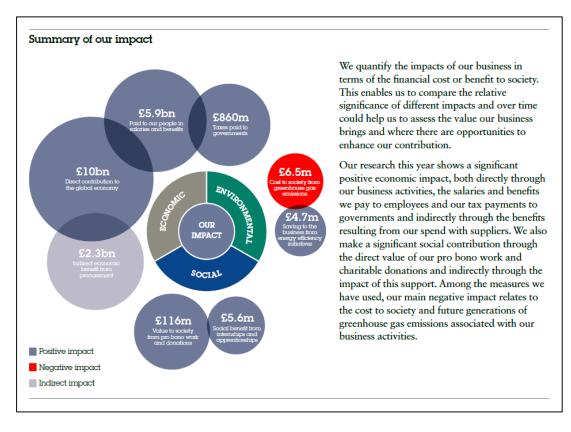
Good practices in sustainability reporting

Tip 4#: Balanced reporting

Private sector



WPP, Sustainability Report 2014-15, p14

later savings — MCM — 2.49		Early commissioning of innovative water recovery initiatives and implementation of water resource management plan have led to a water saving of 7.38 MCM	Water savings – 2.39 MCM
nergy savings – m GJ – 0.87		Internal benchmarking and technological process intervention have led to an energy savings of 0.92 million GJ	Energy savings – 0.88 MCM
eport on Scope 3 emissions disclosure y 2015–16		Subsidiary businesses established the systems and started reporting Scope 3 emissions internally	Report on Scope 3 emissions disclosure by 2015–16: Corporate to internally confirm the robustness of Scope 3 data
nitiation of high-risk Biodiversity Nanagement Plans (BMPs) across all sites		All our sites either have BMP in place or in preparation to meet our FY 2015–16 target	By 2015–16, all sites to have BMP in place
ontinue to monitor new projects and site osures as per the Sustainable Development ramework	V	All existing greenfield and brownfield projects at Zinc International, KCM and HZL subsidiaries are being managed as per Vedanta Sustainable Development Framework guidelines. Further, the Lisheen site closure plan has been put in place in compliance with the Framework.	Continue to monitor new projects and site closures as per the Sustainable Development Framewo
% increase in non-hazardous waste recycling onnage as compared to FY 2014	X	5.76 million MT of non-hazardous waste was recycled against the targeted 8 million MT.	Explore opportunities and areas to increase the fly ash utilisation rate
otal recycling tonnage – 8 million MT		The decrease in recycling is the result of increased generation and decreased utilisation of fly ash.	

Vedanta Resources, Sustainable Development Report 2014-15, p18

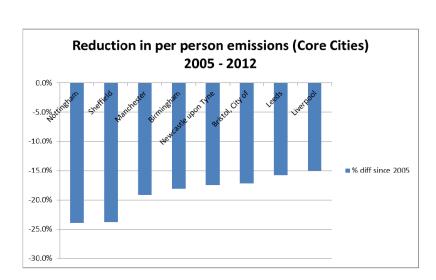
If you would like to discuss your sustainability reporting, please speak to your usual PwC contact, or email info@corporatereporting.com

PwC has a strong network of people who can advise on all aspects of your corporate reporting, as well as share our unique insight into the needs of the investment community.

Good practices in sustainability reporting

Tip 4#: Balanced reporting

Public sector



Nottingham City Council, Carbon Performance Plan 2014, p4

2.11 Nottingham performs very well when compared to other Core Cities. It has the lowest total carbon emissions of all Core Cities, and the second highest reduction since the baseline year of 2005. It has the highest level per capita CO₂ reductions of all the Core Cities. Using DECC future energy estimates it is projected that City CO₂ emissions will fall to 28% of the 2005 baseline by 2020.

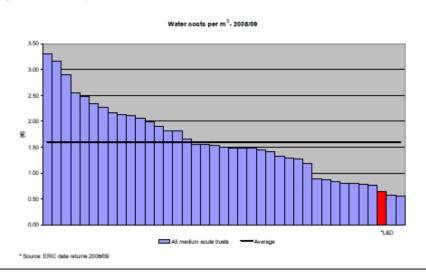
Background

In 2007/08, the NHS in England consumed an estimated 38.8 million cubic metres of water and generated approximately 26.3 million cubic metres of sewage at an approximate cost of £145 million ¹⁰. In addition, it has been estimated that over 10% of all water is lost through leakages once it has left the water suppliers infrastructure.

Local arrangements

In 2009/10, it is estimated that the Trust's consumption will be 110,000 cubic metres of water and roughly the same amount of sewage. The combined cost of water and sewage is estimated at approximately £140,000 per annum¹¹. For 2008/09, the cost per m³ equates to 63 pence, which is one of the lowest costs compared to other comparable trusts (see Figure 4 below).

Figure 4 - Water cost per m3 - 2008/09



Luton and Dunstable University Hospital, Sustainable Development Management Plan, p20

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