22 31:23 | 95:14 | 157:6 | client's 76:15 |
| bank 118:17 | 138:19 145:12 |  | 33:12 35:11,24 | changes 15:22 | claiming 9:11 | 98:11 100:5 |
| 119:5 | 145:13 152:1 | C | 37:23 42:18,22 | characterise | 49:10 51:1 | 101:4,8 105:25 |
| bankruptcy 98:1 | 169:15 | c 32:19 70:12 | 43:5 48:13 | 137:11 | claims 11:15 | 137:20 139:11 |
| Bar 86:16,16 | bite 132:12 | 127:15 155:6 | 54:23 57:13 | Charter 95:7,22 | 12:2,4,4,10,14 | 168:7 |
| base 139:15 | block 70:24 | calculate 6:16 | 59:24 61:5 | check 120:13 | 13:16 17:9 | clip 153:3 |
| 151:6 | blush 145:24 | 149:8 | 65:19 66:7 | checking 33:3 | 31:6 34:22 | closest 88:12 |
| basic 63:13 66:5 | body 89:23 94:5 | calculated 58:10 | 67:20 70:19,19 | Cherry 63:11 | 38:23 41:18 | closing 126:4,5 |
| 68:14 69:12 | boldly 127:1 | calculating 6:15 | 71:16 72:11,21 | chip 70:24 | 43:4 58:8,14 | code 2:20 9:20 |
| basically 34:25 | borrow 108:6 | call 36:18,22 | 73:20 78:25 | chose 156:4 | 60:17 61:18 | coexist 6:14 |
| 45:14 65:17,22 | borrower 53:2,3 | 37:11,13,18 | 79:3,13 83:1,4 | chosen 148:20 | 68:9,10 69:1,2 | collection 130:3 |
| 67:18 70:7 | 53:17 55:3,11 | 39:6,24 43:9 | 83:16,21 84:1 | circular 149:21 | 73:25 76:10 | combined 85:16 |
| 131:24 154:24 | 56:3,8,16,17 | 43:10 47:20 | 85:21 88:18 | circumstance | 77:17 102:23 | come 13:17 |
| basis 31:17 52:5 | 61:20 62:10,11 | 49:19 57:13,18 | 94:9 95:7 | 13:22 16:12 | 104:14,15 | 23:19 34:1 |
| 58:9,10,22,24 | 97:20 98:3,4 | 58:18,18,21,23 | 102:9 103:19 | 159:5 | 137:22 138:8 | 38:15 49:8,25 |
| 120:1,2 124:19 | 104:3,11,20,22 | 59:2,12,17,18 | 107:1,24 124:8 | circumstances | 138:16,20,24 | 58:21 64:11,17 |
| 168:18 169:23 | 106:15 108:24 | 59:20,21,22,25 | 132:4,14 139:8 | 16:7 23:21 | 139:6,7,10,11 | 68:8 74:23 |
| 170:6 | 111:16,17,19 | 60:5 62:19 | 145:10 147:7 | 26:9 27:7 | 139:12,25 | 75:19,21 |
| Bayfield 155:16 | 118:10,14 | 66:10,12 | 158:7 161:3 | 41:19 42:18 | 141:18 144:11 | 100:11 112:22 |
| bear 94:9 118:5 | 119:2 123:1,3 | 139:23 142:24 | 164:23 168:3 | 43:4,14 48:22 | 146:11,13,17 | 121:14,16 |
| 141:16 158:25 | 123:20 124:2 | 149:19 150:15 | cases 3:17 74:16 | 49:6 50:23 | 146:18 147:10 | 139:3 144:12 |
| 161:7 | 124:22 125:16 | 151:4 153:12 | 93:18 151:17 | 51:1 53:10 | 147:12 151:2 | 144:13 147:11 |
| bearing 35:13 | 126:6 135:14 | 164:14,24,25 | 157:17 160:24 | 54:21 56:23 | 163:16 165:4 | 164:19 |
| 37:22 64:12 | 135:16,19,21 | 165:14 166:10 | 164:18 | 62:23 120:25 | 165:10,16 | comes 15:11 |
| 77:2 87:5,7 | bottom 5:22 68:9 | 167:10,24,25 | catch 110:17 | 121:2 128:9 | 169:24 170:6 | 40:22 48:15 |
| 111:2 134:7 | 70:5 71:24,25 | 168:3,22 169:6 | categories 31:1 | 131:21 158:11 | 171:1 | 57:25 94:17 |
| 158:10 162:2 | 76:13 84:9 | 169:6,11,14,22 | 120:18 | 164:16 166:16 | class 12:17 45:9 | coming 13:8,9 |
| bears 10:3 | 90:15 97:24 | 170:25 171:7,8 | categorise | citation 44:24 | 81:15,16,16,19 | 16:23 35:3 |
| beginning | 107:18,20 | 171:10,25 | 145:11 | 95:22 | 90:6 | 49:15 94:21 |
| 103:25 117:2 | 124:14 130:14 | 172:4,8 174:1 | category 12:3 | citations 47:12 | classes 45:11 | commas 78:2 |
| 140:15 167:3 | 141:18 152:9 | callable 58:22 | 90:15 106:13 | cite 151:17 | 89:5 90:3,8 | commencement |
| begins 73:24 | 163:15 | called 55:24 59:3 | 122:22 131:6 | cited 44:12 95:23 | classic 96:21 | 119:11 121:8 |


| comment 31:4 | components | 148:10 150:6 | 129:12 | 166:20 168:4 | 58:16 63:15 | 29:11,13,24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 73:22 91:5 | 142:24 | 160:5 | contracting | 170:8 171:1,4 | 68:19 69:9 | 40:3 41:23 |
| comments 3:7 | compound 9:3 | constructions | 81:13 | 171:11 174:9 | 74:23 80:16 | 58:5,25 76:10 |
| 76:6 | comprehensive | 96:8 | contracts 93:13 | 174:17 | 88:19 90:4,24 | 76:11 78:18 |
| commercial 10:8 | 31:5 | construe 106:4 | 93:17 | control 35:16 | 93:20 94:9,13 | 80:5,24 81:16 |
| 11:2 93:2 95:7 | compulsion | 126:17 147:16 | contractual 1:22 | 36:10 37:20 | 96:9 99:4,25 | 81:19 83:15 |
| common 51:24 | 10:25 | 150:25 | 2:2,9,21,22,24 | controversial | 114:4 118:3 | 100:13 102:25 |
| 148:7 | conceive 41:19 | construed 92:19 | 2:25 3:2,5,22 | 82:15 | 119:10,19 | 155:20,22 |
| Commons | conceiving 14:19 | 94:25 102:18 | 6:13,15,18 7:6 | convenient | 120:25 124:4 | 161:11,23 |
| 162:23 | concept 107:9 | construes 77:22 | 7:7,9,14,15,18 | 96:12 133:20 | 125:3 130:1,2 | 162:5 |
| companies 5:16 | conceptually | 102:20 | 8:6,21 9:2,6,7 | 175:4 | 142:13 148:2 | creditor's |
| 162:9 | 14:21 | construing 96:21 | 10:14,25 11:8 | conversely 69:6 | 155:7 160:11 | 162:15,17 |
| company 4:9,15 | concern 40:21 | contacts 93:2 | 11:11,12 18:1 | conversion 1:24 | 162:19 163:12 | critical 3:6 |
| 4:18 6:7 9:25 | 43:1 55:22 | contained 111:1 | 18:9 19:17 | 11:14,16,18,22 | 165:11 170:15 | 102:24 147:1 |
| 11:4,4,20 | 118:7 119:18 | containing 106:5 | 20:15 21:6,18 | 13:25 14:1,12 | court 15:4 20:1 | critically 108:4 |
| 13:13,14,18,23 | concerned 24:25 | contains 101:1 | 22:8,20,22 | 17:3,4 18:10 | 35:9,16 36:1,9 | Cropper 47:24 |
| 14:10,15,19 | 28:3 40:25 | contemplate | 27:23 28:12 | 19:3,4 21:14 | 37:7,11,20 | cross 69:2 130:1 |
| 15:9,12 17:16 | 63:1 77:3,6 | 89:19 | 32:6 52:25 | 21:15 22:4,7 | 39:24 40:13,15 | cross-referenci... |
| 20:18 21:7,7 | 87:21 88:18 | contemporane... | 76:22 77:2 | 25:15 26:6 | 41:4,6,10 | 109:24 |
| 22:16 26:1 | 100:23 | 46:23 130:7 | 82:11,17 98:12 | 27:25 28:7,8 | 42:16 50:25 | crystallised |
| 27:10,14,15 | conclude 137:2 | contend 156:24 | 144:24 157:5,6 | 32:2 75:5 76:9 | 72:12 73:22 | 17:15 25:12 |
| 29:9,16 36:15 | conclusion 4:8 | contended | 157:8,11 | 77:17 137:22 | 76:24 85:18 | currency 1:24 |
| 46:25 54:17,20 | 96:1 | 144:11 | contractually | 138:16,20,24 | 95:23 108:9 | 10:9 11:14,16 |
| 55:19,22 56:2 | condition 135:15 | contention 81:5 | 24:15 81:6 | 139:7 144:12 | 120:20 127:1 | 11:22 14:1,7 |
| 56:25 57:16 | conditional | 85:1 | contradict 58:16 | 151:2 | 127:13,14,16 | 14:12,14 15:22 |
| 58:9,11 59:9 | 101:3,5 104:2 | context 6:9 | contrary 14:6 | converted 22:17 | 131:12 152:12 | 17:3,4,6,9,12 |
| 61:2,3 63:1 | 111:14 | 31:19 55:17 | 19:8 32:2 78:9 | 23:17 30:8 | 154:20 175:14 | 17:18,21 18:3 |
| 72:9,11,13,19 | conditions 101:6 | 77:23 93:15 | 124:17 | 145:2 | courtroom 85:17 | 18:4,10,14 |
| 72:21 77:18 | conferred 36:7 | 94:6 95:7 97:5 | contravene | convincing 33:1 | court's 36:10 | 19:3,4 21:13 |
| 78:14 83:12 | confess 114:13 | 126:10 140:17 | 44:16 | 157:16 | 38:3 40:10,10 | 21:15,19 22:3 |
| 109:5,20 | confused 53:23 | 148:21 152:7 | contribute 45:5 | cope 22:24 | 43:3,21 | 22:7 23:2,9,9 |
| 110:12 115:15 | 61:25 | contexts 95:14 | 150:8 151:14 | corner 47:3 | covered 132:23 | 23:11,12,25 |
| 115:22 116:4 | consent 101:23 | 95:16 | contributed | corollary 10:21 | 132:23,23 | 24:2,15,20,21 |
| 118:6,10,21 | consequence | contextualised | 150:10,17 | correct 15:4 17:5 | co-existing 2:22 | 25:4,6,14 26:6 |
| 119:18 121:1 | 145:4 | 94:6 | contribution | 73:13 80:20 | create 110:24,24 | 27:4,6,19,22 |
| 122:21 134:21 | consider 51:10 | contingencies | 34:21 41:18 | 81:23 95:3 | 112:12 121:4 | 28:4 29:5,11 |
| 144:17 147:3,9 | 95:5 97:22 | 109:6 115:16 | 42:21,22 43:17 | 106:25 107:8 | 149:20 | 29:13,24 32:2 |
| 148:1 154:2 | 127:16 144:2 | 117:3 | 43:17 44:8,15 | 116:5 117:21 | created 18:3 | 38:23 74:24 |
| 158:11,15,22 | 149:6 159:19 | contingency | 44:16 48:9,10 | 119:8,14 | 109:23 120:20 | 75:5 76:9 |
| 159:2 160:25 | consideration | 115:20 116:3 | 48:18 49:11 | 126:24 128:15 | 120:21 158:8 | 77:17 137:22 |
| 161:10,25 | 37:12 | 116:15 | 50:1,2 63:9 | 130:23 143:22 | creates 109:4 | 138:16,20,24 |
| 162:12,17 | considerations | contingent 73:25 | 66:12 120:20 | 154:17 163:14 | creating 129:16 | 139:7 144:12 |
| company's 27:2 | 42:2 | 108:25 115:13 | 120:25 121:4,7 | 163:17 166:21 | credit 4:13 11:1 | 145:2,6 151:2 |
| 32:5 83:13 | considered 86:5 | 116:1,11,25 | 121:11 | 166:21 172:7 | 18:14 19:5,11 | currently 46:17 |
| 115:12 | 111:21 147:23 | 117:1,5 165:6 | contributions | correctly $22: 3$ | 19:20 20:2 | 165:6 |
| compares 104:7 | considering | 168:6 170:9 | 32:4 47:8 53:4 | 124:13 | 21:20 23:16 | curves 162:11 |
| compartments | 115:9 140:25 | 171:13,14 | 53:22 54:19 | costs 161:7 | 28:14 48:25 |  |
| 139:18 | consistent 84:18 | contingently | 55:7 | counsel 73:19,22 | 49:14 50:15,18 | D |
| compensation | 108:4 138:6 | 109:5 115:16 | contributories | 85:17 | credited 118:19 | d 1:13 6:2 |
| 10:23 94:5 | 144:14 147:5 | continual 28:6 | 1:25 6:17 | counsel's 33:3 | crediting 118:19 | 101:23 |
| competition | 158:2 | continue 50:14 | 35:13,14 36:8 | couple 144:5 | creditor 3:22 | damages 19:13 |
| 162:21 | constitute | continued 1:3 | 36:11 37:12,25 | 151:17 | 4:16 10:24 | 20:22,25 21:16 |
| complete 2:20 | 150:15 161:14 | 176:3 | 41:15,23 42:4 | course 3:6,9 7:4 | 14:7,14 15:13 | 23:15 |
| 9:20 95:21 | constituted | continues 13:14 | 143:10 147:7 | 8:18 10:20 | 15:19,24,25 | date 4:10 11:18 |
| 108:10 | 150:16 | 14:11 | contributors | 11:3,25 12:6 | 16:13 17:18,21 | 14:1 17:14,15 |
| completely | constituting 94:8 | contortion 27:21 | 72:13 143:14 | 13:11 14:6,21 | 20:2 22:15 | 22:18 25:22 |
| 15:12 149:21 | construction | contortions | 151:5 | 15:18 17:8,17 | 24:9,15,20,25 | 26:12,14 27:1 |
| completing | 61:3 90:9,12 | 108:5,8 113:23 | contributory | 17:20 18:2,22 | 25:2,21 27:4 | 27:3,5,25,25 |
| 174:1 | 93:13 94:15 | contract 3:3,24 | 35:5 63:6 | 19:2 21:13 | 28:11 31:16 | 28:1,16 30:9 |
| complicated | 96:9 98:13 | 4:14,17 7:12 | 64:10 69:4 | 24:10 30:6,22 | 81:18 83:12 | 101:21,22 |
| 45:10 115:25 | 103:20 106:25 | 8:12 19:8,14 | 70:13 75:23 | 32:9,18 37:9 | 85:7 88:2 | 119:12 121:7,8 |
| 170:1 | 107:8 114:15 | 27:2 31:18 | 152:21 153:6 | 38:17,25 39:11 | 89:19 112:20 | 129:25 144:25 |
| complicates | 115:5 121:20 | 54:9 62:5 | 153:10 163:4 | 39:23 41:8,14 | creditors 9:11 | 145:3 |
| 38:10 | 129:21 136:25 | 83:11 89:1 | 163:19 164:13 | 42:15 47:18,21 | 10:1,2 12:5 | dates 4:11 28:8 |
| component | 139:7 141:4,4 | 92:18,19 96:22 | 164:15,23 | 50:22 52:25 | 13:8 16:23 | 173:20 |
| 144:8 | 143:22 144:14 | 128:19,25 | 165:1,15,18,20 | 56:9 57:5 | 17:5 26:19,20 | DAVID 1:4,11 |


