Determination of Client Money Entitlement: 1992/2002 ISDA MA without Credit Support

This paper summarises the approach taken with respect to potential Client Money entitlements of parties (each, a "Creditor") with whom LBIE had, prior to 07.56am 15 September, 2008, entered into an agreement on terms which are identical to, or sharing the same characteristics as, the Financial Contract, and for whom no Client Money had been segregated in relation to that contract. It assumes that sums paid to LBIE by the Creditor were paid pursuant to the terms of the Financial Contract.

Definitions

Financial Contract: 1992 or 2002 ISDA Master Agreement (English or New York Law).

Financial Contract Terms: Financial Contract entered into on standard form terms with the

addition of variables and elections within the Schedule but with no specific reference to 'client money' within the Financial Contract. The Financial Contract is not accompanied by any form of credit support whether by way of a Credit Support Annex to the ISDA Master Agreement, neither is the Creditor obliged to provide collateral for the Financial Contract under any other document.

Obligations: LBIE's obligations to pay/account for money under the Financial

Contract to the Creditor.

Client Money: Money which was client money as defined in the FSA rules (at the

Administration Time).

Client Money Claim: Any claim by the Creditor that it has an entitlement to a distribution

from the pre-administration Client Money pool constituted under the FSA rules, on the basis that it had a "client money entitlement" as at the Administration Time. This is a "contractual entitlement" and does not depend upon actual segregation of funds. In LBIE's view this means an individual client balance falling within paragraph 7 of CASS 7 Annex 1G ("ICB") and/or a client equity balance as defined in the FSA Rules ("CEB") which, in each case, fell within the scope of CASS 7.

Administration Time: 07.56am, London time, on 15 September, 2008.

Assessment of Client Money Claim

This paper summarises LBIE's view as to whether parties who have entered into a Financial Contract on the Financial Contract Terms have a Client Money Claim against LBIE pursuant to that contract.

Client Money Claim: No. It is however LBIE's view that a Client Money Claim generally

arises in relation to sums specifically segregated on behalf of a client by LBIE prior to the Administration Time and which remained so segregated at that time. There may however be some limited instances where a Client Money Claim is determined by LBIE not to arise notwithstanding segregation of sums. In such cases, the relevant clients will be contacted directly by LBIE to explain the rationale for such a determination.

Rationale:

Court Judgment; FSA Rules; Contract Terms/Facts.

Court Judgment:

The judgment given by the Supreme Court does not specifically address whether Obligations arising under the Financial Contract give rise to a Client Money Claim. The Court has confirmed that distribution of the client money pool is based on client money entitlement under Chapter 7 of the CASS Rules construed in accordance with the judgment. LBIE considers that this means that the client money entitlement is equal to ICB plus CEB (as defined above) (see paragraph 153 of the judgment).

Although not specifically addressed in the judgment, it is consistent with the judgment and it is LBIE's view that ICB and CEB only cover balances which were within the scope of the client money rules and hence would exclude any balances which were not client money, for example, due to the operation of title transfer collateral arrangements or to which the client money rules otherwise did not apply.

FSA Rules:

A transaction entered into pursuant the terms of the Financial Contract and in the absence of any related credit support documents or other obligation on the Creditor to post collateral would not be a margined transaction and would therefore fall outside the scope of the FSA rules relating to CEB. It is possible that in certain limited circumstances, balances may arise in connection with the Financial Contract that fall within the scope of ICB as described in paragraph 7 of CASS 7 Annex 1G. As this is not a common circumstance, individual Creditors whose positions may be affected by this will be contacted directly in this regard.

Contract Terms/Facts:

Consistent with the FSA rules, there are no references to 'client money' or the FSA rules with respect to Client Money within the Financial Contract Terms. There is therefore no express contractual provision under which LBIE promised to give Client Money protection to the Creditor. This is believed to be in line with market practice. It is LBIE's considered view that a court would not find the existence of any implied term to the contrary: no such term would be required in order to make the contract operate effectively, nor is there any market convention to the contrary.

On the assumption (as stated above) that no separate credit support documents were entered into in connection with the Financial

Contract, cash receipts from the Creditor under the Financial Contract were made in payment of the Creditor's debts due to LBIE pursuant to the Financial Contract.