| 1:19 2:1 5:4,8 | 70:6,10,14,21 | 160:1,16,19 | 86:2 87:25 | deficit 36:16 | 67:12,13 102:5 | 11:2,3,5,7,8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5:13,18,20,25 | 71:10,17,22 | 161:17 162:1 | 89:22 100:2,24 | defined 62:4 | 141:7 | 17:22,24 20:4 |
| 6:4,23 7:1,8,11 | 72:2,7,14,17 | 162:20 163:2,5 | 102:21 103:16 | 78:3 84:20 | developing | 20:5,17,19 |
| 8:1,3,5,9,14,22 | 72:20 73:4,10 | 163:7,11 164:2 | 111:6 112:1,12 | 91:20 92:9 | 132:24 | 22:19 23:4,8 |
| 9:2,5,14 10:11 | 73:16,21 74:4 | 164:6,9,11,21 | 118:11 119:13 | 104:3,7,8 | development | 26:22 |
| 12:8,11,13,16 | 74:8,19 75:4 | 165:24 166:4,6 | 119:16 120:22 | 114:19 124:5,6 | 15:7 | discounted 10:6 |
| 12:21 13:21 | 75:16 77:9,12 | 166:12,15,19 | 123:11 130:19 | 124:14 | develops 64:14 | discrepancy |
| 14:18,23,25 | 80:16,19 81:2 | 166:22,25 | 130:20,22 | definition 64:2 | deviate 68:23 | 58:8 59:1 |
| 15:3,9,16,19 | 81:11 82:19,24 | 167:4,9,17,19 | 136:10 148:1,4 | 92:7 97:15 | difference 14:5 | discretion |
| 15:21 16:1,5,8 | 83:2,7,17 84:4 | 167:21 168:8 | 166:4,8,8 | 98:5 100:6 | 25:6,7 40:9 | 135:13 |
| 16:11,13,15,18 | 85:5,10,20,23 | 168:13,17 | 168:19 173:7 | 106:10,11 | 41:20,21 47:22 | discuss 137:16 |
| 18:12,18,23 | 86:1,4 87:11 | 169:4,7,11,15 | debtor 149:4 | 108:21 110:2 | 47:23 100:1 | discussed 1:8 |
| 19:12,22,25 | 87:16,24 88:7 | 169:19,21,25 | debts 3:19 12:9 | 110:16 111:3 | 135:3 169:1 | 47:9 165:22 |
| 20:6,9,20,24 | 88:17,24 89:18 | 170:3,11,13,15 | 12:23 27:1 | 114:8 116:10 | different 3:21 | discussing 152:6 |
| 21:4,8,12,15 | 89:22 90:2,10 | 170:21,23 | 30:23 31:2 | 122:14,23 | 39:13 41:16 | 169:8 |
| 21:20,24 22:6 | 90:20 91:3,7 | 171:19,22 | 32:18 54:10 | 123:24 124:15 | 74:2 80:6,13 | discussion 19:19 |
| 22:11,14 23:3 | 91:18 93:3,5,7 | 172:2,8,15,21 | 58:5 59:5,10 | 126:4,16 131:9 | 81:16,17 83:23 | 33:10,11 |
| 23:13,16,25 | 93:11,14,24 | 173:14,17,23 | 59:13 61:12 | 132:4,15 | 89:25 93:23 | dispute 103:11 |
| 24:5,17,19,24 | 94:1,12 95:11 | 174:7,23 175:3 | 63:21 72:13 | 144:22 150:9 | 94:16,16 115:8 | disputed 172:19 |
| 25:4,10,13,18 | 95:20 96:4,7 | 175:5,10 | 76:9,11,14 | 150:17 | 120:12 121:12 | disputes 79:7 |
| 25:20,25 26:3 | 96:13,19,25 | Davies 4:2 | 77:25 79:3 | definitions 91:9 | 133:14 148:21 | disregard 56:15 |
| 26:8,12,17,23 | 97:12,14 99:13 | day 62:16 102:6 | 81:6 83:14 | 91:12 | 163:24 164:10 | 93:19 |
| 27:11,16 28:10 | 99:20 100:14 | 142:3 174:2,16 | 84:13,14,16,18 | degrees 174:3 | 164:18 165:18 | dissolution 98:2 |
| 28:19,25 29:5 | 100:20 101:20 | days 83:2 93:22 | 84:20,20,24,25 | delayed 10:23 | 173:21,24 | distinction |
| 29:7,10,15,20 | 102:14 103:5 | dead 170:19 | 87:19,22 89:23 | delegated 36:3 | differently | 100:17 110:11 |
| 30:2,4,13 31:3 | 103:10,14 | deal 1:20 30:23 | 90:14,16 97:9 | 40:12 41:5 | 133:12 140:8 | 146:20 147:3 |
| 31:8,11,22 | 104:24 105:2 | 35:18 44:19 | 99:4,7,19 | deleted 131:10 | 173:6 | 157:19 |
| 32:11,16,23 | 108:16,18 | 51:17,23 52:10 | 100:7 103:24 | deliberately | difficult 20:12 | distribute 17:10 |
| 33:9,15,18 | 110:7 113:1,7 | 66:20 70:12 | 105:5,6,17 | 148:20 | 28:19,21 41:10 | 152:13 |
| 34:16,24 35:8 | 113:11,15,17 | 75:25 80:25 | 106:2 107:13 | demand 28:13 | 47:22 56:15 | distributed 58:7 |
| 35:20 36:2,5 | 114:21 116:9 | 105:18 106:3 | 109:6 115:17 | dense 105:18 | 111:4,24 | 58:14 |
| 36:19,23,25 | 116:13,18,22 | 115:10 133:1 | 115:22 116:4,7 | depend 38:23 | 113:12 123:21 | distributing |
| 37:4,14,16 | 117:7,11,14,19 | 139:16 142:14 | 116:16 117:8 | depending 10:9 | 123:25 172:3 | 14:20 15:10,16 |
| 38:4,19,22 | 117:22 118:1,5 | 144:9 148:24 | 118:13,22 | 38:9 | 174:18 | 161:4 |
| 39:1,5,9,16,20 | 118:9,16,24 | dealing 2:2 | 121:9,13 | depends 50:2 | difficulty 14:19 | distribution |
| 40:2,7,18 41:9 | 119:4,9,15,21 | 19:23 32:18 | 124:24 126:3 | 119:19 173:24 | 41:2 64:5 | 47:25 145:3,18 |
| 41:17 42:8,24 | 119:24 120:5,9 | 70:8 151:18 | 137:9,24 138:5 | 173:24 | 107:16 | 145:23 146:1,2 |
| 43:2,12 44:10 | 120:16,24 | 165:20 169:8 | 138:9 140:2 | depreciated | direct 35:12 45:8 | 146:3,6,16 |
| 44:20,24 45:3 | 122:10,12,17 | deals 12:9 | 143:11,18,20 | 24:21 | directed 112:13 | distributions |
| 45:7,13,16,21 | 124:5 125:7,9 | 112:23 133:3 | 144:20,22,23 | Derham 1:17 | 147:22 | 58:12 |
| 45:25 46:5,7 | 125:18,21,24 | dealt 9:17 12:2 | 145:2 146:3,4 | describe 110:5 | direction 109:18 | dividend 41:15 |
| 46:10,16 47:1 | 128:1,3 129:2 | 51:13,18 52:24 | 146:22,24 | described | 109:21 110:8,9 | 43:8 58:1,6,9 |
| 47:6,11,16,19 | 129:8,13,23 | 75:7,20 128:4 | 147:1,4,4,8,25 | 111:22 153:24 | 110:19,21,21 | 58:11,13 68:1 |
| 47:24 48:6,17 | 130:6,11,22,24 | 140:15 142:25 | 147:25 148:25 | 154:1 165:21 | 110:25 112:3 | 81:20 100:3,12 |
| 48:21 49:1,17 | 131:2,16,19,23 | 143:23 151:23 | 153:12 165:25 | 171:5 | 148:22,23 | dividends 34:13 |
| 50:6,9,20 51:2 | 132:3,11,17 | debate 145:1 | 165:25 168:18 | desk 1:6 | 149:22,24 | 34:14 37:25 |
| 51:6,12,15,22 | 133:9,21 134:1 | debating 154:10 | 172:6 | despite 2:4,5 | directions 34:18 | 42:19 100:11 |
| 52:7,9,14,19 | 134:5,18,23 | debt 10:6,9 | December | 18:6 43:10 | 41:6 112:11 | 149:8 |
| 52:23 53:6,13 | 135:1,11 136:3 | 13:22 15:22 | 118:11,13,20 | detail 33:24 | directs 109:11 | divorce 95:6 |
| 53:16,19,23 | 136:8,13,19,21 | 18:2 19:17,17 | decide 27:21 | 142:9 143:24 | disadvantaged | document 90:24 |
| 54:1,6,14,22 | 138:3,18 139:9 | 20:17,21 21:2 | 88:18 104:5 | details 90:8 | 16:24 | 94:3,6 97:11 |
| 54:25 55:8,11 | 139:20 140:6 | 21:6,11,17,22 | decided 127:12 | determined 53:3 | disagree 65:23 | 107:2 111:11 |
| 55:15,21 56:2 | 142:5,10,13,22 | 21:23,25 22:3 | 127:13 156:11 | 53:20 98:12 | disagrees 65:18 | 122:2 131:13 |
| 56:13,22 57:2 | 143:4,9,15 | 22:4,10,12,17 | 157:6 172:20 | 104:11 106:14 | disapplication | documents |
| 57:8,10,15,20 | 147:14,19 | 23:9,11,12,14 | deciding 39:24 | determining | 163:21 | 46:20,23 94:15 |
| 58:20 59:2,7 | 148:6,9 149:12 | 25:12,16 26:25 | decision 72:25 | 37:9 53:1 | disapplied | 94:24 130:2,3 |
| 59:16,19,23 | 149:14,16 | 28:3 38:10,12 | 79:9 85:24 | 56:16 | 174:13,22 | doing 13:9 64:15 |
| 60:2,8,11,14 | 151:24 152:4,8 | 38:18 49:13 | 86:18 89:4 | detriment 10:1 | disapplying | 89:9 137:1 |
| 60:19,23 61:5 | 152:11,19 | 53:11 54:16,16 | 94:18,19 95:2 | 13:4,7 | 163:20 | 139:21 168:24 |
| 61:10,14,17,24 | 153:7,9,15,19 | 54:17 59:11 | 126:20 146:12 | detriments | discharge 8:20 | dollar 15:22 |
| 62:3,7,12,15 | 154:8,12,15,22 | 60:6,6,23 | deduce 24:6 | 10:18 | 9:12 95:15 | 28:15 34:15 |
| 62:18,20,25 | 156:14,19,22 | 61:20 62:23 | deduction 48:12 | develop 35:9,17 | discharged | 45:25 46:12,13 |
| 63:4,12,18,21 | 157:10,13,15 | 63:8,15,15,16 | deed 82:13 | 35:22 77:14 | 95:17 | dollars 22:8,9 |
| 63:24 64:2,5,9 | 157:25 158:4 | 67:1,7,8,22,23 | default 27:10,13 | 78:8 79:25 | discharges 31:19 | 23:18 29:2 |
| 64:19,23 65:10 | 158:14,18,21 | 68:6 77:5,16 | 27:15 | 102:10 144:1 | discount 10:7,8 | double 33:25 |
| 69:11,14,20,23 | 159:8,11,16,21 | 81:14 83:13 | defaults 15:9 | developed 2:15 | 10:19,21,22,22 | 44:17 48:4 |


| 49:13,16,22 | 101:22 | equated 28:23 | 92:1 97:16 | 123:21 126:7,8 | 44:11 75:7 | 121:4 125:12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 51:15 66:16 | effectively 38:17 | equitable 70:13 | 104:9 106:12 | 126:9 145:13 | fall 3:6 12:6,7 | 145:24 147:20 |
| doubt 11:9 78:9 | 57:22,24 69:3 | 76:1 77:1,8,10 | 106:16 108:14 | expressly 11:17 | 60:24,25 100:6 | 148:16 152:1 |
| 92:22 155:15 | 69:4 78:2 84:5 | 139:16,17,24 | 108:19 122:15 | 97:8 107:22 | 107:13 111:18 | 163:17 |
| 155:17 | 88:15 89:4,7 | 163:23 165:2 | 122:22,24,24 | 123:22 129:4 | 130:20 | Firstly 144:21 |
| doubts 122:5 | 102:9 106:5 | 168:4 170:8 | 124:18 126:5 | 136:6 | falling 143:18 | fit 129:10,11 |
| Draft 162:22 | 126:25 127:20 | 171:12 174:3 | 126:18 127:9 | extend 4:19 6:8 | 157:23 | 138:21 139:7 |
| drafted 93:17 | 129:22 130:20 | 174:10,11,19 | 128:21 129:6 | 32:8 54:5 | falls 38:16 80:9 | fits 87:20 105:3 |
| 94:4 100:5 | 131:8,10 136:2 | 174:25 | 133:8 | 147:7 | 146:23 | five $22: 12,16,23$ |
| 131:14 | 146:10 155:5 | equivalent $28: 16$ | excluding 59:10 | extends 52:21 | far 28:2 40:25 | 65:5 75:14 |
| draftsmen 86:10 | eighth 71:11 | 98:3 | exclusions 146:8 | extension 93:15 | 42:5 60:10,11 | 133:22 170:19 |
| draftsperson | either 11:24 | ergo 28:16 29:5 | exercisable 36:8 | extensively | 75:3 76:8 77:3 | fiver 163:2 |
| 100:22 111:11 | 16:25 17:14 | 29:6 | exercise 74:6 | 98:17 | 77:5 81:13 | fly 173:19 |
| 135:23 | 24:11 29:8 | error 157:23 | 81:17 111:8,23 | extent $27: 20$ | 82:15 87:20 | focus 150:23,24 |
| draftswoman | 38:6 39:18 | essentially 13:7 | 118:25 165:9 | 29:25 34:22 | 89:15 91:22 | focused 107:9 |
| 100:22 107:2,8 | 41:3 77:25 | establish 77:15 | 171:5 173:2 | 84:12 85:19 | 99:1 115:24 | focusing 110:13 |
| 107:24 122:2 | 107:14 108:12 | 114:18 155:14 | exercised 42:17 | 86:10 98:11 | 117:24 128:14 | follow 9:14 |
| 131:11 | 108:16 130:6 | established 5:2 | 66:17 | 111:19 119:1 | 129:2 133:4 | 19:13 24:5 |
| drawing 149:7 | 141:13 161:3 | 104:10 106:14 | exercises 172:23 | 137:8 139:1 | 139:10 147:15 | 34:11 54:22,22 |
| 157:19 | 167:22 168:21 | establishes 91:15 | 173:20 | 161:16 | 148:12 168:10 | 60:11 64:9,9 |
| drawn 146:20 | 170:8 174:10 | estate 39:3 41:7 | exercising 37:20 | extinguished 2:9 | 173:9 | 69:25 73:2 |
| drops 134:19 | emotive 160:12 | 42:7 66:8 | exhausted 9:7 | extinguishes | father 70:25 | 90:2 115:19 |
| due 23:10 72:13 | emphasis 40:15 | 100:9 | exist 13:3 74:22 | 173:7 | fault 168:25 | 116:9,13 |
| 74:23 111:18 | 72:24 | estates 40:1,4,16 | 77:17 116:8 | extra 162:17 | favour 13:11 | 161:16 166:22 |
| 125:1 154:17 | emphasise 99:5 | et $34: 877: 25$ | 117:4 139:1 | extract 1:6 | 122:1 141:4 | 167:13 172:21 |
| duty 36:10 39:2 | 148:2 | 83:16 97:18 | 147:10 | 151:20 | 156:7,13 | followed 71:19 |
|  | emphasised | 99:6 123:19,19 | existed 4:10 | extracts 1:10,14 | field 157:17 | 156:25 |
| E | 100:16 | 128:5,6 141:6 | existence 47:5 | 1:17 | fifth 141:11 | following 2:24 |
| e 78:4 117:23 | empty 131:6 | 152:12 155:24 | 98:23 109:7 | extreme 78:15 | Fifthly 78:13 | 5:5 70:12 75:6 |
| 134:3 | 132:3,5,6 | event 16:25 | 115:18 174:3 | 79:22 108:10 | figures 39:22,23 | 110:23 143:24 |
| earlier 10:12 | enable 162:23 | 83:12 102:13 | existing 84:18 | extremely 79:20 | 41:13 50:4 | follows 22:6 27:6 |
| 23:20 27:1,3,5 | encapsul | 102:19 137:7 | 147:24 |  | 76:17 | 38:5 57:21 |
| 27:10,13 30:21 | 81:21 | 138:13 139:3 | exists 50:3 84:23 | F | fill 17:4 22:9 | 137:22 161:9 |
| 35:25 42:19 | encompas | everybody 28:5 | 138:22 | F 4:7 31:14 75:6 | final 94:19 | football 163:1 |
| 45:22 101:22 | 54:11 | evidence 46:14 | expect 12:12 | face 166:8 | Finally 6:9 | footing 60:21 |
| 123:6 124:17 | endeavour 74:17 | 79:6,6 127:4,5 | 36:17 79:19 | fact $2: 43: 14$ | financial 118:16 | footnote 73:14 |
| 139:4 150:5 | enforce 135:15 | 154:25 155:8 | 89:1 172:8 | 20:3 35:14 | 142:15 | 73:18 95:9,13 |
| earth 79:15 | engaged 165:2 | Ex 47:20 | 173:17 | 37:12 43:10 | find 12:12 41:9 | 125:11,19 |
| 113:24 141:25 | enormous 86:19 | exactly $23: 19$ | expected 107:7 | 47:2 59:7 | 51:18 56:15 | 127:23,24 |
| easier 41:12 | ensure 145:3 | 54:24 56:1 | 114:2 122:2,6 | 78:11 87:4 | 72:3 89:15 | 128:2 131:18 |
| easiest 107:4 | entertaining | 60:18 64:7 | 161:22 162:7 | 93:22 101:6 | 131:5 145:16 | footnotes 141:22 |
| easy 20:11 | 113:16 | 67:24 86:20 | expecting 74:13 | 103:16 106:21 | 145:19 | force 45:16 |
| 139:19,20 | entirely 108:4 | 87:23 97:4 | expense 29:8,11 | 113:19,22 | finds 11:24 | 76:13 97:3 |
| Eckhart 74:3,9 | 139:2 | 103:11 119:4 | 29:16 | 114:22,23,25 | 79:23 122:19 | foreign 14:7,14 |
| 74:18 75:2 | entitle 68:1 | 155:4 | expenses 143:12 | 121:24 122:7 | fine 43:20 | 17:5,8,12,18 |
| 139:5 | entitled 8:21 | example 6:17 | 147:7 | 123:18 127:3 | 138:18 142:13 | 17:20 18:3 |
| economic 11:5,6 | 10:24 18:13 | 10:3 15:24 | explain 140:13 | 128:12,24 | 170:21 | 21:19 23:2,9,9 |
| edges 146:7 | 22:11 24:3,16 | 17:17 20:3,14 | 162:23 169:1 | 129:19 132:8 | finish 64:13 | 23:11,12 24:14 |
| edition 71:11,14 | 42:13 46:8 | 23:10 36:14 | explained 42:14 | 132:10 141:2 | 175:8 | 24:19 27:6,18 |
| 151:21 | 60:20 67:25 | 39:14 41:13 | 95:24 | 144:6 146:23 | fire 120:7 | 27:22 28:4 |
| editions 71:4 | 68:11 102:24 | 42:21 43:4,5 | explicit 107:5 | 156:11 160:11 | firepower 85:17 | 29:11,13,24 |
| editor 71:14 | 117:20 136:9 | 49:5,5,7 50:3 | explicitly 93:16 | 171:23 172:18 | first 1:22 2:3 | 145:2,6 |
| editors 72:10,18 | 155:2,21,23 | 52:6,13 54:16 | express 107:5 | facto 68:3 | 9:20 11:23 | forever 62:16 |
| 73:6 152:6,14 | 156:17 168:20 | 58:2,18 88:14 | 128:4,22,22 | factor 25:11 | 13:15 23:1 | forget 140:21 |
| 153:11 | entitlement 8:15 | 89:12 94:3 | 129:11,14,19 | factors 37:23 | 30:20 32:7 | forgive 155:3 |
| effect 2:4 5:11 | 8:17 9:13 35:4 | 95:12 120:17 | 130:5 | 38:1 40:23 | 34:17 35:19,21 | form 78:15 |
| 40:1 41:22 | 42:16 162:17 | 121:12,13 | expressed 92:4 | 41:18 42:3,18 | 35:23 36:17 | 79:22 87:7,9 |
| 42:3 80:21 | entry 11:18 | 144:24 146:11 | 97:17 122:25 | facts 132:4 | 37:3 38:13 | 107:2 108:10 |
| 82:18 105:14 | 163:3 | 149:8 161:2 | 123:4,8,9,10 | factual 34:4 | 43:23 44:2 | 127:24 128:8 |
| 105:23,24 | envelope 35:6 | examples 160:23 | 123:13,19 | 45:21 93:25 | 49:2 57:3 | 128:25 131:7 |
| 107:17 108:8 | envisaged 84:16 | exchange 17:21 | 124:9,19,21 | fail $37: 13$ | 58:25 59:3 | 131:20 |
| 109:10 114:3 | equal 36:15,18 | 18:6 25:7,8,11 | 125:14 126:1,8 | fair 37:22 42:17 | 63:14 65:25 | formal 48:14 |
| 119:15 130:12 | equally $3: 18,19$ | exchanges | 126:18 128:4 | 81:3 | 67:23 76:21 | 82:12 123:24 |
| 163:14,19 | 10:12 27:23 | 154:14 | 129:8,9,21,22 | fairground | 77:1 80:25 | forms 6:10 57:23 |
| effected 82:12 | 39:8 42:6 | excluded 78:4 | 133:5 | 145:13 | 87:12,13,14 | 58:23 59:14 |
| effective 86:6 | 84:17 89:23 | 80:7 91:22 | expression | fairly 1:21 33:22 | 89:15 97:3 | formulation |


| 75:23 | 110:23 150:15 | 159:22 | 148:12 172:19 | heard 33:1 74:15 | idea 65:3 88:11 | 76:10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fortiori 150:12 | fundamental | gives 10:17 | 175:11 | 78:11 | 127:14 | INDEX 176:1 |
| forward 102:17 | 146:15,16,18 | 15:23 27:4 | Gore-Browne | hearing 46:11 | identical 76:24 | indicate 4:25 |
| 142:12 | 155:12 | 75:14 | 47:12 | hears 75:11 | identified 81:5 | 32:1 |
| Foskett 70:23 | fundamentally | giving 18:14 | governing 2:18 | heavily 103:6 | identifies 112:6 | indication 9:16 |
| found 33:12,13 | 98:21 133:3 | 85:13 121:3 | 94:7 | Helas 161:2 | 150:1 | 9:19 13:3 |
| 71:2 85:18,22 | funds 148:24 | go 1:9 27:21 | grab 63:5 | held 34:4,6 45:9 | identity 110:11 | 19:10 29:17 |
| four 151:23 | 150:15 162:6 | 30:20 34:19 | graphic 95:12 | 45:23 46:12,13 | ignored 47:4 | industry 70:22 |
| 170:20 | 166:12 171:24 | 36:4 42:5 45:7 | grateful 120:7 | 95:3 109:1 | ignores 13:12 | informed 126:20 |
| fourth 141:7 | 172:4,5 | 49:5 54:2 56:8 | graveyard 65:13 | 120:20 127:17 | image 173:18 | inherent 113:20 |
| fourthly 78:5 | further 3:12 6:2 | 73:6 74:18 | greater 2:12 | 166:9 | imagining 54:15 | initial 69:17 |
| fraction 43:11 | 7:19,19 17:17 | 75:24 77:7 | 7:12 8:12 | help 33:19 34:16 | immediate 120:4 | 94:18 121:22 |
| framework | 18:25 30:10 | 86:11 92:2,14 | 11:10 23:23 | 63:5 64:21,25 | immediately | 125:8 |
| 98:16 | 33:19 64:21 | 113:22 115:7 | greatest 65:24 | 64:25 65:2,3 | 29:10 62:10 | innocent 30:2,3 |
| Frankly 83:18 | 68:9 74:18 | 125:5 129:2 | 66:19 82:16 | 156:19 | 94:5 111:17 | 30:5 |
| free 42:2 | 75:2 86:11 | 133:13 136:5 | 127:9 151:10 | helpful 74:17 | 118:12 | inserted 55:15 |
| Friday 1:1 65:13 | 90:16 92:15 | 137:15 141:18 | 155:11 156:17 | 79:25 132:20 | impaired 134:13 | insofar 39:13 |
| friend 3:11 5:16 | 95:2 129:24 | 142:9,23 | grey 122:5 | 144:2 163:8 | importance | insolvencies |
| 6:11 13:6 | 130:19 137:13 | 151:18 154:6 | Grissell's 70:19 | helpfully 74:12 | 127:12 | 173:19 |
| 14:11 33:23 | 138:13 140:16 | 158:13 159:4 | ground 148:7 | helps 111:15 | important 33:14 | insolvency 2:4 |
| 66:18 67:2,10 | 147:9 163:16 | 161:4 168:14 | grounds 150:22 | 115:1 122:8 | 78:18,23 85:23 | 2:25 5:1,10 |
| 67:16 78:20 | 173:13 | 173:9 174:24 | guidance 109:21 | 145:20 | 86:6 94:8 | 10:5 28:6 |
| 80:2,10 83:21 | future 10:3,6 | goes 9:25 13:23 | 145:9 | hesitate 93:20 | 96:23 97:7 | 35:15 56:10 |
| 84:1 89:8 | 17:19,24 19:1 | 15:10 22:17 | guts 76:4 92:15 | higher 3:1 16:2 | 117:24 128:20 | 68:22,24 77:24 |
| 100:15 102:5,8 | 21:25 22:13 | 41:22 56:2 | 103:19 | highly 172:17 | 146:1 148:2 | 82:12,18 83:10 |
| 102:8 105:10 | 23:2,11 62:5 | 64:19 82:15 |  | hinders 122:9 | 150:4 | 83:13 92:8 |
| 108:6 110:13 | 92:11 108:23 | 85:2 95:2 | H | 132:20 | impose 109:19 | 97:2,4,5,7,8,9 |
| 110:15 112:23 | 110:2,3 | 110:2 111:10 | hand 18:5 3 | Hoffman 75:2 | 122:20 148:18 | 97:20,20,23,25 |
| 139:13,13 |  | 114:14 118:7 | 39:10 71:2 | 92:22 95:12,18 | 148:20 | 98:16,25 |
| 141:21 142:19 | G | 126:4 150:12 | 100:1 | Hoffman's 94:2 | impossibility | 104:11 106:15 |
| 153:21 175:8 | G 6:2 | 165:14 167:24 | handed 71:8,9 | hold 34:10 40:3 | 112:24 113:24 | 112:5 118:7 |
| friends 64:14 | gain 16:14 17:2 | 167:24 168:14 | hands 95:15 | 41:11 43:10 | impossible 77:19 | 119:10,11,16 |
| 65:15 88:25 | 17:11 | 170:24 171:6,7 | 99:18 109:13 | 63:6 68:25 | 88:2 111:4,25 | 119:20 120:12 |
| 127:9 150:19 | gains 45:1 | 172:12 | 115:11 144:17 | 120:7 | inaudible 63:11 | 121:1,8 123:1 |
| friend's 8:7 | gathered 99:22 | going 10:18 | 146:25 147:24 | holder 149:6 | 71:5,6 79:15 | 123:3,8,20,23 |
| 17:20 18:8 | general 27:18 | 30:11,13 33:20 | 148:25,25 | 150:14 152:17 | 81:18 84:1 | 123:23,25 |
| front 79:8 88:18 | 38:11 82:8,11 | 38:6 39:17,20 | 161:13 | 152:20 153:10 | 87:10 91:16 | 124:1,4,6,10 |
| fruitlessly 73:19 | 89:23 134:21 | 41:16 46:23 | hang 64:12 | holders 58:3,7 | 93:6 100:3 | 124:13,14,22 |
| 73:21 | generally 70:23 | 55:22 63:4,20 | happen 9:15 | 151:16 | 138:15 140:24 | 125:15 126:6 |
| Fry 71:15 72:25 | 86:4 137:17 | 67:11,12 69:5 | 107:14 121:2 | holding 36:15 | 145:18 150:4 | 126:19 127:11 |
| 73:1 | generated 79:5 | 71:25 72:3 | 127:11 160:13 | 47:3 83:5 | 153:21 155:6 | 127:14 128:16 |
| Fry's 71:18 | getting 52:10 | 73:11 75:11 | 165:19 | holds 34:7 | 166:24 167:5 | 128:17,18,23 |
| FSA 101:23 | Gibbs 70:19 | 91:10 95:2 | happened 15:1 | home 63:22 64:7 | 173:8 | 129:17 133:5 |
| full 7:2 8:2,14,17 | 71:16 73:19 | 112:15 113:11 | 51:20 137:2 | 67:3 | include 37:23 | 135:14,20 |
| 9:13 12:5 22:9 | 151:23 | 118:6 119:18 | happens $3: 1$ | honestly 127:17 | 38:9 53:8 93:1 | 140:19 144:15 |
| 28:2 37:19 | Giffard 3:8 | 119:25 120:3,7 | 14:24 26:9 | hope 33:22 42:13 | 93:15 | 149:25 163:21 |
| 38:6 39:18,21 | give 3:22 11:1 | 127:11 132:5 | 66:11 67:7 | 44:11 94:18 | included 30:24 | 163:22 164:4,4 |
| 40:20 41:3 | 19:11,20 20:2 | 132:22 133:7 | 76:21 160:3 | 95:1 97:11 | 66:25 | 164:8 167:7,9 |
| 43:8 49:19,20 | 21:20 23:16 | 133:10 137:11 | 167:23 168:5 | 175:8,10 | includes 53:25 | 168:5 173:3 |
| 49:21,21 53:7 | 28:14 34:2 | 138:14,25 | 170:7 173:3 | hoping 20:11 | 88:9 97:25 | 174:12,21 |
| 54:8 55:4,13 | 39:25 46:20 | 139:16 140:8 | happy 149:23 | House 94:15 | 115:22 116:10 | insolvent 4:9,11 |
| 58:4 60:4 61:7 | 48:25 49:4,14 | 140:14 142:7,9 | 151:11 162:25 | 162:23 | 144:22 151:1 | 11:20 37:7,25 |
| 66:10,14,15 | 50:15,18 84:7 | 142:14 143:25 | 175:1 | howsoever 109:1 | 153:10 | 38:5 39:17 |
| 67:9 68:11 | 89:20 92:23 | 157:2 158:15 | hard 158:10 | 109:8 | including 38:18 | 41:15 55:20 |
| 100:12 102:23 | 120:3,17 | 158:23 159:4 | hate 90:21 | Humber 3:8 | 58:10,15 59:18 | 120:13 |
| 109:6 114:12 | 149:12 | 160:13 161:22 | 153:20 | humorous 95:18 | 131:25 138:3,6 | instance 36:17 |
| 115:17,21 | given 7:5 9:18 | 162:10,11 | head 86:11 90:23 | Hutton 70:23 | 138:9 162:7 | 37:3 43:24 |
| 116:4 117:8 | 19:6,9 41:6 | 165:16 168:22 | 120:10 | 103:9 120:11 | inconsistency | 49:3 57:3 |
| 131:14 138:2 | 42:19,21 50:3 | 169:16,17 | headline 19:2 | 136:5 | 158:6,8 | 135:25 |
| 138:10 152:16 | 51:7 65:12 | 171:1,16 | 71:12 77:13 | Hutton's 70:24 | inconsistent | institute 135:14 |
| 153:4 161:23 | 67:8 97:23 | 173:12 174:24 | 139:22 | hypothesis 59:8 | 135:7 | institution |
| fully $64: 17$ | 105:15,25 | good 1:5 9:19 | headnote 83:9 | 170:2 | incorrect 101:17 | 118:17 135:20 |
| 151:16 152:17 | 110:5,19 | 31:24 47:19 | Heads 18:10 |  | increase 145:5 | insufficiency |
| 152:20,22 | 127:21 128:8 | 50:25 63:8 | head-on 106:19 | I | indemnity 34:21 | 5:10 |
| 153:10,13,17 | 131:20 141:2,2 | 65:3,5 91:22 | hear 48:1 51:22 | ICS 92:22 93:23 | 46:8 48:9 | insufficient 5:24 |
| fund 63:9 110:22 | 141:11 159:20 | 141:13,14 | 74:13 78:9 | 94:2,13 | independent | 58:4 166:7 |


| insuperable | 144:7,24 | 23:10,24 26:2 | 33:18 34:16,24 | 108:16,18 | keep 65:14 | 50:14,17 51:7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 107:15 | 146:23 148:4,6 | 26:14 | 35:8,20 36:2,5 | 110:7 113:1,7 | kernel 140:13 | 53:7,21 54:7 |
| intelligible 108:4 | 149:20 151:1 | job 90:23 | 36:19,23,25 | 113:11,15,17 | key 97:21 | 58:3,4 66:7 |
| 145:21 | 153:24 155:21 | joint 34:20 75:13 | 37:4,14,16 | 114:21 116:9 | kind 69:21 | 68:3 69:5,10 |
| intended 112:4 | 155:23 156:24 | jointly 108:25 | 38:4,19,22 | 116:13,18,22 | 151:22 | 76:6,14,20 |
| 149:20,25 | 157:3,5,8,8,11 | joke 73:17 | 39:1,5,9,16,20 | 117:7,11,14,19 | know 11:23 15:2 | 77:6 80:22 |
| 156:4 | 159:7 161:12 | Jonathan 70:25 | 40:2,7,18 41:9 | 117:22 118:1,5 | 30:14,14 39:22 | 81:4 82:10,16 |
| intending 107:11 | 162:7,17 | 71:1 | 41:17 42:8,24 | 118:9,16,24 | 43:13 65:1 | 83:22 87:4,6 |
| 162:13 | interested 71:4 | judge 83:8 84:10 | 43:2,12 44:10 | 119:4,9,15,21 | 82:25 85:15 | 101:11,15 |
| intent 157:2 | 134:3,8 | 85:3 | 44:20,24 45:3 | 119:24 120:5,9 | 89:16 114:14 | 104:2,13 105:8 |
| intention 107:1 | interesting 22:15 | judging 48:1 | 45:7,13,16,21 | 120:16,24 | 133:18 134:2,8 | 114:5,11 |
| 107:24 154:20 | 33:13 | judgment 4:1,21 | 45:25 46:5,7 | 122:10,12,17 | 151:19 154:5,8 | 115:11 128:13 |
| 155:5,7,8,19 | interests 18:5 | 7:12 8:12 | 46:10,16 47:1 | 124:5 125:7,9 | 157:5 164:4 | 130:13 133:15 |
| 155:20 | 53:9 80:23 | 90:22 91:10 | 47:6,11,16,19 | 125:18,21,24 | 172:11 | 139:23 143:19 |
| inter 1:25 30:1 | 92:1 162:15 | 94:19 126:25 | 47:24 48:6,17 | 128:1,3 129:2 | knowing 79:10 | 144:11 154:1 |
| 35:22 41:19 | interfering | 127:1 163:18 | 48:21 49:1,17 | 129:8,13,23 | knows 1:21 66:1 | 155:14,15 |
| 42:4 44:8 66:2 | 89:10 | Judgments 3:1 | 50:6,9,20 51:2 | 130:6,11,22,24 | 69:17 88:10 | 156:5 165:6,8 |
| 66:12,23 | interrelationsh... | judicature 5:13 | 51:6,12,15,22 | 131:2,16,19,23 | 95:24 96:5 | 165:13 167:23 |
| interchange | 44:3 | July 13:25 14:2 | 52:7,9,14,19 | 132:3,11,17 | 99:25 102:3 | 167:24 168:1 |
| 78:19 79:11 | intervenes 28:6 | 14:7 15:14,15 | 52:23 53:6,13 | 133:9,21 134:1 | 145:1 154:7 | 168:11,12,14 |
| interest 1:22 2:2 | inter-company | 15:25 23:22 | 53:16,19,23 | 134:5,18,23 |  | 169:18 170:24 |
| 2:5,8,9,19,21 | 134:24 | 26:15 28:15,22 | 54:1,6,14,22 | 135:1,11 136:3 | L | 171:2,6,7 |
| 2:24 3:1,2,10 | introduction 3:9 | 29:2,4 | 54:25 55:8,11 | 136:8,13,19,21 | L 78:5 92:3 | LBIE's 34:10 |
| 3:17 4:13,25 | 70:4 | junior 97:19 | 55:15,21 56:2 | 138:3,18 139:9 | lacunae 153:24 | 35:4,10 37:17 |
| 6:10,13,14,16 | inverted 78:2 | 123:2,11,15,20 | 56:13,22 57:2 | 139:20 140:6 | 153:25 154:3 | 38:2 39:11 |
| 6:18,20,23 7:5 | investigations | 124:10,20,21 | 57:8,10,15,20 | 142:5,10,13,22 | 160:11,12 | 42:1,7,12,20 |
| 7:13,15,20,22 | 161:1,8,16 | 125:15 126:1 | 58:20 59:2,7 | 143:4,9,15 | large 43:6 69:7 | 42:25 43:19 |
| 7:24 8:3,4,6,11 | investment 94:7 | 126:14 128:9 | 59:16,19,23 | 147:14,19 | largely 79:6 | 44:4 54:11 |
| 8:15,19,21,24 | invidious 86:17 | 128:12 130:18 | 60:2,8,11,14 | 148:6,9 149:12 | larger 43:9 | 58:2,7 67:22 |
| 8:25 9:3,6,10 | invitation | 130:20,22 | 60:19,23 61:5 | 149:14,16 | lastly 76:1 131:4 | 76:7 78:24 |
| 9:11,13 10:3,4 | 113:14 142:17 | 131:21 132:8 | 61:10,14,17,24 | 151:24 152:4,8 | late 70:25 | 81:24 90:13 |
| 10:9,12,21,23 | invite 32:18 | jurisdiction 98:4 | 62:3,7,12,15 | 152:11,19 | latest 103:23 | 98:9 103:17 |
| 10:25 11:11,12 | ipso 68:3 | jury 43:13 46:19 | 62:18,20,25 | 153:7,9,15,19 | law 19:13 | 107:16 109:3 |
| 12:5,10,15,16 | Ironworks 3:8 | justice 1:4,11,19 | 63:4,12,18,21 | 154:8,12,15,22 | LBH 34:15 46:6 | 125:10 126:15 |
| 13:9 17:19,25 | irrelevant 43:19 | 2:1 4:2,21,24 | 63:24 64:2,5,9 | 156:14,19,22 | LBHI 2:12,15 | 131:4 136:17 |
| 18:1,4,9 19:18 | 132:8,10 139:8 | 5:4,8,13,18,20 | 64:19,23 65:10 | 157:10,13,15 | 52:21 53:10 | 137:9 138:22 |
| 19:18,21,24,24 | irrespective | 5:25 6:4,23 7:1 | 69:11,14,20,23 | 157:25 158:4 | 56:21,24 57:1 | 140:4 151:7 |
| 20:15 21:12,13 | 113:24 | 7:8,11 8:1,3,5 | 70:6,10,14,21 | 158:14,18,21 | 57:22,24 58:1 | 156:1 165:4 |
| 22:2 23:8 | Isaacs 5:22 | 8:9,14,22 9:2,5 | 71:10,15,17,18 | 159:8,11,16,21 | 58:6,9,15,17 | 169:2 |
| 26:21 27:23 | 11:10 30:13 | 9:14 10:11 | 71:22 72:2,7 | 160:1,16,19 | 58:19,22 59:14 | LBL 33:22 40:1 |
| 28:3 31:17 | 80:2,3,12 | 12:8,11,13,16 | 72:14,17,20,25 | 161:17 162:1 | 60:19 63:7 | 40:17 43:16 |
| 32:6 38:24 | 133:11,11 | 12:21 13:21 | 73:1,4,10,16 | 162:20 163:2,5 | 67:18 75:8 | 46:12,12 48:8 |
| 59:10 60:16 | 140:7,9 142:6 | 14:18,23,25 | 73:21 74:4,8 | 163:7,11 164:2 | 103:15 140:7 | 48:10,23 49:11 |
| 61:18 76:9 | 142:11,14,20 | 15:3,9,16,19 | 74:19 75:4,16 | 164:6,9,11,21 | 149:17 165:17 | 49:12 51:8 |
| 77:16,25 79:2 | 143:23 144:1,3 | 15:21 16:1,5,8 | 77:9,12 80:16 | 165:24 166:4,6 | 170:25 171:2 | 66:23 67:25 |
| 80:7 81:7 | 151:12 | 16:11,13,15,18 | 80:19 81:2,11 | 166:12,15,19 | 174:2 | 75:8 168:9 |
| 84:21,22 85:2 | issue 7:10 20:21 | 18:12,18,23 | 82:19,24 83:2 | 166:22,25 | LBHI's 2:13 | 174:2 |
| 87:18,21,25 | 26:24 30:18 | 19:12,22,25 | 83:7,17,25 | 167:4,9,17,19 | 174:5 | LBL's 48:12 |
| 88:3,10 99:6 | 34:25 38:8 | 20:6,9,20,24 | 84:4,6,16 85:5 | 167:21 168:8 | LBHI2 33:22 | 76:18 79:9 |
| 99:14 104:18 | 42:21 45:17,19 | 21:4,8,12,15 | 85:10,20,23 | 168:13,17 | 34:6,13 38:10 | 139:12 140:1 |
| 105:9,13,15,16 | 46:10 47:8 | 21:20,24 22:6 | 86:1,4 87:11 | 169:4,7,11,15 | 38:12,17 40:1 | 174:5 |
| 105:22,25 | 48:2 50:21 | 22:11,14 23:3 | 87:16,24 88:7 | 169:19,21,25 | 40:17 42:10,23 | lead 29:22 |
| 106:1,7,8,20 | 51:6 61:17 | 23:13,16,25 | 88:17,17,24 | 170:3,11,13,15 | 43:6,10 44:16 | 162:13 |
| 106:22 107:3,6 | 79:10 81:3 | 24:5,17,19,24 | 89:18,18,22 | 170:21,23 | 46:13,24 48:19 | leads 155:11,12 |
| 107:12 108:13 | 93:20 106:19 | 25:4,10,13,18 | 90:2,5,10,20 | 171:19,22 | 48:24 49:10,12 | learned 3:10 |
| 110:6 114:19 | 126:23 127:12 | 25:20,25 26:3 | 91:3,7,18 93:3 | 172:2,8,15,21 | 50:12,12,13,15 | 5:16 6:11 8:7 |
| 115:13,15,23 | 136:10 148:10 | 26:8,12,17,23 | 93:5,7,11,14 | 173:14,17,23 | 51:21 57:7 | 13:5 14:11 |
| 116:20 117:11 | 156:16 | 27:11,16 28:10 | 93:24 94:1,12 | 174:7,23 175:3 | 128:13 | 17:20 18:8 |
| 117:18,20 | issued 121:1,7 | 28:19,25 29:5 | 95:11,20 96:4 | 175:5,10 | LBIE 2:3 35:1 | 33:23 64:14 |
| 118:13,22 | issues 1:20 17:9 | 29:7,10,15,20 | 96:7,13,19,25 | Justices 3:8 | 38:5,14 39:2,9 | 65:15 66:18 |
| 119:7,10,17 | 23:7 | 30:2,4,5,7,13 | 97:12,14 99:13 |  | 39:25 40:2,13 | 67:2,10,15 |
| 121:14 124:16 |  | 30:16,16,19,19 | 99:20 100:14 | K | 40:19,21,25 | 71:14 72:9,18 |
| 124:25 125:14 | J | 31:3,8,8,9,11 | 100:20 101:20 | Kaupthing | 41:3,7,20,21 | 73:5 78:20 |
| 126:2,14 | January 13:23 | 31:14,22 32:11 | 102:14 103:5 | 163:18 165:22 | 44:7 48:11,12 | 80:2,10 83:8 |
| 135:18 137:23 | 14:4,9,16 | 32:16,23,24 | 103:10,14 | 171:6 | 48:22,23 49:10 | 83:21 84:1,10 |
| 137:23 140:5 | 15:10 16:4 | 33:9,13,15,15 | 104:24 105:2 | keen 74:10 | 49:12,18 50:9 | 85:3 88:25 |


| 89:8 100:15 | 101:24 104:2,7 | line 73:18 92:23 | look 26:21,21 | 33:19,22 34:2 | 128:20 130:1 | 80:8,11,15,17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 102:5,7,8 | 104:8,9,22 | 101:3 | 35:4 43:15 | 35:3,24 36:3 | 130:12 132:7 | 82:6,6,7,9,25 |
| 105:10 108:6 | 106:10,12,16 | lines 4:2 13:1 | 44:20 52:14 | 37:15 39:4,8 | 132:18 133:10 | 86:8,14,17,21 |
| 110:13,14 | 106:17 107:19 | 30:17,20 71:24 | 67:20 71:23 | 39:11 40:5 | 133:15,18 | 90:22 91:1,1,8 |
| 112:23 127:9 | 108:13,14,17 | 75:14 84:10 | 73:5,6 74:16 | 41:12 42:13 | 134:2,15 135:4 | 91:9,14,19,20 |
| 139:13,13 | 108:19,20,23 | 97:24 149:11 | 79:5 83:16 | 43:3 44:1,11 | 135:8 136:4,16 | 92:16,21 93:9 |
| 141:21 142:19 | 110:3,3,17 | 149:15 154:23 | 90:9 92:24 | 44:18,22,22 | 138:12,19 | 93:21 94:5,17 |
| 150:19 152:6 | 114:22 115:3 | liquidation 4:13 | 93:25 94:20 | 45:15 47:17,20 | 139:10,21 | 94:17,20 95:5 |
| 152:14 153:11 | 116:11 120:19 | 9:25 11:19 | 96:23 97:2,7 | 48:3,7 49:9 | 140:8,9 141:15 | 95:9,24 96:5 |
| 153:21 175:7 | 120:20 122:14 | 13:24 31:20,24 | 99:10 104:5,6 | 50:22 51:9,13 | 142:4,11,14,16 | 96:10,23 97:1 |
| leave 65:20 | 122:16,22,24 | 32:1 55:25 | 108:20 122:23 | 52:16 55:17,19 | 142:23,25 | 97:10,10,11,15 |
| 80:11 126:25 | 122:24,25 | 56:3,10,14 | 123:7,13 | 56:7,20 57:21 | 143:3,5,7,16 | 97:17 98:8,9 |
| 133:11 140:9 | 123:2,4,16 | 68:5,18 69:6 | 136:17 142:6 | 57:25 60:10 | 143:25 144:8 | 99:1,2,9,10,15 |
| 143:25 163:12 | 124:11,20,21 | 97:25 106:9 | 142:18 146:4 | 62:1 63:10 | 144:19,21 | 99:22,25 |
| leaves 2:7 163:22 | 124:22,23 | 119:22,24 | looked 2:6 4:4,6 | 64:7,10,12,17 | 146:1 147:20 | 100:18,21,25 |
| leaving 161:23 | 125:1,15 126:6 | 147:8 154:2 | 5:19 11:24 | 64:21 65:14,19 | 148:2,17 | 101:2,15 102:3 |
| left 8:16 42:23 | 126:15,18 | 156:25 158:13 | 37:10 47:12 | 66:3,16,21,23 | 149:10 151:6 | 102:7 103:13 |
| 112:19 131:9 | 127:10 128:10 | 158:16,23 | 82:25 92:7 | 67:5,10,12,15 | 151:11 153:1 | 105:4 106:23 |
| 150:9,11,18 | 128:11,12,21 | 159:4,9,14 | 96:21 113:8 | 67:17,19,21 | 153:16,23 | 111:9,14 115:6 |
| 152:9 153:23 | 129:6 131:22 | 161:1,11,16,19 | 119:3 | 68:6,15,23 | 154:9,23 | 119:19,23 |
| 167:6 | 132:9 133:8 | 161:20 162:7 | looking 10:20 | 69:3,9,12,15 | 155:10 157:21 | 120:3,8 121:17 |
| left-hand 152:3 | 134:13 137:17 | 162:10,11,18 | 11:23 24:19 | 70:7,11,22 | 158:9 159:17 | 121:19 122:19 |
| legal 35:4 36:22 | 137:18,19,21 | 165:14 167:24 | 26:24 34:24 | 71:11 72:15 | 160:2,6,23 | 124:13 125:5 |
| 93:1,16,17 | 137:25 138:1 | 167:25 168:14 | 39:1 40:16 | 73:3,11,14,23 | 161:3,8,18 | 127:21,25 |
| 94:4,22 112:23 | 140:4 141:6 | 168:15 169:3,4 | 68:15 74:7 | 74:15,15,17 | 162:2,8,18,25 | 132:25 134:2,4 |
| 113:24 126:22 | 143:12,18 | 169:6 170:25 | 81:9 82:3,4,22 | 75:2,5,9,17,18 | 163:4,13,16,18 | 134:6,8,9,17 |
| legally 37:18,19 | 147:2,6,9 | 171:6,7 172:12 | 88:23 90:18,24 | 76:4,12,23,25 | 163:24 164:13 | 134:19,20,21 |
| 77:15,19 81:1 | 149:1 151:3 | 172:13 | 91:1,6 92:15 | 77:2,13 78:5,7 | 165:3,22 | 135:2,5 136:16 |
| 88:2,11 89:7 | liability 1:25 2:8 | liquidator 36:9 | 98:24 99:9 | 78:19,23 79:18 | 167:16,23 | 136:22,22 |
| 140:15 | 4:18 5:6 6:7 | 36:10,17,21 | 101:18 105:4 | 79:22,25 80:11 | 168:25 169:17 | 137:4,15 138:7 |
| legislation 11:17 | 17:15 30:12 | 37:2 41:5 | 109:13 113:25 | 80:21 81:3,7 | 170:19,24 | 138:21,25 |
| 83:10 94:7 | 33:21 38:16 | 139:23 144:18 | 117:2,5 124:8 | 81:10,21,23 | 171:5,21 | 139:6 141:1,5 |
| 129:17 133:6,6 | 52:21 53:11 | 146:24 147:25 | 126:8 127:10 | 82:1,4,5,22,23 | 172:11,22 | 141:16,17 |
| 143:23 145:19 | 54:4 55:23 | 148:24 159:13 | 127:22 133:17 | 83:4 84:8 86:7 | 173:25 174:2,4 | 142:18 143:6,7 |
| legislative 77:23 | 57:24 59:15,18 | 161:21 | 134:16 135:24 | 86:14 87:2,14 | 174:8,14,24 | 144:3,25 |
| 97:9 140:19 | 66:2,14 69:4 | liquidators 33:6 | 142:5,12 143:5 | 87:14 88:5,13 | 175:7 | 145:15 147:15 |
| 142:7 154:20 | 80:7 81:15,25 | 35:11 36:3 | 146:17 147:20 | 88:19,21 89:21 | Lords 94:15 | 147:17 151:6 |
| 156:23 157:2 | 95:15 109:4,20 | 37:18 41:11 | 149:18 154:24 | 89:24 90:8,17 | Lordship 1:17 | 151:19,20,21 |
| 160:17 | 109:24 110:24 | 42:1,20 76:7 | 164:12 168:9 | 90:21 91:4,5 | 1:18,21 2:19 | 151:22,25 |
| legislature 155:1 | 111:6 112:1,12 | 168:22 | 168:10 | 92:14,20,22 | 3:7 4:1,4,5 | 152:3,5,6,9,15 |
| lender 91:24 | 114:9,12,19 | list 31:5 124:25 | looks 71:20,24 | 93:6,8 94:2 | 5:23 11:24 | 152:18 153:2,4 |
| 101:22 135:12 | 115:12,13,15 | 130:15,19 | 79:22 85:4 | 95:3,12,13,18 | 14:17 19:19 | 153:5,8 154:5 |
| lenders 119:6,9 | 115:23 116:2,5 | little 41:20 45:10 | 97:10,15 | 95:21,24 96:20 | 29:23 30:10 | 154:6,14,19,21 |
| length 2:12 | 116:7,10,15,19 | 52:10,17 65:5 | 100:25 126:17 | 97:24 98:7,10 | 32:12,13,15,19 | 155:2,4,4,12 |
| 11:10 | 116:23,23,25 | 70:4 83:5 | 152:5,15 153:4 | 99:14,21 | 32:21 34:2 | 156:17 157:4 |
| letting 146:18 | 117:1,4,5,5,17 | 98:18 103:17 | 164:18 | 100:10,21 | 35:7,18 36:6 | 157:14,22,23 |
| let's 54:16 56:20 | 121:4 122:20 | 105:18 133:2 | loose 145:14 | 101:18,19 | 36:14,20,24 | 158:25 159:18 |
| 59:25 62:7 | 123:15 124:16 | 138:19 141:23 | Lord 1:5,17,20 | 102:4,19 103:7 | 37:1,1,10 | 159:20,23 |
| 80:25 175:3 | 124:19 129:16 | 152:1 | 2:2 3:7 4:1 5:3 | 103:7,15,20 | 38:11 43:13 | 160:3 165:23 |
| level 87:1 | 138:8 142:24 | load 46:19 | 5:15 6:5 7:23 | 107:21 108:2 | 44:2 46:3,19 | 167:14 169:9 |
| levels 32:9 | 143:10 144:8 | loan 129:3,4,24 | 9:1,18,22 | 108:12,15,20 | 46:21 49:5 | 173:6 175:2 |
| liabilities 53:7 | 148:1,4,7,14 | 135:18 | 10:19 11:14,23 | 109:9,13,16,24 | 50:3 51:11 | Lordship's 1:6 |
| 54:7,11 55:4,4 | 148:18,20 | loans 129:5 | 12:1,22,25 | 110:1,10,20 | 52:6,13 57:5 | 11:25 50:4 |
| 55:12,13 56:4 | 149:4,5,20 | loathe 131:12 | 13:5,11,14,19 | 111:2,23 | 65:12,15,17 | 58:2,18 69:25 |
| 56:5,17,19 | 151:1,14 165:6 | lodge 136:9 | 18:16,22 19:15 | 112:16,21 | 66:1,5,17 | 71:13 81:8 |
| 57:3,11,17,19 | 168:1,2 169:18 | lodged 136:8 | 20:8,12 21:2 | 113:6,14 114:5 | 67:10,20 69:16 | 82:2 90:22 |
| 60:4,15 61:6 | 169:20 170:4 | lodges 50:10 | 21:17 22:2 | 114:9,12 115:2 | 69:16,18,21,24 | 91:10 93:10 |
| 61:11,22,23 | 171:9,9 | logical 89:3 | 23:1,14 24:7 | 115:5,19,24 | 70:2,15,16,17 | 94:18,19 95:2 |
| 62:1,4,12 63:2 | liable 11:13 | 133:4 | 24:13,18 25:1 | 116:16 117:1 | 70:19 71:2,3,8 | 95:8 101:12 |
| 77:17,18 78:1 | 161:15 | logically 35:20 | 25:5 28:21 | 117:16,25 | 71:12,19,20,23 | 102:6 109:2 |
| 78:3,4 80:24 | life 158:22 | long 49:24 82:25 | 29:6,17,22 | 118:8 120:6,14 | 72:1,6,8 73:15 | 114:6 125:2,11 |
| 91:15,16,17,19 | light 163:6 | 90:25 102:23 | 30:6,10,16,16 | 121:16,18 | 73:17,22 74:1 | 133:1,16 |
| 91:21,21,22,23 | liked 78:10 | 113:16 136:1 | 30:18,19,19,21 | 122:11,13,23 | 74:5,5,9 75:8,9 | 138:22 139:12 |
| 91:24,25 92:2 | limitation 40:15 | 142:17 | 31:8,9,9,12,14 | 124:7 125:10 | 75:15 77:8 | 143:1,16 149:9 |
| 92:3,3,6,9,11 | limited 32:21 | longer 52:17 | 31:24 32:12,17 | 125:25 126:13 | 78:19,22,24 | 151:7 154:4,9 |
| 97:16,17,19 | 48:24 | 65:5 86:16 | 32:24 33:13,15 | 127:3,8,22 | 79:3,7,8,9 80:4 | 154:13,16 |


| 155:16,25 | matter 16:22 | 150:7 151:15 | 127:18 | 172:22 | notion 62:22 | 39:12 40:12,12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 156:8 161:20 | 43:1,15 61:2 | 151:17 156:12 | minutes 65:5 | netted 169:12 | nought 34:10 | 42:12 |
| 169:10 173:25 | 74:25 89:2 | meant 6:21,22 | 112:16 133:22 | netting 165:21 | noughts 34:11 | officer 36:9 |
| 174:4,13 | 96:23 97:1 | 150:8 | 169:9 | 166:23 167:1 | November 1:1 | 97:18 123:1 |
| lose 13:10 18:11 | 98:13 102:20 | mechanism | mirror 173:18 | 167:18 169:13 | 113:10 175:15 | 124:1,2,6,14 |
| 80:21 | 103:4 122:15 | 101:2 109:11 | mischaracteris... | 171:5 172:23 | number 1:8 4:4 | 126:19 127:14 |
| loser 17:1,2 | 139:4 145:25 | 109:21 171:3 | 137:3 | 173:10 | 6:10 9:11,15 | 128:16,17 |
| losing 30:1 | 146:21 154:11 | mechanisms | missed 45:19 | Neuberger | 26:5,18 36:16 | oh 16:15 43:14 |
| loss 11:5,6 16:8 | 167:11 173:12 | 165:19 | mistake 131:11 | 107:21 144:19 | 38:13 46:20 | 57:9 67:11 |
| 16:11 17:4 | 174:17 | meet 122:18 | 160:17 | never 113:11 | 100:16 148:16 | 82:21 89:8 |
| 18:14 24:1,2 | matters 17:11 | 159:17 | misunderst | 116:19 130:20 | 164:19 | 90:4 93:11 |
| 27:6 94:14 | 97:5,22 146:7 | member 25:19 | 71:16 | 141:1 |  | 95:11 127:15 |
| losses 45:1,5 | 167:20,21 | 37:19 56:20 | modern 94:3 | neverthele | 0 | 150:25 152:8 |
| lost 52:10 | Maude 47:20 | 166:9 | moment 3:3 34:1 | 88:20 | 31:13 | 170:13 173:7 |
| lot 41:1 44:12 | maximisation | members 4:18 | 39:22 41:9 | nil 69:6 | object 153:12 | ointment 173:19 |
| 47:3 75:12 | 39:5 | 5:6 8:7 11:12 | 46:18 47:7 | nominal 34:10 | objection 33:2 | okay 16:5 23:13 |
| 91:8 140:11 | maximise 39:3 | 13:10,11,17 | 56:21 60:16 | 45:8 | 82:14 166:17 | 34:24 42:8 |
| 145:1 150:24 | 42:7 66:8 | 16:25 24:13 | 64:15 96:12 | nominee 34:5 | objective 39:14 | 46:16 50:20 |
| 167:5 | maximum 39:6 | 29:8 32:4 35: | 113:18 157:20 | 46:4,5,13 | obligation 32:8 | 54:1,2 132:17 |
| low 10:4 17:19 | 39:12 | 35:22 36:15 | 175:4 | non-exhaustive | 40:24 44:4 | 133:21 138:18 |
| 18:4,5 | Maxwell 82:1,11 | 37:6 38:4 39:7 | moments 19:19 | 32:13 | 54:12,12 66:7 | 142:22 170:11 |
| lower 18:1 26:14 | 82:22 83:25 | 39:10,17 40:21 | Monday 132:25 | non-member | 66:15 109:4,20 | old 70:24 71:4 |
| lowest 9:17 86:8 | 85:20 | 40:24 41:4 | 175:5,14 | 76:10 | 109:23 110:25 | Oliver 30:16,19 |
| lunchtime 95:10 | MCC 83:25 84:2 | 49:7,19 53:5 | money 43:6,7,19 | non-pref 84:25 | 115:15 122:20 | 33:15 |
| Lydian 11:25 | 85:11 86:18,25 | 53:22 54:19 | 49:25 56:24 | non-preferential | 135:15,17 | omniscient |
| 76:6,20 77:6 | 88:14 89:14 | 55:7,24 56:6 | 57:1,2 59:3 | 84:14,17,19 | 150:15 | 40:14,16 |
| 81:4 83:22 | MCC's 89:3 | 56:11 57:7 | 112:6 150:1 | non-provable | obligations | once 56:2 59:20 |
| 130:13 144:11 | McMeal 93:8,12 | 59:4 61:4 | 167:13 | 12:1,2,4 30:23 | 31:18 34:20 | 66:6 67:7 |
| Lydian's 151:9 | 93:13,20 | 62:19 66:11 | moneys 4 | 31:2,6 80:23 | 42:7 44:4 54:9 | 68:10 97:16 |
|  | McPherson | 76:11,15 77:18 | 135:17 | 120:18,21 | 92:12 104:9,25 | 99:17 102:22 |
| M | 44:25 47:13 | 139:25 151:14 | monies 58 | 121:13 125:1 | 106:13 108:24 | 102:25 112:8 |
| main 68: | mean 10:2 14:180 | 155:2 | 95:14 | 137:17,21,2 | 110:4 144:23 | 112:10,10 |
| maintain 18: | 14:20 16:8 | men | morning | 138:8 | obliged 83:4 | 116:1 146:24 |
| major 93:16 | 19:6 20:14 | 12:24 13:2 | move 30:11 | non-proveab | 135:21 | ones 130:7,8,9 |
| 147:3 | 22:15 29:20 | 106:21 | 33:20 35:2 | 61:18 76:9 | observations 4:8 | one-way 16:19 |
| making 7:23 | 30:15 38:8 | mentioned 1: | 81:14 160:2 | 77:16,25 79:2 | obtain 24:15 | 16:21,22 17:21 |
| 18:24 27:9 | 39:20 40:18 | 12:23 23:3 | moves 154:2 | 87:19 144:10 | obvious 11:17 | 24:8,10,11 |
| 35:11 36:7 | 47:11,22 48:1 | 43:11 45:22 | 161:10 162:18 | 146:21 147:4 | 18:5 31:12 | open 82:21 97:11 |
| 37:11 39:24 | 49:20 55:18,21 | 133:10 | moving 11:1 | 147:10, | 67:13,13 95:1 | 105:5 |
| 42:1,9,14 | 59:2,2 61:2,3 | mention | 17:7 44:6 | 151:2 | 146:22 154:3 | opening 44:14 |
| 43:20 47:7 | 66:9 85:23 | 23:20 | 87:11,13 90:2 | non-subordina... | obviously 16:9 | 70:3 73:13 |
| 49:11 83:11 | 87:16 95:14 | menu 70:9 | 90:6,7 161:19 | 139:10 | 31:13 33:12 | 76:5 78:7 |
| 85:14 88:21 | 104:13 110:8 | mere 128:24 | 161:20 | normal 10 | 48:25 57:21 | 82:10 87:3 |
| 110:10,12 | 112:17 116:10 | Merv |  | normally 49:17 | 59:3 65:20,21 | 92:16,20 98:17 |
| 135:2 149:19 | 119:21 123:6 | met 159:19 | N | 52:17 166:19 | 74:16 80:1 | 109:3 139:14 |
| 159:18 160:10 | 124:2 129:22 | middle 74:3 | N 146:12 147:13 | Nortel 120:19 | 83:3 95:18 | 140:12 142:5 |
| 167:2,12 169:6 | 129:23 130:22 | million 22:16,21 | natural 95:5,24 | 124:25 125:3 | 111:12,21 | 174:4,5,5 |
| 169:6 171:15 | 132:5 141:25 | 22:23 28:12,1 | 112:19 128:5 | note 69:24,25 | 119:3 121:16 | operates 118:6 |
| Mance 95:24 | 142:1 157:17 | 28:23,24,25 | nature 32:13 | 70:3,15 71:13 | 122:18 136:8 | 164:23 |
| mandatory | 160:3,16 | 29:1,2,3 34:7 | 35:13 58:25 | 74:1 75:9 81:8 | 140:11 144:3 | operation |
| 163:20,22 | 171:22 173:17 | 34:14 69:8 | nearly 31:4 | 82:2 93:10 | occasion 89:15 | 163:23 |
| 168:4 170:9 | meaning 61:11 | 76:16,19 117:9 | necessarily 8:20 | 95:8,9 100:21 | occasions 160:16 | opinion 92:4 |
| 171:12 174:12 | 66:9 95:5,25 | 134:22 139:25 | 9:12 20:16 | 101:12 102:6 | occur 161:21 | 96:1 97:18 |
| 174:21 | 97:23 112:19 | 140:1 171:17 | 31:18 32:25 | 114:6 125:2,11 | occurred 162:8 | 123:1 124:1 |
| manner 35:12 | 114:23,25,25 | 171:19 | 80:14 104:16 | 133:16 138:22 | occurs 99:15,17 | 126:15,19 |
| March 13:24 | 128:5 131:15 | mind 20:9 35:13 | necessary 108:6 | 139:12 142:19 | odd 7:15,17 24:7 | 127:2,19,20 |
| 14:1,3,8 16:4 | 143:20 152:21 | 37:22 64:13 | 161:15 | 143:1,17 151:7 | 29:22 88:5,9 | 128:6,16 |
| 28:23 29:1 | means 55:6 | 77:2 79:20 | need 38:21 59:20 | 154:4,9 155:25 | 128:23 137:12 | opposed 121:13 |
| marked 146:20 | 91:23 92:2 | 80:18 86:10 | 71:23 73:5 | 173:25 174:4 | 140:1,1 145:24 | opposite $24: 25$ |
| marker 146:23 | 95:1 97:25 | 87:6,7 94:9 | 83:16 141:19 | 174:13 | 158:14 171:16 | 25:2 |
| market 17:24 | 104:12 112:18 | 111:2 113:11 | needed 59:7,12 | noted 71:1 | office 58:3,7 | oral 110:14 |
| 20:5,18,19 | 119:20,23 | 118:5,10 134:7 | needing 82:13 | 78:23 | 149:6 150:14 | orally 44:19 |
| markets 17:6 | 121:14 122:24 | 141:16 158:10 | needs 92:18 | notes 134:24 | officeholder | 102:5 105:10 |
| mass 79:5 | 123:24 128:4 | 162:3 | neither 11:20 | notice 120:25 | 109:12 | order 56:11 |
| material 69:15 | 128:21,22,25 | minister 162:22 | 81:4 | 121:4,7,11 | officeholders | 57:18 70:1,2 |
| matrix 93:25 | 140:25 149:19 | minute 68:20 | net 80:21 146:19 | notices 120:21 | 37:7 38:2 | 91:11 100:8 |


| 112:12 137:5 | 22:8,20 25:8 | 57:16,23 58:23 | 166:12 167:12 | permitted | 63:5,14 64:8 | policy 83:11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 166:23 172:13 | 25:16,22 27:3 | 59:14 67:20 | 167:13 171:24 | 164:16 | 64:15,16 65:25 | 144:15 146:5 |
| ordinary 68:22 | 27:3 29:19 | 68:5 78:16 | 172:4,5,9 | person 166:16 | 65:25 66:5,19 | 146:10,21 |
| 69:1 73:7 | 34:14 48:10,14 | 79:3,13 98:22 | payable 3:17,19 | Peter 29:25 | 66:21,21,22,24 | 147:6 156:23 |
| 174:11,20 | 48:15,19 49:14 | 102:9 130:2 | 22:16 26:25 | phrase 78:1 | 66:25 67:15 | 159:25 162:24 |
| original 45:22 | 49:25 50:13 | 131:7 134:12 | 27:1 32:3,7 | 91:24 105:5 | 71:4,12 72:6 | pondering |
| 136:20 | 58:1,6,9,13 | 139:8 144:21 | 38:1 54:17 | 108:6 133:8 | 73:14 74:2 | 112:16 |
| originally 34:4 | 60:15 61:6,7,8 | 151:11 | 60:6 61:1,20 | 150:6 151:4 | 76:5 77:7,19 | posed 33:1 |
| 46:4 | 61:8,15 62:8 | Parte 47:20 | 62:5 67:8 80:8 | 167:18 | 79:12 87:12,13 | posing 20:9 |
| otiose 132:15 | 62:13 63:2 | particular 35:14 | 92:1 100:18,25 | phrases 109:21 | 87:14 88:20,22 | position 3:23 |
| ought 22:4 27:24 | 67:8 68:11,11 | 79:10 81:15,18 | 104:10,13 | pick 84:9 92:19 | 88:23 89:13,13 | 4:23 14:3,8,15 |
| 35:11 37:3,8 | 87:19 88:1,4 | 157:8 166:16 | 105:16 106:1,8 | 152:2 | 90:4,18 94:13 | 17:13 18:20 |
| 38:1 42:4,20 | 102:23,25 | particularly | 106:13 108:24 | picked 73:3 | 102:8 103:1,2 | 19:8 24:25 |
| 43:21,24 53:3 | 103:24 104:17 | 26:25 73:14 | 109:5 110:4 | 91:12 | 103:13 104:4 | 25:2,9,15,21 |
| outing 79:8 | 104:19 105:7 | 74:10,10 91:13 | 111:19 115:16 | picture 38:10 | 104:19 105:19 | 25:25 35:21 |
| outset 35:25 | 106:6,7 116:17 | 103:2 118:16 | 117:12 126:3 | 42:5 44:7 | 105:19 106:3 | 40:10 46:11 |
| outside 121:1 | 117:8,17,18 | 126:11 130:17 | 135:22 137:24 | piece 71:8 | 107:7 110:10 | 56:23 60:4 |
| outstanding 99:8 | 118:18 138:1,1 | 141:12 142:21 | 144:24 170:18 | pile 90:15 107:19 | 112:21,21,23 | 65:2 67:25 |
| overall 38:3 41:1 | 138:5,10 | 157:4 163:8 | 171:17 | pithy 81:22 | 112:24,25 | 68:14,16,21 |
| 43:11 80:3 | 146:24 151:16 | 172:18 | paying 56:12 | 95:19 | 113:5,18 | 69:9,12 70:18 |
| overarching | 152:17,20,22 | parties 81:13 | 57:11 58:24 | place 1:15 11:18 | 114:10 115:3 | 74:7,17 75:7 |
| 140:22,24 | 152:25 153:10 | 89:1 92:25 | 76:11 99:6 | 64:12 119:1 | 116:10 117:11 | 76:2 79:4 80:1 |
| overnight | 153:13,14,17 | 107:25 111:12 | payment $2: 18$ | placed 1:5 | 117:15 118:2 | 80:3 83:20 |
| 156:10 162:9 | 162:6,6 165:11 | 128:10 131:9 | 13:25 15:10,14 | places 1:7 | 120:8,15 | 98:24,25 126:7 |
| oversight 35:16 | 166:1 168:18 | 132:22 173:1 | 15:18 21:1,25 | plain 142:3 | 121:12,20,22 | 127:16 136:2 |
| overspeaking | 168:20 169:24 | partly 21:8,10 | 22:21,22 28:13 | plainly 31:13 | 122:1 123:18 | 137:21 143:16 |
| 61:9 | 170:6 | 37:13 151:16 | 48:14 58:4 | 49:4 55:21 | 127:3,4 129:18 | 143:21 154:19 |
| Overy 74:13 | paper 162:22 | 153:13,17 | 62:10 81:20 | 166:9 | 130:15 131:4,8 | 157:22 165:3,4 |
| over-complicate | paragraph 2:10 | parts 158:1 | 83:14 84:23,23 | planned 162:12 | 132:24 133:5 | 167:22 170:24 |
| 38:12 | 2:13 5:20 | party's 173:3 | 87:22 90:15 | play 17:5 40:22 | 134:6,7 135:3 | 171:3,12 |
| owed 28:12 | 34:25 42:10 | Part-payment | 99:4,14,17,18 | plc 46:6 | 135:4,5,8,9 | positive 169:5 |
| 77:18 83:14 | 44:13,21 47:14 | 23:14 | 100:3,9,10,11 | please 65:12 | 136:4 137:6,20 | posits 41:14 |
| 108:24 | 52:2,7,8,8 81:8 | passage 84:7 | 101:3,9 102:25 | 69:20 | 138:20 139:4,5 | 106:25 |
| owes 76:14 | 81:24 82:2,5 | 85:1 92:22 | 103:22 104:1 | plus 7:8 | 140:22,24 | possibilities |
| owing 110:4 | 92:20,23 95:4 | 125:22 153:1 | 104:22 105:6 | pm 65:7,9 96:15 | 141:5,7,9,11 | 159:1 |
| o'clock 96:14 | 101:12 109:3 | passages 71:13 | 105:13,17,21 | 96:18 133:23 | 141:11,13,14 | possibility 121:9 |
| 163:6 | 109:25 114:7 | passing 75:10 | 106:2 109:6,14 | 133:25 138:11 | 141:15 143:3 | 162:4 |
|  | 115:14 125:3,4 | 172:25 | 111:17,20,25 | 175:13 | 145:14 149:9 | possible 14:21 |
| P | 125:11,18,19 | passu 144:19 | 115:17,21 | point 1:23,24 | 149:11,17 | 77:15,19,20 |
| page 5:24 6:2 | 125:21 143:17 | 145:3,9,18,22 | 116:4 119:2 | 2:11,15,17 3:6 | 150:4,23 | 81:1,6 85:3 |
| 31:10 62:5 | 151:8,9,13 | 145:25 146:2,2 | 124:23 135:4,6 | 3:12,25 4:5,20 | 151:13,23 | 86:13,22 88:11 |
| 70:5,12 71:24 | 152:16,23 | 146:6,16 | 135:17 137:24 | 6:5 7:20,21,23 | 153:22 156:13 | 96:8 98:5 |
| 72:8,15,16 | 153:4 156:1 | path 107:16,16 | 140:1,3,5 | 9:21,22,22,23 | 159:17,22 | 121:2 140:16 |
| 73:15,24 74:2 | 174:14 | Paul 29:25 | 143:11 144:18 | 9:24 11:3,15 | 160:19 161:20 | 157:17 159:15 |
| 75:12 81:10 | paragraphs 34:3 | pausing 174:15 | 144:20 146:3 | 11:17 12:8 | 162:9 163:10 | 159:15 160:18 |
| 83:6 84:7,8,10 | 34:17 66:4 | pay 6:17 8:8 | 146:25 147:25 | 13:1,4,19 | 165:13 166:6 | possibly 16:24 |
| 85:4 91:6,20 | 70:17 133:16 | 11:5,7 16:16 | 149:3,19 | 14:17 19:15 | 167:2,11,12 | 37:4,5 91:5 |
| 92:2,21 97:13 | 136:18 139:14 | 29:25 37:13 | payments | 23:5,19 24:14 | 172:16 174:8 | post 2:4 4:12 |
| 97:25 101:1,19 | 142:20 143:2 | 38:18 43:7,8 | 124:24 148:25 | 25:5,24 26:18 | pointed 2:10 | postpone 103:22 |
| 111:10 124:15 | 143:24 154:4 | 50:13 53:4,7 | pays 8:19 | 27:18 30:21,24 | 124:13 145:5 | postponed 12:9 |
| 125:23 126:5 | paramountcy | 53:21 54:7,9 | peculiar 56:8 | 31:12 32:5,5 | points 9:17 | 12:24 32:18 |
| 127:23 134:4 | 3:13 | 54:17 55:3,12 | Pensions 120:21 | 32:12 33:13,20 | 13:20 26:5 | postulate $40: 18$ |
| 135:10 136:7 | pardon 123:23 | 56:4,5,16,18 | people 16:24 | 33:20,25,25 | 38:20 44:23 | postulating |
| 149:11,12 | pari 144:19 | 57:1,3,6,16,18 | 47:4 49:14 | 34:11 35:7,18 | 46:19 52:25 | 171:23 |
| 152:3,15 153:3 | 145:3,9,18,22 | 58:12 59:4,9 | 71:5 86:15,16 | 37:5 38:15 | 65:18,21,24,25 | post-insolvency |
| 153:3,5 154:23 | 145:25 146:2,2 | 59:12 60:4 | 89:5 94:16 | 39:1,23 40:11 | 67:15 70:2 | 2:19 3:10 53:8 |
| 176:2 | 146:6,16 | 61:21,22,22 | 150:10,17 | 42:9,25 43:3 | 75:24,24 77:13 | post-liquidation |
| pages 102:7 | park 60:16 | 62:1,23 76:8 | perfectly 73:7 | 43:18,19,21 | 87:3,7 121:23 | 31:17 |
| 125:6 134:16 | parked 61:17 | 95:13 104:14 | 108:3 158:4 | 44:1,6,13,14 | 121:24 132:19 | pot 13:16 |
| 149:13 152:1 | Parliament | 104:15 105:9 | performs 57:15 | 44:15,18,18 | 133:12 134:2 | potential 122:4 |
| 154:13 | 156:3,11 157:6 | 110:6 114:12 | period 7:6 47:4 | 45:15,21 47:21 | 136:5,25 | 168:1 169:18 |
| paid 4:11 8:2 | 157:24 160:7,8 | 115:12,23 | 99:7 | 47:21 48:4,7 | 139:22 140:13 | 171:8 |
| 9:10 12:5,10 | Parliament's | 116:20 118:22 | permissible | 49:8 50:16 | 140:14,18,20 | potentially 98:25 |
| 12:15,16 13:8 | 155:20 | 119:7 135:21 | 137:6 | 51:10,15,20 | 140:20,23 | 131:1 170:4 |
| 13:16,23 14:2 | part 13:15 20:12 | 159:6 161:23 | permit 104:18 | 52:16,20 54:15 | 141:23 144:2,5 | pound 76:17 |
| 19:18 21:19,23 | 22:10 27:14 | 165:12 166:7 | 146:10 | 60:2,14,20 | 144:6 | 100:12 |


| pounds 22:20 | prior 60:15 | 161:1 | proving 78:6 | putting 32:15,22 | 22:14 120:8 | 66:20 74:20,25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| power 35:25 | 101:23 148:5 | proposing 1:9 | 99:24 101:7,14 | 34:12 40:6 | rank 3:19 38:14 | 75:6 85:11 |
| 36:1 40:11 | 148:13 | 44:19 | 102:2,3,16 | 48:20 51:10 | 42:6 84:17 | 86:22 98:5 |
| 41:4,6 84:2 | priorities 130:19 | proposition | 103:7,9 105:12 | 57:6,10 87:1 | 89:22 97:19 | 102:10 103:1 |
| 85:17 110:5,7 | priority 91:15 | 38:11 63:13 | 107:9,11 141:8 | 115:8 | 106:20 107:18 | 103:18 111:24 |
| powers 36:7 | 124:24 135:6 | 76:12 82:14 | provision 11:21 |  | 123:2,11 | 115:3 129:1 |
| 158:6 | 137:5 | propositions | 84:21 111:13 | Q | 124:23 125:14 | 141:12 153:21 |
| practical 112:24 | Pro 6:25 7:1 | 146:19 | 135:15 156:5 | QC 65:11 176:4 | 126:1,14 131:2 | 159:19 160:14 |
| praise 70:22 | probably 31:10 | protect 162:16 | 157:3 158:15 | qualitatively | 137:19 139:5 | 167:20 168:21 |
| pray 86:14 87:2 | 33:7 45:9 | provability | provisional | 3:21 | 140:1 | 171:23 174:16 |
| praying 87:4 | 50:16 70:8,9 | 101:10 147:13 | 94:21 | quantify 58:15 | ranked 123:20 | reanalysis 28:8 |
| preceding 84:9 | 90:17 138:15 | provable 2:5 | provisions 3:6 | quantifying | 128:18,19 | reason 13:10 |
| precise 82:20 | 167:10 168:25 | 12:14,19 63:21 | 3:10,15 36:4 | 73:25 | ranking 97:9,20 | 50:25 67:6,9 |
| Precisely 45:6 | 172:12 174:1 | 100:2,7,17 | 36:13 58:17 | question 18:16 | 124:10 | 68:2,12 79:17 |
| precluded 83:1 | problem 13:6 | 101:9 103:16 | 72:4 82:17 | 20:2,7 42:1 | ranks 3:18 58:13 | 84:11 85:8 |
| precursor | 33:1 49:13,15 | 104:25 117:8 | 106:19 114:3 | 49:17 57:14 | 74:24 100:3 | 87:25 88:8,20 |
| 161:25 | 60:13,16 63:23 | 119:13 124:24 | 115:9 | 61:19 62:9 | 116:20 119:17 | 88:21 98:7 |
| predicament | 64:1 130:9 | 126:3 | public 83:10 | 66:12 74:21 | rare 159:2 | 144:16 156:2 |
| 150:21 | 155:12 | prove 10:5 49:18 | pun 123:23 | 79:16 80:25 | rate 2:25 3:2,2 | 160:25 174:13 |
| pref 84:24 | problems 6:11 | 49:21 50:14 | pupil 70:24 | 83:19 88:6 | 6:18 7:8,9,12 | 174:22 |
| preference 34:7 | 113:20 | 67:25 68:17,21 | purpose 59:8 | 103:10 105:11 | 7:12,14,18 | reasonably |
| 45:11 89:20 | procedures | 84:12 85:9 | 81:19 100:7 | 105:23 121:17 | 8:12,12,20 9:6 | 92:25 |
| preferential | 35:15 | 87:18 88:3 | 107:14 145:8 | 128:16,19 | 10:4,7 11:2,3,5 | reasons 11:9 |
| 84:16,19 89:19 | proceed 159:9 | 89:9 100:6,24 | 157:19 | 130:18 133:1 | 11:7,8 17:19 | 18:2 19:4 |
| prejudice 136:2 | proceeding 59:9 | 101:5 102:21 | purposes 53:9,12 | 137:25 140:25 | 17:22,24,25 | 76:20 148:16 |
| 162:5 | proceedings | 117:20 157:10 | 55:2 56:12 | 144:10 147:2 | 18:1,4,6 20:4,5 | 155:9 172:18 |
| preliminary | 135:14,20 | 168:19 | 57:17 76:23 | 148:3,5,9,13 | 20:17,19 22:18 | 172:19 |
| 8:23 | 161:2,8 | proveable 59:4 | 79:1 101:16 | 156:14 161:5 | 22:19 23:4,8 | rebuttal 113:4 |
| premise 116:24 | proceeds 56:17 | 59:10,11,13 | 103:6 104:21 | 164:7 165:1 | 25:7,8,11 | recall 4:1 70:16 |
| premises 116:5 | 116:24 | 60:17 61:12 | 130:1,4 143:19 | 173:2 | 26:12,13 28:5 | 70:16,20 74:5 |
| Prenn 93:22 | process 102:3 | 63:15,16,19 | 148:14 158:12 | questioning | 43:8 56:16 | 74:9 78:22 |
| Prenn~v 93:22 | 103:8 112:7,15 | 64:8 67:1 | 159:3 | 156:9 | rateable 48:11 | 79:7,10 101:16 |
| prepares 145:15 | 123:25 146:15 | 143:19 144:20 | pursuant 7:14 | questions 20:10 | 48:19 | 115:6 173:6 |
| present 23:11 | 160:17 173:3 | 144:22,25 | 110:18 | 22:15 30:11 | rateably $84: 24$ | recalls 4:5 36:6 |
| 62:4 92:11 | produce 158:1 | 145:7 146:3,4 | pushed 90:14,16 | 32:7 67:5 | rates 10:8,10 | 37:10 |
| 108:23 110:1,3 | 173:23 | 146:21,24 | 121:21 130:14 | queue 87:2 88:12 | 15:22 17:7,21 | receipts $10: 22,23$ |
| 116:23 122:7 | produces 156:23 | 147:4,8 148:4 | pushing 130:18 | quickly 66:20 | 18:5 26:22 | receive 7:13,24 |
| 165:3,4 | 157:16 | 148:4,7,25 | put 1:12 13:20 | quite 10:4 18:12 | 41:15 | 8:14 9:6 23:22 |
| presently 26:25 | prohibit 100:23 | 165:25 168:18 | 15:8 21:3,5 | 20:25 22:24 | rational 158:1,4 | received 6:19 |
| press 88:20 | 105:20 | 172:6 | 30:25 37:5 | 28:11 41:1 | reached 96:1 | 8:17 11:1 16:4 |
| pressing 67:11 | prohibitin | proved 84:24 | 39:16 40:5,9 | 50:20 86:25 | 150:2 | 19:7 21:21 |
| presumably | 107:11 | 87:22,24 99:4 | 41:11 42:10 | 95:10 103:6 | reaches 112:6 | 22:22,24 23:17 |
| 59:17 150:8 | prohibitio | 99:19 105:5,6 | 51:11 52:2,5,6 | 113:1,17 | 150:1 | 23:18,23 24:3 |
| presume 156:18 | 102:2 | 105:17 106:2 | 52:12 56:24 | 114:24 116:13 | read 61:11 70:17 | 28:14,15 29:6 |
| presumption | prohibits 101:14 | 107:13 109:7 | 57:2,24 58:1 | 117:24 129:13 | 70:18 83:5 | 29:10 34:15 |
| 160:7 | promoted | 115:17,22 | 60:13 66:17 | 144:9 156:6,16 | 97:16 136:22 | 50:16 51:8 |
| presupposes | 147:12 | 116:8,16 | 69:16 73:8 | 157:20 159:10 | readily 108:3 | receives $28: 22$ |
| 45:9 | proof 33:25 | 137:24 138:1,5 | 75:18 76:18 | quote 83:8 84:6 | 145:21 | 29:3 |
| pretty 34:12 | 44:17 48:4 | 138:9 146:11 | 78:1 80:9,12 | 92:21 98:10 | reading 4:9 | receiving 8:10 |
| prevailing 22:18 | 49:13,16,22 | 146:17 147:1 | 81:15 88:11 | 143:19 161:15 | 31:19 72:4,22 | recognise 98:11 |
| prevent 99:24 | 50:10 51:7,16 | 147:25 148:1 | 102:17 108:2,8 | quoted 4:25 | 73:1 84:13 | recognised 13:2 |
| 105:12 107:25 | 58:2,7,15 | proven 49:12 | 110:1,15,16 | 71:20 93:8,11 | 92:5,12 95:16 | 111:7 112:1 |
| prevents 102:16 | 66:16 81:20 | provide 3:17 | 115:2,5 116:16 | quoting 99:12 | 96:2 152:21,25 | 149:5 |
| primary 35:24 | 103:22 105:21 | 77:21 87:9 | 131:13 132:19 | 125:22 | real 17:23 74:21 | recognises 12:3 |
| 68:16 94:7 | 107:25 134:15 | 105:15 106:1 | 132:21 134:15 |  | 83:19 164:7 | 115:11 |
| 133:6 | 135:3,6 136:1 | 109:11 137:7 | 140:8,14 | R | realisation 56:6 | recognising |
| principal 135:17 | 136:6,9 165:10 | 166:12 | 151:12,13 | dical 86:23 | realise 161:22 | 85:18 |
| principle 19:5 | proper 136:14 | provided 20:10 | 162:21 164:10 | radically $41: 16$ | realised 150:20 | recourse 61:4 |
| 31:16 47:23 | properly 102:20 | 49:14 79:21 | 167:16 172:13 | raise 33:7 75:10 | 161:21 | recover 40:22 |
| 82:8,11 86:12 | 151:1 | 129:4 135:13 | 173:5 | 81:3,7 120:17 | reality 93:19 | 48:24 |
| 89:1 145:19,22 | proportion 45:1 | 135:18 153:12 | puts 13:6 25:15 | raised 2:3 23:5 | really 2:14 9:22 | recoveries 39:3,6 |
| 145:25 146:15 | 45:8 | provides 84:21 | 50:7 68:23 | 33:25 44:2 | 10:15 18:10 | recovery 38:6 |
| 146:17,18 | propose 2:14 | 99:4 126:2 | 87:17 89:8 | 51:16 65:21 | 27:24 33:24 | 39:18,21 40:20 |
| 174:18 | 69:25 115:7 | 144:23 | 103:9 133:11 | 135:5 | 34:25 39:24 | 41:3 42:23 |
| principles 83:10 | 133:13 151:18 | providing | 145:11 163:25 | raising 7:10 | 41:20,25 42:9 | 48:23 49:20,21 |
| 145:17 | proposed 119:12 | 107:13 | 173:4 |  | 43:15,20 46:10 | redeemable 34:7 |


| 34:8 | relating 19:13 | repayment 16:7 | 140:21 144:4 | reverse 114:24 | 60:2,8,11,14 | 151:24 152:4,8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| reduce 51:7 67:6 | 134:20 | 101:24 118:21 | 144:13 148:15 | 156:6 | 60:19,23 61:5 | 152:11,19 |
| 67:9 | relation 32:6 | 121:9 | 150:7 156:10 | revised 12:25 | 61:10,14,17,24 | 153:7,9,15,19 |
| reduced 67:4 | 44:15 66:1,3 | repeat 50:24 | respectfully 2:20 | re-paid 84:22 | 62:3,7,12,15 | 154:8,12,15,22 |
| 162:15 | 66:22 67:18 | 114:8 115:2,24 | 67:24 73:12 | rhetorical 20:1 | 62:18,20,25 | 156:14,19,22 |
| redundant 131:7 | 70:18 74:7 | 129:18 | 74:20 79:18 | 20:10 67:5 | 63:4,12,18,21 | 157:10,13,15 |
| reevaluation | 79:9 83:19 | replaces 2:21 | 83:22 85:11 | 79:16 105:23 | 63:24 64:2,5,9 | 157:25 158:4 |
| 28:9 | 102:16 108:7 | reply $51: 23,25$ | 86:8 87:8 | RICHARDS 1:4 | 64:19,23 65:10 | 158:14,18,21 |
| refer 46:24 95:7 | 111:15 132:25 | 112:22 113:2,3 | 90:11 92:14,17 | 1:11,19 2:1 5:4 | 69:11,14,20,23 | 159:8,11,16,21 |
| 97:8 | 138:16 139:5 | 113:9 151:12 | 97:21 98:6,21 | 5:8,13,18,20 | 70:6,10,14,21 | 160:1,16,19 |
| reference 2:10 | 140:17,20 | representatives | 98:22 99:1 | 5:25 6:4,23 7:1 | 71:10,17,22 | 161:17 162:1 |
| 2:13 4:20 28:7 | 150:5 156:24 | 94:4 | 101:17 102:12 | 7:8,11 8:1,3,5 | 72:2,7,14,17 | 162:20 163:2,5 |
| 31:25 32:3 | 159:20,22,25 | require 79:14 | 103:3,15,21 | 8:9,14,22 9:2,5 | 72:20 73:4,10 | 163:7,11 164:2 |
| 41:13 44:13 | 162:9 164:3 | 108:8 118:20 | 104:12,20 | 9:14 10:11 | 73:16,21 74:4 | 164:6,9,11,21 |
| 46:21 51:19 | relatively 43:6,7 | 126:20 | 107:15,23 | 12:8,11,13,16 | 74:8,19 75:4 | 165:24 166:4,6 |
| 52:24 53:4,21 | 75:20 91:2 | required 45:4 | 108:2,12 | 12:21 13:21 | 75:16 77:9,12 | 166:12,15,19 |
| 53:21 55:6 | 142:25 | 105:7 126:16 | 109:16 112:3 | 14:18,23,25 | 80:16,19 81:2 | 166:22,25 |
| 74:3 92:23 | relegate 107:20 | requirement | 112:18 113:22 | 15:3,9,16,19 | 81:11 82:19,24 | 167:4,9,17,19 |
| 98:9 101:6 | relevance 2:24 | 142:15 | 122:21 126:3,9 | 15:21 16:1,5,8 | 83:2,7,17 84:4 | 167:21 168:8 |
| 104:24 107:5 | relevant 1:9 3:15 | requirements | 126:24 130:16 | 16:11,13,15,18 | 85:5,10,20,23 | 168:13,17 |
| 109:2 123:6,10 | 13:25 25:6 | 78:16,25 79:14 | 133:4,7 135:24 | 18:12,18,23 | 86:1,4 87:11 | 169:4,7,11,15 |
| 124:1 128:6 | 30:8 34:3 | 87:5 | 137:2 138:5 | 19:12,22,25 | 87:16,24 88:7 | 169:19,21,25 |
| 131:23 143:2 | 36:12 37:23 | requires 11:17 | 141:1,14,19 | 20:6,9,20,24 | 88:17,24 89:18 | 170:3,11,13,15 |
| 149:10 153:1,5 | 38:13 42:18,19 | 39:6 108:9 | 143:21 146:9 | 21:4,8,12,15 | 89:22 90:2,10 | 170:21,23 |
| 154:3,13 | 43:22 44:23 | 141:3 144:17 | 146:14,22 | 21:20,24 22:6 | 90:20 91:3,7 | 171:19,22 |
| 164:19 | 53:174:22 | 168:6 | 147:5,22 | 22:11,14 23:3 | 91:18 93:3,5,7 | 172:2,8,15,21 |
| references 34:2 | 78:16 128:11 | requiring | 148:12,19,23 | 23:13,16,25 | 93:11,14,24 | 173:14,17,23 |
| referred 2:19 | 144:25 145:3 | 167:12 | 149:22 150:18 | 24:5,17,19,24 | 94:1,12 95:11 | 174:7,23 175:3 |
| 5:11 33:5 | 173:20 | rescue 13:13 | 150:21 153:16 | 25:4,10,13,18 | 95:20 96:4,7 | 175:5,10 |
| 81:25 84:6 | relied 82:8 | 14:19 161:25 | 154:16,18 | 25:20,25 26:3 | 96:13,19,25 | right $2: 1,21,21$ |
| 96:5 98:16 | relies 102:14 | 162:5,13 | 155:8,10 156:2 | 26:8,12,17,23 | 97:12,14 99:13 | 6:12,14,15,23 |
| 134:25 | 103:6 110:11 | rescued 14:10 | 159:6 160:4,13 | 27:11,16 28:10 | 99:20 100:14 | 7:5,6,7,15,19 |
| referring 5:17 | 117:23 | 15:12 | 161:9 164:13 | 28:19,25 29:5 | 100:20 101:20 | 8:6,9,22,23,24 |
| 32:13,16 40:23 | rely 63:25 76:20 | research 75:1 | 164:22 173:1 | 29:7,10,15,20 | 102:14 103:5 | 9:2,3 10:14 |
| 113:2 131:16 | 78:21 82:10 | 85:16 | 174:9 | 30:2,4,13 31:3 | 103:10,14 | 11:11,12 12:21 |
| refers 87:21 | 84:8 96:11,11 | residual 11:21 | respects 38:13 | 31:8,11,22 | 104:24 105:2 | 15:23 16:5 |
| 101:2 132:10 | remain 13:18 | resources 54:18 | respond 16:20 | 32:11,16,23 | 108:16,18 | 18:13,21 21:18 |
| reflect 112:5 | remaining 49:10 | 59:11 142:15 | responded 102:9 | 33:9,15,18 | 110:7 113:1,7 | 22:8,21,22 |
| 149:25 | 84:13 87:22 | respect 2:8 4:23 | responding | 34:16,24 35:8 | 113:11,15,17 | 24:18 26:13 |
| reflection 156:10 | 99:6,18 109:14 | 21:17 36:7 | 64:16 | 35:20 36:2,5 | 114:21 116:9 | 28:12 34:24 |
| refused 73:2 | 146:25 148:24 | 48:7 58:3,5,14 | response 16:20 | 36:19,23,25 | 116:13,18,22 | 35:25 36:22 |
| regard 3:12,21 | remains 19:18 | 60:5 65:24 | 44:14 51:25 | 37:4,14,16 | 117:7,11,14,19 | 38:7,11 42:8 |
| 40:14,14,16 | 111:5 121:22 | 66:14,19,24 | 125:10 | 38:4,19,22 | 117:22 118:1,5 | 46:3 47:7,16 |
| 42:20 54:12,18 | 164:22 165:8 | 67:14 81:22 | responsive 82:2 | 39:1,5,9,16,20 | 118:9,16,24 | 47:17,18 49:4 |
| 64:8 91:3,5 | 172:25 | 82:16 84:24 | rest 10:10 | 40:2,7,18 41:9 | 119:4,9,15,21 | 50:1,2 52:10 |
| regarded 114:11 | remarkably | 88:22 91:25 | restrict 100:23 | 41:17 42:8,24 | 119:24 120:5,9 | 53:6 54:1,6 |
| regards 58:11 | 18:20 | 99:7 101:14 | restricts 78:6 | 43:2,12 44:10 | 120:16,24 | 56:22 62:18 |
| regime 2:22,23 | remember 37:16 | 104:19 106:6 | 141:8 | 44:20,24 45:3 | 122:10,12,17 | 64:19 65:18 |
| 3:13,20,22 | 78:18 86:7,17 | 109:9 114:16 | result 18:25 | 45:7,13,16,21 | 124:5 125:7,9 | 66:6 67:20 |
| 56:10 84:19 | 100:19 134:4 | 120:3 127:9 | 25:18,19 41:2 | 45:25 46:5,7 | 125:18,21,24 | 69:14 70:10 |
| 97:7 128:23 | 135:2 151:25 | 132:7 135:18 | 43:23 50:8 | 46:10,16 47:1 | 128:1,3 129:2 | 71:10,17 74:19 |
| registering | 154:14,21 | 138:8 139:11 | 80:18,20,20 | 47:6,11,16,19 | 129:8,13,23 | 75:14 80:14,18 |
| 102:4 | remind 69:18 | 141:21 146:13 | 116:6 136:25 | 47:24 48:6,17 | 130:6,11,22,24 | 80:20 83:24 |
| regrettably | 82:7,20 98:8 | 151:10 153:20 | 146:19 156:23 | 48:21 49:1,17 | 131:2,16,19,23 | 84:12 85:7,8 |
| 147:17 | 99:11 111:9 | 154:17,24 | 160:21 172:22 | 50:6,9,20 51:2 | 132:3,11,17 | 86:15 87:2 |
| regulatory 78:16 | 134:9 136:23 | 155:11 156:17 | 172:23 | 51:6,12,15,22 | 133:9,21 134:1 | 88:12,14,25 |
| 78:21,25 79:1 | 137:15 | 157:22 159:19 | resulting 172:24 | 52:7,9,14,19 | 134:5,18,23 | 94:20 105:22 |
| 79:13,14 87:4 | reminded 83:2 | 165:7 168:2 | results 29:23 | 52:23 53:6,13 | 135:1,11 136:3 | 109:16 113:3,4 |
| 93:2,17 94:23 | 99:15 102:7 | 169:20 171:9 | 38:24 74:14 | 53:16,19,23 | 136:8,13,19,21 | 114:16 115:19 |
| 96:11,22 | 154:6 | respectful 10:15 | 173:24 | 54:1,6,14,22 | 138:3,18 139:9 | 116:18 118:23 |
| 120:11 127:5 | remitted 4:13,16 | 78:12 85:15 | resurrected 29:9 | 54:25 55:8,11 | 139:20 140:6 | 121:19,21 |
| 141:12 142:7,9 | render 132:14 | 86:19 102:10 | retain 101:24 | 55:15,21 56:2 | 142:5,10,13,22 | 122:10 127:8 |
| rehabilitation | reorganised 1:18 | 111:23 123:5 | retract 136:14 | 56:13,22 57:2 | 143:4,9,15 | 130:14 131:5 |
| 98:2 | repaid 130:21 | 124:18 126:16 | return 45:4 | 57:8,10,15,20 | 147:14,19 | 133:13,19 |
| reinforced 3:13 | repay $118: 11$ | 128:14,24 | 119:5 155:22 | 58:20 59:2,7 | 148:6,9 149:12 | 138:4,15 |
| reinforces 87:14 | 119:12 | 130:17 131:11 | 155:24 | 59:16,19,23 | 149:14,16 | 141:18 142:2 |


| 146:13,14 | run 114:4 | 144:15,15,16 | 85:8 92:9 | 69:2 70:18 | showed 151:20 | 140:14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 149:2 150:13 | running 79:13 | 144:21,22,23 | 93:12 97:10,24 | 72:11,12,21,25 | showing 135:25 | sixth 141:15 |
| 152:5,24 | 167:5 | 145:8,16,17 | 105:24 108:22 | 73:13,24 99:9 | shown 76:2 | Sixthly 79:18 |
| 157:14 159:2 | runs 145:19 | 146:4 | 110:15 111:4,4 | 111:11 163:21 | shows 27:23 | skipped 152:1 |
| 164:11,21,24 | 146:5,9 | schooled 93:21 | 111:24,25 | 163:22,25 | shrink 88:21 | Sky 96:6,11 |
| 166:1,3 167:14 |  | scope 41:1 | 112:22 114:16 | 164:4,8,16 | 89:17 110:20 | slight 64:5 |
| 173:8,14 | S | se $1: 2530: 1$ | 115:14 118:1 | 165:9 166:17 | side 71:6 103:17 | slightly 70:1 |
| 174:16 | sanctioned 83:24 | 35:22 41:19 | 122:10 123:14 | 167:7,10,14 | 127:16 | 74:2 80:6,13 |
| rightly 66:17 | satisfaction | 42:4 44:8 66:2 | 123:21,25 | 168:5,5,7 | Sigma 95:23 | 115:8 133:12 |
| 136:5 145:5 | 101:5 116:15 | 66:12,23 | 126:17 130:11 | 169:14,16 | significance | 133:14 140:8 |
| rights 4:13,14,15 | satisfied 6:24 | searches 74:14 | 134:20,21 | 170:9,11,17 | 98:19 134:7 | 145:24 148:21 |
| 4:16,17,17 6:6 | 7:16 21:9,10 | second 1:23 9:22 | 152:10,18 | 171:12,14,15 | significant 10:1 | 156:8 164:10 |
| 6:6 9:7 18:9,9 | 66:13,14 | 13:19 44:6 | 153:5,7,8 | 172:23 173:4,5 | 17:8 41:24 | 173:5 |
| 19:9 21:6 28:2 | 115:20 116:3 | 75:22 77:1 | 155:3 159:8,24 | 173:7,20 | significantly | slot 65:13,14 |
| 28:6 36:11 | 117:4 118:12 | 107:7 140:17 | 167:4 169:25 | 174:12,21 | 3:23 10:7,14 | small 34:12 |
| 135:7 143:13 | satisfy 117:14 | secondary 68:21 | 174:18 | setting 173:11 | 17:11,13,23 | 41:21 43:7 |
| 151:4 152:12 | 149:21 | 69:9 94:7 | seeing 41:2 | set-off 6:21,22 | 20:4 23:20 | 89:13 150:3 |
| 153:13 161:12 | satisfying 147:2 | 159:22 | 53:14 67:17 | 20:13 | 52:13 | sole 46:24 |
| right-hand | save 64:11 65:18 | secondly $32: 8$ | seek 34:21 82:16 | severally 108:25 | silence 30:25 | solution 32:25 |
| 152:15 | 84:12 | 38:14 77:20 | seeking 16:19 | shades 122:5 | similar 4:20 9:22 | 33:2 172:20 |
| rise 15:24 133:22 | saw 6:9 36:1 | 97:6 106:11 | 54:3 76:6 | share 34:5,5,6 | 32:5 94:11 | solvency 5:8,10 |
| risk 18:6 | 152:14 | 137:6 | 132:18 135:3,6 | 45:23,25 46:1 | 135:8 | 53:3,20 63:1 |
| robbing 29:25 | saying 14:2 | section 2:6 3:15 | 155:14 | 46:4,12,13 | Simms 93:22,22 | 64:3 111:15 |
| Roney 96:6,11 | 16:15 18:25 | 3:16,18 4:19 | seeks 10:15 | 47:3 48:11,19 | simple 8:24 | 114:23,24 |
| room 163:22 | 24:6 25:20 | 5:7,9,13,23 6:8 | 38:17 82:10 | 50:11 | 19:16 45:15 | solvent 4:15,18 |
| ropes 156:8 | 26:8 27:16 | 8:8 11:13 32:8 | seen 3:7 36:13 | shared 33:21 | 65:16 66:25 | 6:7 11:20 |
| rose 136:17 | 36:20 37:2 | 33:21 36:1 | 48:9 75:15 | 45:1 | 67:1 115:25 | 31:20,23,25 |
| round 46:2,3 | 44:25 48:8 | 37:10,14 38:16 | 80:4,9 82:9 | shareholder | 121:20 158:9 | 36:15 37:24 |
| roundabouts | 61:19 63:12 | 52:21 53:11,24 | 92:21 94:16 | 46:24 | simplicity 157:1 | 53:2,9,18 54:8 |
| 9:24 145:12 | 67:11,18 80:13 | 54:5,10 57:23 | 107:10 123:24 | shareholders | 157:15 158:9 | 55:3,11 56:3 |
| 160:2 | 80:22 87:6 | 59:15 60:24,25 | 155:19 | 125:1 131:3 | simply $12: 24$ | 56:11,25 61:2 |
| route 41:22,22 | 88:1,15 93:23 | 63:13,14 66:22 | sees 4:21 5:23 | 152:22,24 | 29:24 30:7 | 61:4 62:10,16 |
| rule 3:14,15,18 | 105:17 106:8 | 66:25 67:2 | 72:6 73:15 | 153:14,18 | 41:25 49:9 | 62:22 63:1 |
| 7:11 11:23 | 109:22 132:7,9 | 70:4,12 71:18 | 75:8 91:8,19 | shareholding | 86:12 90:12 | 101:15 104:3,6 |
| 12:2,3 36:6 | 133:12 155:4,5 | 71:20,25 72:3 | 91:20 97:17 | 43:11 | 100:24 102:3 | 104:6,20 |
| 44:17 49:22 | 170:20 173:4 | 73:23,23,25 | 101:2 103:13 | shareholdings | 105:19 109:20 | 111:16,20 |
| 63:6,11 64:10 | says 7:11 13:6,7 | 75:6,22 92:16 | 111:15 127:25 | 37:24 | 110:4,16 | 114:11 119:3 |
| 66:16 70:13,13 | 15:12 16:22,25 | 106:9 109:10 | 138:21 152:7 | shares 34:7,9,10 | 117:16 127:15 | somebody 74:12 |
| 75:23 76:1 | 24:10 28:12 | 112:4 122:20 | 160:24 | 36:16 45:8,10 | 132:11 135:5 | 110:22 |
| 77:1,8,10 | 29:23 32:24 | 143:3,6,7 | Selwyn 3:8 | 45:11 47:20 | 135:25 148:23 | sooner 135:21 |
| 82:18 99:8,16 | 36:6 54:16 | 144:8 145:21 | senior 53:7 54:7 | 151:16 152:17 | 151:15 156:3 | sorry 5:4 6:21 |
| 99:16 111:1 | 65:22 66:6 | 147:16 148:17 | 55:4 57:3,11 | 152:20,25 | 160:17 | 12:11 16:10,12 |
| 122:19 139:16 | 75:3 84:10 | 149:24 150:25 | 57:19 60:4 | 153:11 | single 27:25 34:5 | 25:18 27:11 |
| 139:17,24 | 85:6 89:12 | 151:3 152:7 | 61:11,11,22 | sheet 71:3 111:7 | 37:19 45:9 | 34:14 37:14 |
| 148:14,17 | 107:22 110:22 | 155:10 164:17 | 63:2 67:7 | 111:22 149:5 | sit 52:16 | 48:17 53:14 |
| 163:4,19,23 | 123:19 128:7 | 165:7 168:2 | 91:15,19 | 152:2 | site 80:22 | 55:8,21 57:9 |
| 164:7,14,23 | 141:24 144:4 | 169:20 170:5 | 134:12 | shoes 78:14 | sits 2:22 | 59:2 61:21,24 |
| 165:1,2,15,18 | 163:25 173:6 | 171:9 | sense 94:11 | short 1:21 2:17 | sitting 43:13 | 62:25 63:13 |
| 165:21 166:20 | scenario 161:18 | sections 12:25 | 112:5 128:6,15 | 6:5 11:15 | situation 8:18 | 72:14,15 90:25 |
| 168:4 170:8 | scenarios 121:3 | see 3:20 4:14 7:4 | 136:10 150:1 | 26:18 65:8 | 9:9 13:12 | 108:16 120:9 |
| 171:1,4,12 | 169:1 | 8:5 9:5 14:17 | 167:8,14 | 66:2 75:20 | 14:10 28:22 | 125:21 128:3 |
| 174:3,9,10,11 | sceptical 162:23 | 16:18 20:12,25 | sentence 4:22 | 81:22 88:6 | 37:6 40:19 | 168:8 |
| 174:17,19,25 | scheme 2:18,20 | 21:13 22:6 | 81:21 | 91:2 95:22 | 41:14 44:7 | sort 33:9 43:16 |
| ruled 127:21 | 7:14,22,24 | 23:4,5 25:20 | separate 40:1 | 96:16,20 | 55:19 56:8,15 | 45:21 86:13,20 |
| rules 2:5 11:21 | 8:10,11,15,18 | 26:23 33:4,5 | 148:9 | 119:25 133:24 | 57:6,10 58:6 | 86:20,24 87:9 |
| 30:22,25 31:1 | 8:24 9:16,19 | 37:21 38:22 | separately 62:6 | 135:4 137:20 | 72:19 89:25 | 88:15 93:21 |
| 84:20 100:7 | 10:5,17 18:8 | 40:13,22,25 | 67:21 139:17 | 157:1 | 93:1 97:4 | 94:10 108:8 |
| 105:15 106:1 | 19:7 26:20 | 41:10 42:16 | 144:9 | shortfall 48:11 | 107:1 118:9 | 109:23 111:7 |
| 123:8,11 | 77:24 79:14 | 45:16 47:1,22 | sequestration | 49:11 58:3 | 120:1 127:19 | 111:22 112:2 |
| 124:19 129:9 | 88:9 89:10,11 | 51:9,15 52:15 | 98:1 | shorthand 64:25 | 147:13 157:17 | 112:15 113:9 |
| 129:17 133:5 | 94:8,10 96:23 | 54:14 56:15 | series 59:19 | 133:18 | 158:19,21 | 118:25 120:18 |
| 143:20 146:13 | 97:2 99:3 | 60:2,9 64:14 | serious 113:18 | shortly 33:23 | 159:11 161:10 | 122:6 123:24 |
| 158:15 160:21 | 105:3 108:5 | 64:19 67:12 | set 11:9 34:3 | 44:12 52:2 | 161:19 171:22 | 133:2 146:6 |
| 163:12,20,22 | 126:2,10,21 | 71:19 72:1,17 | 57:23 66:3 | 62:6115:2 | situations 157:7 | 157:16 159:1 |
| 174:12,21 | 127:6 128:18 | 75:3 79:4 80:1 | 68:1,2,12,21 | show 67:4 85:18 | 162:14 | 161:25 162:13 |
| rump 150:11 | 129:22 140:19 | 82:6 84:6,11 | 68:22,24,24 | 107:23 153:2 | six 77:13 97:24 | 167:18 173:18 |


| sorts 172:17 | statute 7:18 | 76:3 91:14 | 144:1 149:18 | 101:24 104:1,8 | 100:4,11 | 69:17 75:17,19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sought 57:22 | 12:23 19:9 | stuff 170:19 | 151:8,9,13 | 104:22 111:14 | 101:15 103:22 | 81:24 82:3,5 |
| 140:9,10 | 81:14 89:11 | subject 33:4 36:9 | 155:25 156:1 | 116:7 118:11 | 104:13,19,23 | 98:9 114:5 |
| sound 47:17,25 | statutorily | 38:2 41:6 | 159:20 160:9 | 118:22 119:6 | 105:6,13,14,21 | 125:12,20 |
| sounds 33:10,11 | 110:22 | 45:13 98:4 | 163:10,13 | 119:13,16,18 | 105:25 106:6 | 127:7 136:19 |
| 47:16 145:12 | statutory 2:18 | 135:12,13 | 165:7 167:3 | 121:9,11 123:2 | 106:20 107:3 | 140:12 |
| 173:14 | 2:23 3:13,20 | 165:11 | 174:14 176:3,4 | 123:11,16 | 107:10,12,18 | support 3:11 |
| so-called 153:24 | 6:3,14 7:5,8,14 | submission | submit 2:17 3:5 | 124:11,20,21 | 114:19 115:22 | 46:15 47:14 |
| speak 9:23 10:16 | 7:22,24 8:10 | 10:16,19 18:22 | 3:20 5:3,5 6:7 | 125:15 126:14 | 116:21 117:16 | 65:22 123:18 |
| 13:1,9,17 | 8:11,15,17,19 | 18:24,25 19:2 | 11:9 31:25 | 128:11 129:3,5 | 130:13 135:9 | 126:7 139:2 |
| 19:23 24:13 | 8:24 9:16,19 | 27:20 35:2,3 | 37:8 42:20 | 129:24 134:25 | 137:20 138:9 | supported 47:11 |
| 32:10,19 36:21 | 10:4,6,17 | 35:17 37:17 | 53:20 55:6 | 136:7,10 140:3 | 142:4 163:14 | supportive |
| 37:2 41:22 | 17:25 18:7 | 41:25 42:3,14 | 67:24 73:12 | 142:2 163:15 | 170:18 171:2 | 129:20 |
| 42:2,6,25 44:2 | 19:7,18,21 | 42:15 43:20 | 74:20 78:5 | 165:25 166:4,5 | 171:18 | supports 123:6 |
| 44:7 47:3 | 20:3,16 26:20 | 44:1 46:18 | 79:18 83:22 | 166:7,8 168:19 | sub-debts 104:1 | suppose $28: 11$ |
| 48:14 49:3,24 | 26:21 60:16 | 54:3 56:9 | 85:11,12 86:8 | 170:17 171:17 | sub-let 165:17 | 117:7 120:19 |
| 65:1 142:17 | 61:18 76:8 | 65:16 66:18 | 87:8 90:12 | subordinates | sub-liabilities | 131:1 |
| speaks 78:12 | 77:16,24 79:2 | 68:7 78:12 | 92:14,17 97:21 | 90:13 | 134:12 | supposed 145:21 |
| specific 114:24 | 80:7,23 81:6 | 85:15 86:9,20 | 98:6,20,21,22 | subordinating | sub-paragraph | supposing |
| 114:25 123:15 | 84:19,21,22 | 89:16 96:22 | 99:1 100:4 | 105:14,24 | 55:2 101:12 | 118:10 |
| 157:24 158:15 | 85:2 87:18,21 | 98:7 102:11,12 | 101:13,17,17 | subordination | sub-point 99:21 | Supreme 95:23 |
| specifically | 87:25 88:3,9 | 102:17 110:14 | 102:12 103:3 | 58:16 59:1 | 99:22 | 120:19 |
| 131:25 | 89:11 94:4 | 111:23 114:13 | 104:12,20 | 63:25 68:8 | sub-points 133:2 | sure 15:3 18:12 |
| spectacles 40:13 | 97:2 99:3,14 | 115:1 117:25 | 107:15,23 | 76:22 77:3 | sub-rule 105:8 | 18:23 22:24 |
| spectrum 121:24 | 104:17 105:9 | 122:8 123:5,12 | 108:2,12 | 78:15 79:22 | 106:8 109:4 | 26:3 27:5 |
| 121:25 | 105:13,14,15 | 123:12 124:18 | 109:17 112:3 | 82:12,17 85:2 | 148:18 149:24 | 32:14 53:14 |
| speculation | 105:22,25 | 125:25 126:17 | 112:18 113:22 | 85:19 86:5,9 | 158:13 159:4 | 73:17 113:1 |
| 162:19 | 106:1,7,8,20 | 127:17,20 | 122:21 126:3,9 | 86:13,23,24,24 | sub-sub-points | 116:9 120:5 |
| speech 94:2 | 106:22 107:3,5 | 128:14,21,24 | 126:24 130:16 | 87:1,17 97:5 | 141:24 | 143:6 157:20 |
| spending 91:11 | 107:12 108:5 | 130:17 131:4,8 | 133:4,7 135:25 | 98:12 101:2 | sub-sub-textual | 167:9 169:15 |
| split 40:24 66:2 | 108:13 110:6 | 131:10,12 | 137:2 141:1,14 | 108:10,11 | 140:23 | surely 57:15 |
| spotted 73:18 | 114:18 115:13 | 137:4,10,14 | 141:19 143:22 | 111:13 113:21 | successions 6:3 | surplus 4:12,12 |
| square $81: 3$ | 115:14,23 | 138:14 140:21 | 146:10,14,22 | 114:3 122:4 | suffer 24:13 | 6:19,20 7:19 |
| stage 17:17 | 116:20 117:18 | 144:5,7,14 | 147:5,22 | 129:9 131:25 | suffered 11:4,6 | 8:19 9:9,12 |
| 70:16 98:18 | 117:20 121:14 | 145:15 148:15 | 148:13,19,23 | 132:13 134:11 | sufficient 118:22 | 10:13 22:20 |
| 112:6,9,9 | 124:16,24,25 | 148:21 150:5,7 | 149:22 150:18 | 135:7 137:5,8 | 119:7 143:11 | 28:5 32:4 49:4 |
| 114:1,4 116:14 | 125:14 126:2,2 | 150:25 154:5 | 150:21 153:17 | 137:8,13 | 171:24 172:4,5 | 84:23 87:22 |
| 150:2,2 157:8 | 126:10,13 | 156:10 157:9 | 154:16,18 | 148:10 165:20 | suggest 7:13 | 99:5,6,11,18 |
| 157:9 158:22 | 137:5,23,23 | submissions 1:3 | 155:9,11 156:2 | 171:4 | 76:6 89:6 | 104:17 105:16 |
| 163:10 166:25 | 140:5 144:7 | 2:11,12,13,16 | 159:6 160:4 | subsequent | 101:8 141:17 | 106:2 109:7,12 |
| 169:3 | 146:23 148:3,6 | 27:9,14 32:2,9 | 161:9 163:17 | 11:21 130:8,9 | 156:22 | 109:14,19 |
| stages 141:9 | 149:19 151:1 | 33:4,5,7 42:11 | 164:13,22 | 131:24 132:13 | suggested 16:6 | 110:18,19 |
| stand 67:17 | 153:24 157:7 | 45:18 48:2 | 165:9 173:1 | 161:8 | 36:16 | 111:3,5,6,25 |
| 78:14 | 159:6 161:12 | 51:14,19,21 | 174:10 | subsequen | suggesting 25:1 | 112:10,10,13 |
| standard 53:2 | staying 138:19 | 52:3 65:11 | submitted 67:19 | 27:3 102:22 | 127:18 132:16 | 112:17 113:19 |
| 87:6,9 107:2 | steps 115:24 | 66:4 69:17,18 | 73:19 | substance 3:25 | suggestion 16:16 | 113:20 114:1,1 |
| 127:24 128:8 | 117:3 136:1 | 70:3 73:11,13 | submitting | 160:6 | 147:11 | 115:18 116:17 |
| 128:25 131:7 | 146:14 | 75:17,18,19 | 55:17 135:5 | substantial | suggests 29:21 | 117:12,17 |
| 131:20 132:20 | sterling 15:18,20 | 76:3 78:8,9 | 136:1 | 43:23 | sum 135:21 | 146:25 147:24 |
| 132:21 167:7 | 16:2,3,3 19:16 | 80:12,15 81:4 | subordinate | substantivel | 174:1 | 149:2,4,8,18 |
| standing 112:8 | 19:17 22:18 | 81:8,24 82:3,5 | 63:18 77:15 | 89:10 | summarise | 150:3,6,9,10 |
| 127:8 | 23:17,22 24:21 | 82:10 85:14 | 81:6 86:22 | substratum 89:3 | 163:9 | 150:13,16 |
| stands 141:24 | 28:15 29:2,3 | 92:17,20 95:4 | 107:3,12 | 89:3,4 | summary 33:3 | 152:13 158:12 |
| start 102:21 | 30:8 45:23 | 98:10,18 | 112:20 128:10 | sub-debt 52:22 | 139:22 163:17 | 158:22 159:3,9 |
| 103:8,25 | 46:1,4 145:7 | 100:16 101:11 | 142:8 | 53:10,25 54:1 | 165:13 167:2,3 | 159:12,13,13 |
| 116:25 163:25 | stir 86:19,20,20 | 103:12 109:3 | subordinated | 54:4 56:12 | 174:8 | 159:14 161:6 |
| 175:1,3,5 | stop 28:2 | 109:25 110:14 | 12:17 55:13 | 57:7,23,25 | sums 28:14 62:5 | 161:15,24 |
| starting 104:4 | straightforward | 114:6,8 115:6 | 60:5,6,20 | 58:10,13,15,17 | 92:11 108:23 | 162:8 166:6 |
| 157:21 | 28:11 | 125:3,8,12 | 61:19 62:2 | 58:22 59:14,25 | 110:2,3 125:1 | 168:20 |
| starts 13:24 | strain 160:4 | 127:7 136:18 | 63:8,15,19 | 60:1 66:25 | 135:21 143:18 | surprised 78:7 |
| 154:19 | strenuously | 137:18 138:7 | 68:8 78:17 | 68:6 69:7 70:5 | supervising 37:7 | surprising 78:13 |
| state 18:4 60:3 | 106:23 | 138:23 139:12 | 79:2 80:5,23 | 75:21 76:5,16 | supervision 38:3 | 83:18 87:8 |
| 114:10 136:6 | stress 136:4 | 139:14 140:12 | 83:13 84:17 | 76:22 77:4,5 | supplemental | 106:24 119:5 |
| statement 149:7 | striking 76:12 | 140:13,16 | 86:2 88:2 | 77:11 78:6,17 | 2:11 42:11 | 121:21 137:10 |
| statements 88:15 | 95:10 137:12 | 142:6,20 143:1 | 91:16,21,22 | 79:1,21,23 | 51:14,19,21 | 141:11 157:4 |
| states 37:11 | structure 69:19 | 143:17,25 | 92:5 97:19 | 90:13 99:24,25 | 52:3 66:4 | survive 9:20 |


| survived 7:16 | terms 22:3,4 | 162:20 167:15 | 70:7,11,15,22 | 157:1,12,14,21 | 108:9 113:23 | unkeen 78:8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| survives 1:23 | 26:24 34:9,12 | 167:20,21 | 71:11,18,23 | 158:3,9,17,20 | 114:17 147:21 | unlimited 54:20 |
| suspect 172:11 | 40:5,6,9 44:25 | 168:12,21 | 72:3,8,15,18 | 158:25 159:10 | 150:23 156:21 | 55:23 72:9,11 |
| swap 65:4 | 48:10 50:7 | 170:1 171:25 | 72:21 73:5,11 | 159:15,17,22 | trying 73:8 | 72:18,21 |
| swings 9:24 | 54:4 62:15 | 172:16 | 73:17,22 74:5 | 160:2,18,23 | 83:23 84:15 | unquote $143: 19$ |
| 145:11 160:2 | 69:15 99:23 | thinking 155:2 | 74:9,20 75:17 | 161:18 162:2 | 111:11 131:5 | 161:15 |
| system 158:1,5 | 101:25 103:19 | 162:24 174:15 | 77:10,13 80:17 | 162:25 163:4,6 | 139:18 145:19 | unrealistic 93:18 |
|  | 170:18 171:18 | third 1:24 101:3 | 80:20 81:3,12 | 163:8,12 164:3 | 154:25 159:1 | unsatisfied |
| T | 175:7 | 134:19 141:5 | 82:22,25 83:4 | 164:7,10,12,22 | 168:25 | 22:10 |
| T 146:12 147:13 | terrible 160:13 | 152:16 153:4 | 83:8,18 84:5 | 166:3,5,11,14 | tucked 141:22 | unsecured 58:5 |
| tab 1:13 4:3 | terribly 74:11 | thirdly 77:24 | 85:6,11,22,25 | 166:18,21,23 | Tuesday 100:15 | 58:8,24 59:24 |
| 30:21 46:21,22 | text 140:11 | 106:12 123:18 | 86:3,7 87:13 | 167:2,5,14,18 | turn 4:3 72:9,18 | 60:1 68:9,10 |
| 82:23 93:9 | textual 94:22 | thoroughly | 87:23 88:5,8 | 167:20,23 | 76:4 87:15 | 78:18 80:5,24 |
| 95:8 | thank 1:11,19 | 65:25 66:19,24 | 88:19,25 89:21 | 168:12,16,24 | 92:24 94:24 | 81:16 83:15 |
| tailcoat 64:11 | 5:25 6:1 33:18 | 67:14 | 89:24 90:4,11 | 169:5,8,13,17 | turning 4:7 | 84:14 89:23 |
| tails 18:11 | 42:8 46:16 | thought 9:18 | 90:21 91:4,8 | 169:20,22 | turns 72:8 | 90:13,16 |
| take 6:12,13 7:5 | 64:22,23 65:6 | 19:12 27:1 | 91:19 93:4,6,8 | 170:1,4,12,14 | 151:22 153:2 | 100:13 102:22 |
| 10:16,18 11:18 | 72:17 73:4 | 39:25 49:22 | 93:13,15,25 | 170:17,22,24 | two 6:12,13 32:7 | 103:23 104:14 |
| 17:17 19:15,16 | 81:11 93:14 | 50:14 53:24 | 94:2,13 95:12 | 171:21 172:1,7 | 35:1,22 36:15 | 107:19 124:23 |
| 19:16 20:25 | 96:13 103:14 | 63:5 88:13 | 95:21 96:5,8 | 172:11,16,22 | 39:10 40:24 | 134:22 137:9 |
| 22:1 23:9 | 125:7 133:9 | 90:5 120:10 | 96:19,20 97:1 | 173:16,22,25 | 48:20 49:6 | 140:2 161:23 |
| 33:22 37:11 | 136:21 149:16 | 124:8 132:22 | 97:13,15 99:14 | 174:8,24 175:4 | 65:4,21,23 | 163:16 169:23 |
| 43:5 44:11 | 175:6,10,12 | 160:19,20,20 | 99:21 100:15 | 175:7,12 176:4 | 67:22 70:2 | 170:6 |
| 46:18 48:3 | theirs 43:1 | 160:24 161:18 | 100:21 101:21 | Trace's 52:3 | 72:4 76:20 | unsubordinated |
| 50:4,9 53:13 | thereon 92:1 | 162:3,25 163:8 | 102:15 103:7 | traditional 68:24 | 84:10 96:8 | 59:4 67:23 |
| 55:23 64:24 | thing 11:15 | 174:15 | 103:11,15 | trajectory | 105:7 109:10 | 69:8 76:15,19 |
| 65:5 69:21 | 48:16 70:8 | thread 146:9 | 105:1,3 108:17 | 162:13 | 116:5 119:5 | 77:5,11 90:14 |
| 71:12 75:2 | 86:23 102:24 | three 1:20 23:7 | 108:19 110:9 | transcript 78:24 | 121:3 134:2 | 100:13 102:23 |
| 85:11 92:15 | 107:4 113:12 | 29:24 71:24 | 113:2,6,9,14 | 102:6 170:22 | 138:24 144:2 | 103:24 104:14 |
| 93:20 102:15 | 145:20 147:20 | 76:25 77:21,22 | 113:16,18 | transcripts | 152:1 156:15 | 107:19 117:8 |
| 113:14 118:3 | 156:12,13,15 | 119:6 | 114:22 116:12 | 114:7 | 159:23 169:1 | 139:25 168:7 |
| 118:20 123:7 | 156:18 158:14 | thrust 98:2 | 116:16,19 | transition 162:4 | 173:18 | 168:17 170:12 |
| 134:10,10 | 160:13 | Thursday | 117:1,10,13,16 | treated 56:11 | type 144:11 | 170:14,16 |
| 136:1 142:7 | things 36:18 | 149:10 154:10 | 117:21,25 | treating 139:18 | typically 129:15 | 171:16,20 |
| 151:22 155:16 | 40:13 79:12 | tier 119:5,6 | 118:4,8,15,23 | treatment |  | 172:4 |
| 155:17 156:5 | 89:6 101:4 | tiers 144:19 | 118:25 119:8 | 147:23 | U | untouched 2:8 |
| taken 37:8 38:1 | 111:13 132:10 | ties 80:1 | 119:14,19,23 | trespass 142:11 | ultimate 40:11 | unusual 85:13 |
| 44:15,18 45:17 | 132:24 138:24 | time 17:8 22:16 | 119:25 120:6 | tried 141:21 | ultimately $48: 24$ | 158:18 |
| 45:19 51:20 | 141:22 145:23 | 22:23 25:12,17 | 120:10,23 | trigger 84:22 | 49:2,8 | upholding 85:19 |
| 75:25 114:3 | 156:15 160:3 | 47:4 70:11 | 121:16 122:11 | trio 130:2 146:19 | unable 37:18 | upside 15:7 |
| 121:5,13 | 165:18 | 90:25 91:2,11 | 122:13,18 | trouble 40:7 | underlying 2:7 | upward 162:12 |
| takes 68:24 | think 1:13 5:11 | 97:3 103:23 | 124:6 125:8,10 | troubled 96:10 | 145:17 157:18 | urge 94:20 98:7 |
| 70:11 119:1 | 5:14,15,16 | 111:16 120:12 | 125:19,22,25 | 134:3 | undermines 85:1 | 100:21 106:23 |
| talk 72:24 75:13 | 6:23 7:13 9:1 | 133:20 156:9 | 128:2,4 129:7 | Trower 6:12 | underpinning | 141:15 |
| 86:15 127:24 | 14:25 15:4 | 159:14 175:9 | 129:11,18 | 15:12 18:23 | 145:8 | urging 94:17 |
| 131:17 | 18:18 20:20 | times 4:4 92:22 | 130:1,9,12,23 | 51:24 63:11 | understand 25:8 | use 5:9 40:14 |
| talking 15:5 | 21:15 23:1,4 | timetable 113:6 | 131:1,4,17,20 | 66:6 74:6 | 36:20 48:21 | 58:11 99:5 |
| 54:20 61:10 | 29:21 31:9 | timing 175:7 | 132:2,7,16,18 | 78:20,20 79:12 | 53:15 89:6 | 131:24 149:23 |
| 111:3 126:18 | 33:6 34:19 | tiny 69:4,5 | 133:10 134:1,2 | 87:16 93:3,4 | 113:23 114:13 | useful 10:20 |
| talks 5:21 123:4 | 35:20 43:14 | told 175:7 | 134:6,19,24 | 100:15 103:5 | 115:11 116:1 | 145:16 |
| 123:13,22 | 49:18 51:2,6 | top 71:3,20 | 135:2,12 136:4 | 105:10 113:3 | 121:10 150:24 | uses 95:12 |
| 124:9,9,10,12 | 59:20 63:4 | 72:15 83:5 | 136:12,16,20 | 116:24 117:22 | 158:7 167:11 | 133:15 151:3 |
| 124:12 129:14 | 64:6,15,24 | 84:8 92:10 | 136:22 138:4 | 142:14 150:19 | 167:22 | 167:18 173:5 |
| 134:10 | 65:5 74:10,12 | 111:10 125:22 | 138:12,19 | 153:21 155:15 | understanding | usual 163:2 |
| tanto 6:25 7:1 | 76:23 85:20 | 144:18 152:3 | 139:10,21 | 175:8 | 97:6 | usually 95:15 |
| taster 142:16,17 | 102:14,15 | topic 38:21 | 140:7 142:9,11 | Trower's 10:24 | understands | US\$1 28:12,13 |
| teams 65:4 | 113:3,4 118:23 | 163:6174:24 | 142:16,23 | 63:6 64:11 | 91:14 138:25 | US1 22:16 |
| telling 89:13 | 120:4 121:11 | tort 146:13 | 143:5,10,16 | 78:7 107:16 | 145:14 | utterly 139:8 |
| 102:11,11 | 121:23,25,25 | totally 147:5 | 147:15,20 | 139:14 | understood 27:8 |  |
| 141:10 | 122:11 127:15 | towel 90:23 | 148:8,12 | true 89:24,25 | 27:12 36:24 | V |
| template 131:24 | 131:23 132:3 | Trace 33:23 | 149:13,15,17 | 90:12 112:5 | 37:1 | v 47:24 63:11 |
| ten 3:4 34:11 | 132:24 136:4 | 45:17 48:1 | 151:25 152:5,9 | 168:5 | undisputed 79:7 | 93:22 |
| term 53:2,15 | 142:5 155:18 | 51:10,16,23,24 | 152:12,20 | truest 150:1 | undoubtedly | valid 153:14 |
| 98:2 | 157:18 158:11 | 52:164:14 | 153:8,10,16,20 | trust 82:13 86:5 | $86: 1$ | validly $48: 1$ |
| terminated | 158:19,21 | 65:1,10,11,12 | 154:9,13,16,23 | truth 155:13 | unfortunate | 81:14 |
| 134:13 | 159:1,23 | 69:12,15,21,24 | 156:16,21 | try 20:10 42:7 | 78:10 | valuation 168:6 |


| 171:13 | 140:3,5 141:19 | 4:24 13:24 | 57:21 58:21 | worth 15:21 | Zacaroli's 16:20 | 118 52:25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| valuations 69:1 | 142:3 144:19 | 17:14 25:7 | 59:6,14,17,22 | 67:17 77:2 | 24:9 25:9,24 | 12 12:8 64:13 |
| value 34:10 | 149:25 166:2 | 28:1 30:9 98:1 | 59:24 60:3,7 | 81:9 82:3,4,22 | 27:12 29:18 | 12.04 65:7 |
| 53:11 54:12 | way 9:8 10:4,20 | wish 7:3 42:13 | 60:10,13,18,22 | 90:17 91:10 | zero 53:12 54:13 | 12.12 65:9 |
| 61:1 145:6,7 | 13:5 17:5 21:3 | 46:14 70:22 | 60:25 61:7,13 | 101:18 105:4 | 61:1 67:5,7 | 12.3 11:23 |
| valued 170:10 | 21:5 24:14 | 128:10 162:16 | 61:16,23 62:1 | 105:17 109:13 |  | 143:20 |
| varies 82:17 | 27:8,24 29:12 | wishes 35:5 | 62:4,9,14,17 | 111:2 112:16 | \$ | 12.3(2) 12:19 |
| various 75:24 | 29:14 31:14 | wishing 20:1 | 62:19,22 63:3 | 127:22 133:17 | \$1 22:21,23 | 32:14,17,22 |
| 79:11 89:5,5 | 33:12 37:22 | 38:12 50:24 | 63:10,17,19,23 | 134:7,16 | 28:23,25 29:1 | 12.3(2)(a) 12:2,3 |
| 101:4 111:13 | 40:15 42:10,17 | Wolfson 1:3,4,5 | 64:1,4,7,10,21 | 138:19 143:5 | 29:1 34:5,6 | 12:9,13 32:14 |
| 132:24 136:24 | 43:22,24 46:2 | 1:13,20 2:2 5:5 | 64:23 65:20,22 | 158:10 162:2 | 61:8 | 32:17,21 |
| 140:18,19,20 | 46:3 48:14 | 5:12,15,19 6:1 | 67:19 68:23 | 170:20 174:14 | \$1,000 34:8 | 12.3(2)(a)(a) |
| 141:9 150:10 | 50:22 51:10 | 6:5,25 7:3,10 | 73:8 75:5,10 | worthless 43:18 | \$1.1 29:3 | 12:6 |
| varying 174:3 | 52:11,12 57:6 | 7:23 8:2,4,6,13 | 80:10 139:2,17 | worthwhile | \$100,000 28:17 | 12.3(2)(a)(c) |
| vein 120:16 | 57:7,11,25 | 8:16 9:1,4,8,15 | 145:5,10 149:9 | 146:11,18 | 29:6 | 12:7 |
| version 140:2,4 | 58:1 59:8 | 10:12 12:9,12 | 154:11 156:7 | wouldn't 7:17 | \$525 34:14 | 122 52:25 |
| vi 135:12 | 62:23 68:16,23 | 12:15,18,22 | 159:19 163:25 | 8:16 36:21 | \$900,000 28:16 | 124 34:3 |
| view 11:3 28:10 | 68:25 69:1 | 13:22 14:22,24 | 163:25 164:20 | 50:15 54:8 |  | 13 42:10 66:4 |
| 39:2 42:25 | 73:874:11 | 15:2,7,15,18 | 165:23 173:4,6 | 119:5 121:10 | 1 | $13.12143: 20$ |
| 43:3,19,21 | 80:9,13 86:22 | 15:20,23 16:2 | 176:3 | 155:6 | 1 1:8 13:23,24,25 | 148:14 |
| 133:5 | 87:5,16 94:14 | 16:6,10,12,14 | Wolfson's 65:2 | wriggles 146:7 | 14:1,2,3,4,7,8 | 133 34:3 |
| viewed 22:2,3,4 | 94:20,25 95:3 | 16:17,19 18:16 | 70:2 108:6 | wrinkles 146:7 | 14:9,16 15:10 | 136 44:23 |
| views 94:21 | 95:6 96:10 | 18:22 19:2,15 | wonderful 64:12 | writer 65:1 | 15:14,25 16:4 | 137 44:23,25 |
| Vinelock 83:25 | 100:4 103:8 | 19:23 20:1,8 | wondering 139:6 | 133:18 | 16:4 23:10,22 | $14 \text { 92:20,23 }$ |
| 84:6,16 88:17 | 108:1,2 110:1 | 20:11,23 21:2 | Wood 1:6,8,14 | writing 15:8 | 23:24 26:2,14 | 125:6 |
| 89:1890:5 | 110:5,23 112:1 | 21:5,10,13,17 | woolly 145:14 | 33:24 52:24 | 26:15 28:15,22 | 1403 83:6 |
| virtually 69:6 | 112:14 115:5,8 | 21:22 22:2,7 | word 5:9,23,24 | 90:22 91:9 | 28:23,24 29:1 | 1411H 85:4,5 |
| virtue 32:20 | 116:16 121:22 | 22:13 23:1,7 | 36:12 48:4 | written 44:13 | 29:2,4 34:5,6,9 | 1412 84:8 |
| 135:19 | 126:24 128:25 | 23:14,19 24:2 | 75:3 83:24 | 48:2 69:17 | 45:3,5 46:4 | 1412A 84:7 |
| vis-a-vis 14:1 | 130:14 135:6 | 24:7,18,23 | 95:13 99:5 | 95:4 101:11,23 | 101:12 118:11 | 144 44:13,21,22 |
| 17:15 26:1 | 135:24 141:18 | 25:1,5,11,14 | 105:7 112:17 | 115:6 143:1 | 118:13,20 | 47:14 |
| 38:14 44:4 | 141:19 142:2 | 25:19,24 26:1 | 120:11 126:7 | 149:17 151:8,9 | 176:3 | 15 1:1 52:2,8 |
| volume 11:25 | 145:11 146:5 | 26:5,11,16,18 | 147:24 149:2 | 154:5 | 1B 55:2 62:9 | 66:5 125:6 |
| 90:19 95:8 | 151:12 155:1 | 27:8,12,20 | 150:13 160:12 | wrong 15:1,4 | 1C 4:3 30:21 | 150 36:1 |
| volumes 78:12 | 157:3 160:5,7 | 28:18,21 29:1 | 173:5 | 26:23 29:12,14 | 82:23 95:8 | 150(2) 37:10,15 |
|  | 162:8,21 | 29:6,8,13,17 | wording 87:20 | 43:14 46:2 | 1D 93:9 | 151 149:11,13,14 |
| W | 164:10 165:1 | 29:22 30:3,6 | 104:7 109:17 | 65:19 68:19,20 | 1(b) 111:15 | 16 70:12 73:14 |
| wait $60: 8$ | 171:1,16 | 30:18 31:7,9 | 131:5 134:9 | 68:20 69:10 | 1.00 96:15 | 73:18 95:4 |
| waive $84: 118$ | 172:25 173:4,9 | 31:12,23 32:12 | words 4:10,24 | 80:14 90:8 | 1.25 76:17 | 162 154:23 |
| 85:8 | 173:10,12 | 32:17 33:8,11 | 31:19 40:14 | 98:21 102:12 | 1.254-odd | 163 154:13 |
| Walker 165:22 | ways 9:15 39:13 | 33:17,19 34:19 | 53:1 54:10 | 127:19 128:5 | 134:25 | 164 154:14 |
| 167:16 171:5 | 48:20 94:16 | 35:3,9,24 36:3 | 55:15 72:4,22 | 133:12 157:22 | 10 3:3 5:9,13,23 | 17 92:23 |
| Walker's 163:18 | weakness 150:22 | 36:6,20,24 | 73:179:19,20 |  | 6:20,21 34:19 | $18175: 15$ |
| want 46:18 67:5 | Wednesday | 37:1,5,15,17 | 79:20,24 84:14 | X | $50: 13,16,19$ | 1862 164:17 |
| 79:16 84:3 | 113:9 | 38:8,20,23 | 92:5,12 95:6 | X 22:20 23:18 | 51:8 117:9 | 1875 5:23 |
| 86:15 118:2,3 | weekend 120:14 | 39:4,8,11,19 | 95:16 96:2 | 127:2 166:9,13 | 10.30 1:2 175:14 | 189 2:6 3:15,16 |
| 120:4 142:4,11 | 159:24 162:21 | 39:22 40:5,9 | 105:7 108:22 | 166:15 | 100 36:16,22,25 | 189(2) 106:9 |
| wanted 30:14 | 163:9 175:11 | 41:8,12,18 | 109:13 110:1 |  | $49: 650: 4,9,10$ | 189.2 109:10 |
| 110:15 122:13 | weight 144:6 | 42:9,25 43:3 | 119:1 124:8 | Y | $50: 10,1451: 1$ | 112:4 122:20 |
| 159:17 | went 120:10 | 43:13 44:11,22 | 126:4,5 140:2 | Y 127:2 166:9,10 | 51:4 59:24 | $189.3 \text { 3:16,24 }$ |
| wanting 157:24 | West's 70:19 | 45:2,6,12,15 | 140:24 141:20 | 166:15 | $\text { 100p } 100: 12$ | $1892 \text { 147:16 }$ |
| wants $35: 18$ | 73:20 | 45:19,24 46:3 | 148:17 149:23 | years 22:12,16 | 100,000 29:18 | 148:17 149:24 |
| 83:21 93:9 | wet 90:23 | 46:6,9,14,17 | 152:22,25 | 22:23 | $101 \text { 71:18 72:3 }$ | 1902 71:9 151:21 |
| 125:5 151:6 | whichever 98:2 | 47:2,10,15,17 | work 23:5 27:24 | yesterday $1: 7,18$ | $164: 17$ | 152:14 |
| 154:6 157:25 | White's 71:16 | 47:20 48:3,7 | 79:5 108:9 | 2:6 6:10 9:23 | 102 154:4 | 1948 5:19 |
| 161:24 | wholly 31:20,23 | 48:18,22 49:2 | 113:21,24 | 9:24 11:24 | 103 1:13 | 197 134:16,17 |
| warning 85:13 | 31:25 37:13 | 49:24 50:7,19 | 145:21 147:21 | 154:10 165:23 | $104 \text { 93:9 156:1 }$ | 136:5,7 |
| wash 43:16 | wide 54:11 97:23 | 50:22 51:2,5,9 | 151:10 |  | 106 154:4 | 1986 98:16 |
| wasn't 57:8 | 114:9,22,23 | 51:13,18 52:2 | worked 34:13 | Z | 108 71:20 | 1997 34:6 |
| 107:6 132:13 | wider 52:5 94:6 | 52:5,8,12,16 | works 10:5 23:6 | Z 127:2 | 109 152:7 |  |
| 160:19 | widest 98:5 | 52:20,24 53:7 | 68:25 88:10 | Zacaroli 16:22 | $11 \text { 46:21,22 }$ | 2 |
| watching 163:1 | win 18:11 77:6 | 53:15,17,20,25 | 108:3 138:12 | 18:17 25:1 | 81:10 | 2 11:25 32:16 |
| waterfall 68:10 | winding $4: 11,25$ | 54:3,7,15,24 | 163:24 167:6 | 26:3 27:8 | $11.45 \text { 52:4 }$ | 34:7 52:21 |
| 76:14 90:17 | 72:5 83:14 | 55:1,10,14,17 | world 107:4 | $74: 10,14$ | 114 142:20 | $53: 1056: 21,24$ |
| 107:21 112:5,8 | 143:12 155:23 | 56:1,7,20,23 | worse 14:3 25:21 | 150:20 | 115 142:20 | $57: 1,22,24$ |
| 114:1 115:9 | winding-up 2:7 | 57:5,9,13,18 | 26:20 |  |  | $58: 1,6,9,15,17$ |

Merrill Corporation
(+44) 2074041400
www.merrillcorp.com/mls


